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SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK
 1
    COUNTY OF KINGS: CRIMINAL TERM: PART 2
    THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK,
 3
                                                  Indictment No.:
                 -against-
                                                  6615/2012
                                                  (Trial)
 4
    ATARA WISDOM,
 5
                        Defendant.
 6
 7
                              Supreme Courthouse
                             320 Jay Street
 8
                             Brooklyn, New York 11201
                             June 26, 2014
 9
10
    BEFORE:
11
                   THE HONORABLE ALBERT TOMEI, JUSTICE
12
13
    APPEARANCES:
              HON. KENNETH P. THOMPSON, ESQ.
14
                   District Attorney - Kings County
15
                   350 Jay Street
                   Brooklyn, New York 11201
16
              BY: PHYLLIS CHU, ESQ.
                   Assistant District Attorney
17
18
              DAVID WALENSKY, ESQ.
                   Attorney for Defendant
                   910 Stuart Avenue
19
                   Mamaroneck, New York
20
              BY: DAVID WALENSKY, ESQ.

    and -

21
                   JOSHUA POVILL, ESQ.
22
23
24
                             MARLIN CASSIDY
25
                             Senior Court Reporter
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	(Whereupon, the following took place in open
2	court:)
3	THE CLERK: Your Honor, this is calendar
4	number one, case on trial, Indictment 6615 of 2012,
5	People versus Atara Wisdom. Defendant is incarcerated,
6	produced before the Court, present with attorney.
7	Appearances are the same.
8	THE COURT: All right, bring in the jury.
9	MR. POVILL: Your Honor, is it okay if I
10	approach the water?
11	THE COURT: Yes,
12	(Whereupon, there was a brief pause in the
13	proceedings.)
14	COURT OFFICER: Panel entering.
15	(Whereupon, the panel of prospective jurors
16	entered the courtroom.)
17	THE COURT: All the way down. Move all the
	way down, sir, all the way down.
18	
18 19	THE CLERK: All rise, please, and raise your
	THE CLERK: All rise, please, and raise your right hand.
19	<u> </u>
19 20	right hand.
19 20 21	right hand. Do you and each of you sincerely and solemnly
19 20 21 22	right hand. Do you and each of you sincerely and solemnly swear or affirm that you will answer truthfully all

(Whereupon, the prospective jurors responded.) 1 THE CLERK: Please be seated. 2 3 THE COURT: Good morning, ladies and I want to welcome you to Part 2 of the State gentlemen. 4 5 Supreme Court, the Criminal Term. I am Supreme Court Justice Albert Tomei and I will be presiding over the 6 case of the People of the State of New York against Ms. 7 Atara Wisdom. 8 Ms. Wisdom has been charged in an indictment 9 10 with the crime of murder in the second degree, which allegedly occurred on or between November 29th, 2011 and 11 January 3rd, 2012 inside of 832 Bushwick Avenue in the 12 Bushwick section of Brooklyn. 13 I would say now that that charge is merely an 14 allegation, an accusation. It is evidence of nothing. 15 A little later on I will explain to you exactly what an 16 17 indictment is. But before we proceed, what I would like to do 18 is introduce you to the principal parties involved in 19 20 this matter. First of all, I'd like to introduce you to the 21 defendant, Ms. Atara Wisdom. Would you please stand, 22 turn around and introduce yourself. 23 THE DEFENDANT: Hi everyone. 24 THE COURT: She's represented by her 25

Voir Dire attorneys, Mr. Joshua Povill and Mr. David Walensky. 1 MR. WALENSKY: Good morning, ladies and 2 3 gentlemen. THE COURT: And representing the District 4 5 Attorney of Kings County is Ms. Phyllis Chu, Assistant District Attorney. 6 MS. CHU: Good morning, ladies and gentlemen. 7 8 Good morning. 9 THE COURT: This process that we're going to engage in is called the voir dire, it's the jury 10 11 selection process, and it has a French name, voir dire, 12 which means to see them say. So, basically, what I'm 13 going to do, and the attorneys are going to do, is ask 14 you various questions regarding your background, 15 backgrounds, and your ability to be fair and impartial 16 in this matter. A lot of these questions are very personal in 17 nature. You should not be offended if we do ask these 18 19 questions because we're not asking them for a frivolous 20 It's very important that those who sit as jurors be free of any biases or prejudices and make 21 22 their decision solely on the evidence or lack of

> So, if you do not wish to reveal your answer to a particular question, or if you have something that

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24

25

evidence.

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you feel should not be made public, just let the Court know and you will be able to make your statement at the bench in the presence of the attorneys and myself.

The first part of the selection process, with respect to the first part of the selection process, I'm going to make a general inquiry of you jurors, which means that I'm going to ask you not to respond to my questions or statements unless I ask you to do so.

Okay.

I will tell you now that, first of all, I'd like to thank all of you for responding to jury service. Serving on a jury is, I believe, one of the hallmarks of citizenship and it's probably one of the most important civic activities that one can participate in and it's also a service which is highly prized in this country, and outside of military service it's probably the highest service that one can contribute to one's country.

I don't suffer excuses very easily or very gladly. If you have a legitimate reason why you cannot sit, then you will return to the Central Jury Room and become part of another panel.

I also will tell you that this process is very repetitious, it's extremely boring, but nevertheless it's probably one of the most important aspects of the

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whole trial procedure, so you have to listen very carefully to all of these questions that are being asked of the various jurors.

Also, we have a limited amount of time in which to speak to you ladies and gentlemen, so if there is something -- and of course you know yourselves better than we do -- so if there is something that would prevent you from sitting in this matter and we haven't touched on it, please let us know because once you are selected, it will be very difficult for the Court to proceed under those circumstances and I will not be a very happy camper. Okay?

Also, be aware that I know -- I've been doing this for close to thirty-six years, I've been a Judge, so I know every excuse known to man or woman, okay, except the one that you may give me today. So, please, if you think you're going to scoot out of here because it's inconvenient, that's not going to happen, okay.

I don't expect you to do so but I am just telling you, if it's legitimate, you will be excused; if not, you are going to remain.

I know you're all here at a great sacrifice because you only get what is it, \$40 a day now, something like that. At one time people used to get

only \$12 a day. But nevertheless, that's still not a 1 substantial amount of money for your service. 2 So what I am going to do is --3 Oh, what I am going to do right now --4 By the way, how many of you have actually 5 served on a jury before, criminal jury? 6 About -- a few of you, okay. So most of 7 8 you --Do any of you ladies and gentlemen know any of 9 the parties -- I asked them to introduce themselves to 10 11 you -- or anyone else in the courtroom? I see no hands, all right. 12 So this general inquiry will be limited to 13 questions that I will put to you. If I ask for a 14 15 response, give me one but otherwise don't. 16 All right. 17 Once I have concluded my general inquiry, then if you wish to make a statement, you may raise your 18 hand. 19 First of all, I'd like to know if any of you 20 ladies and gentlemen have any physical disabilities or 21 22 maladies that would prevent you from sitting for a period of up to an hour, an hour and fifteen minutes. 23 If after ten minutes you need a break, it's reasonable, 24 25 we'll take a break.

I would also like to know if any of you ladies and gentlemen are taking any medication or drugs that would prevent you from listening or cause you to be upset and distract you from the proceedings themselves.

And I will be perfectly honest, ladies and gentlemen, unless you're in horrible physical condition, I'm not going to excuse you. All right?

I would also like to know if any of you ladies and gentlemen have any difficulty hearing or seeing or communicating in the English language or understanding the English language. In order to be a juror you need not have any particular education. Basically what you need is just your common sense and your lifetime of experience. So, if you're eighteen years or older and you have common sense, you have no other issues, you would probably be able to sit on this jury.

Are there any --

Are there any individuals here in this group right now of potential jurors who do not understand the English language or have or has difficulty communicating or understanding the English language?

Just raise your hand if you do.

Ma'am, stand, give your name.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My name is Irina Slobod.

THE CLERK: Last name?

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1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Slobod.
2	THE CLERK: Spell it.
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: S-L-O-B-O-D.
4	THE COURT: Slobod?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
6	THE COURT: You have a problem understanding
7	the language?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Maybe some terminologies.
9	THE COURT: How long have you been in the
10	country?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It's a long time.
12	THE COURT: Where are you from?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: From Ukraine.
14	THE COURT: You will be able to sit,
15	understand?
16	Are there any students in the audience who are
17	now attending school?
18	Yes, ma'am?
19	Stand, give me your name.
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Isabell.
21	THE COURT: I'm sorry?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Isabell.
23	THE COURT: That is your last name?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My first name. My first
25	name.
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1	THE COURT: What is your last name, ma'am?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Isbell.
3	THE COURT: Isbell?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I-S-B-E-L-L.
5	THE COURT: Oh, Isbell, I'm sorry.
6	What school do you attend?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Queens Transition Center.
8	THE COURT: When do you go to school?
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Every day.
10	THE COURT: Every day?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
12	THE COURT: What kind of school is it?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It's a high school.
14	THE COURT: You are going to high school now?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
16	THE COURT: Okay. All right.
17	So it's summer school that you are going to,
18	is that what it is?
19	Why are you going in the summer to school?
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Because I need it.
21	THE COURT: Huh?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Because I need it.
23	THE COURT: Okay.
24	So you will be excused. You go downstairs to
25	the second floor.

1	THE CLERK: Back to the second floor, Central
2	Jury.
3	Who else raised their hand?
4	Yes, ma'am?
5	Your name?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Samantha Walker.
7	THE COURT: Yes, Ms. Walker?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I am no in the summer
9	classes, but I do, like, go to school.
10	THE COURT: Are you in school right now?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Not in summer.
12	THE COURT: Sit down.
13	Somebody on my left raised their hand.
14	Now, I would also like to know if any of you
15	ladies and gentlemen have any religious, moral or
16	ethical reasons why you cannot sit in judgment of Ms.
17	Wisdom.
18	I would also like to know if any of you were
19	called to jury service between the dates of June
20	today is the 26th June 26th, 2012 and June 26th of
21	this year.
22	If you were called to serve either in the
23	state or federal court systems, be it the Federal
24	District Court or the state Supreme Court or you were
25	called to sit in the state or city courts or you were

called to serve either in the federal -- on a federal Grand Jury or a state Grand Jury, let me know.

You didn't have to -- actually, with respect to jury service, a petit jury is a jury of twelve and a number of alternates.

It doesn't mean that you had to actually deliberate on a case, just that you were called to serve.

All right.

I would like to also inform you, ladies and gentlemen, that this trial should be completed in a rather short period of time. It's not a very extensive matter. We won't be meeting tomorrow, we will meet on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, you will be off for Thursday and Friday, and then we will return on the...

MR. WALENSKY: The 8th.

THE COURT: The 8th, Tuesday the 8th, if it goes that far.

Also, I will tell you that once this case goes to the jury and the jury -- if the jury is unable to reach a verdict, then the jury will be excused, you will be allowed to go home and then return the next day. In the past what we used to do, if jurors could not reach a verdict on a particular date, on that particular date,

we would sequester them in a hotel. We don't do that 1 2 any longer. 3 All right. So, I'm going to --4 5 Oh, I don't think I told you this, but maybe I did, I'll indicate it again, as to where this allegedly 6 7 occurred. The allegation here is that the defendant stabbed to death the victim in this matter and it 8 occurred allegedly inside of 832 Bushwick Avenue in the 9 10 Bushwick section of Brooklyn. All right. 11 So now if you have a question of the Court 12 13 regarding what I've said or something that is not known to the Court or the attorneys, let me know, regarding 14 15 service. I am going to start from my right. 16 17 Yes, ma'am? 18 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Sir, your Honor. 19 THE COURT: Stand up, give your name. 20 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Tara. 21 THE CLERK: Last name? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Young. 22 My husband is scheduled for surgery on 23 Tuesday, July 1st, and we don't have anyone else to look 24

after our children so it would be a hardship for me to

25

1	serve on that particular day.
2	THE COURT: What kind of surgery?
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Foot surgery, your Honor.
4	THE COURT: All right.
5	July 1st is what?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It's Monday it's a
7	Tuesday.
8	THE COURT: Oh, Tuesday.
9	All right, you are excused. Go down to the
10	second floor.
11	Thank you.
12	THE CLERK: Tara is your first name?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, sir.
14	THE COURT: Yes, ma'am?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My name Anita McCray
16	(phonetic).
17	THE COURT: Yes?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm a radical.
19	THE COURT: Okay.
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't have a lot of
21	respect for the court or the officers.
22	THE COURT: Okay. Sit down.
23	Yes, ma'am?
24	Stand up.
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My name is Patricia Vega

1	(phonetic).
2	I think I heard you say I can come to the
3	bench so I need
4	THE COURT: You can.
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: May I come up?
6	THE COURT: Yes, come up with the attorneys,
7	please.
8	(Whereupon, the following took place at
9	sidebar:)
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes. My son, my
11	three-year-old son, was stabbed June 11th of 2000 of
12	1982. To sit here just
13	THE COURT: He was stabbed?
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
15	THE COURT: No talking, please.
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: He was three. In the
17	Bronx.
18	THE COURT: Was the person who did it
19	apprehended?
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, last I heard.
21	THE COURT: So it would be too upsetting for
22	you to sit?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
24	THE COURT: You are excused.
25	(Whereupon, the following took place in open

1	court:)
2	THE COURT: Yes?
3	THE CLERK: Your first name is Patricia?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
5	THE CLERK: Thank you.
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My name is Harris Edelman.
7	In contrast to my seat neighbor, I have
8	tremendous respect for the court system. I am a small
9	business owner. I am not too big to fail. I am just
10	the right size to fail. We survived the recession, or
11	just literally come out of the hole.
12	THE COURT: What kind of business?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Refurbish computers. It's
14	a small business, you know, fifteen people that work
15	there full-time and we are in Sunset Park, Brooklyn.
16	You can come check us out. But as a business owner we
17	don't have a staff of other responsible parties, for
18	lack of a better word. I am not saying that I am
19	incapable, in fact I would love to be in the position to
20	be able to perform this civic duty.
21	I also employ fifteen people in Sunset Park,
22	Brooklyn. I can't really keep both things going at the
23	same time.
24	THE COURT: You can.
25	Sit down.

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1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Okay.
2	THE COURT: Thank you.
3	Yes?
4	Stand up.
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My name is Jawad
6	(phonetic) Ahmed.
7	I have two concerns. First one, our holy day
8	of fasting begins on Sunday. And the second concern
9	was, in my workplace I don't have any backups for my
10	work.
11	THE COURT: What do you do?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm a dietician.
13	THE COURT: Sit down. Sit down.
14	Yes?
15	Stand.
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My name is Edward Smith.
17	You said if we have a private matter come to
18	the bench.
19	THE COURT: You want to come to the bench?
20	Come on up.
21	(Whereupon, the following took place at
22	sidebar:)
23	THE CLERK: What is your name?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Edward Smith.
25	THE CLERK: Thank you.

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1	THE COURT: Quiet, please.
2	Ma'am, no talking, please.
3	Say it again.
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I have a parent convicted
5	for murder years ago. It's coming back.
6	THE COURT: You are excused.
7	THE CLERK: Second floor, Central Jury.
8	(Whereupon, the following took place in open
9	court:)
10	THE COURT: Yes, ma'am?
11	Stand and give your name.
12	No, stand and give your name.
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My last name is Didino,
14	D-I-D-I-N-O.
15	THE COURT: What is your problem?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I am also a small business
17	owner and I'm in the process of opening a second
18	business that's scheduled to launch in two weeks.
19	THE COURT: Sit down, ma'am. Sit down.
20	Okay.
21	Yes?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My name is Justin
23	Branstein (phonetic). I need to provide child care to
24	my kids tomorrow and Monday. My wife is out of town on
25	business. The kids are in school for the summer.

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1	THE COURT: So provide child care.
2	Sit down.
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't have another
4	option.
5	THE COURT: Sit down, please.
6	Next?
7	Next? Anybody?
8	Yes?
9	Stand up.
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Colleen Saul (phonetic).
11	THE CLERK: Last name?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Saul.
13	I had made previous travel plans and I won't
14	be in the state. I'm leaving Sunday night and not back
15	until Wednesday.
16	THE COURT: You are going out of town?
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
18	THE COURT: And you have tickets?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah.
20	THE COURT: Where are you going?
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Pittsburgh.
22	THE COURT: Do you have the tickets with you
23	or
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I mean, it's on my phone.
25	THE COURT: All right, then you are excused.

2 3 4 5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Would you like to see it? THE CLERK: Second floor, Central Jury Room. THE COURT: Yes. PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Lorraine Joseph.
4	THE COURT: Yes.
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Lorraine Joseph.
6	I will be starting back my third semester at
7	DeVry University in another week-and-a-half.
8	THE COURT: It's all right. You got time.
9	This case will be finished before that.
10	Yes?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Shanice (phonetic) Hunter.
12	Monday at eleven o'clock I have an appointment
13	because I have to have iron I.V.
14	THE COURT: You have to what?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Iron I.V.
16	THE COURT: Sit down, ma'am.
17	You can always reschedule that.
18	Who else?
19	Yes, ma'am?
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Hi.
21	My name is Sarah (phonetic) Shaffee.
22	THE CLERK: Last name?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Shaffee.
24	THE CLERK: Spell it.
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: S-H-A-F-F-E-E.

1	THE COURT: Yes, ma'am?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah. My fasting starts
3	on Saturday.
4	THE COURT: Your what?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It's fasting, very, very
6	early in the morning and late night also and
7	THE COURT: We don't meet on Saturday.
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Pardon?
9	THE COURT: We don't meet on Saturday. We
10	only meet
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It's for the whole month,
12	it's not just
13	THE COURT: I can't excuse you, ma'am. Sit
14	down.
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Pardon me?
16	THE COURT: I am not going to excuse you. Sit
17	down. You are going to be fasting, you are going to be
18	fasting here, you are going to be fasting at home.
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah, but we get up early
20	in the morning.
21	THE COURT: Anyone else?
22	All right.
23	Before we proceed with the voir dire I have to
24	to inform you of certain legal principles which, if
25	you're selected as a juror you must comply with, so

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listen very carefully to what these are. And as I indicated earlier, an indictment -- well, the defendant has been indicted and charged with the crime of murder in the second degree, but I did indicate and I will indicate again that it's -- that charge is merely an accusation and merely an allegation, it is not proof of anything or probative of anything, it's not evidence.

An indictment is simply a piece of paper that charges someone with a crime. It is a consequence, that person is brought into court and then the People have the burden of proving each and every element, material element of the crime charged, in this case it's murder in the second degree, and that burden never shifts to the defendant. The burden always remains with the People.

If you are selected as a juror in this matter you will become a judge for a number of days but you will be a judge of a specific area of the law, that is, the facts. You will determine what the facts are in this case based upon the evidence or lack of evidence.

I will be the judge of the law. I will tell you what the law is and that will be my province, and I will not interfere in any way with your duty or

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obligation to find the facts. I will tell you at the close of this case what the law is and you will take the facts, you will take the facts and the law together, you know, the facts based upon the evidence, and the law and then make a determination, which is called a verdict. Your verdict will be guilty or not guilty, or you may find the defendant guilty of some of the charges, if there is another charge.

Now, I have another role at the trial other than telling you what the law is, and that is, I'm going to be listening to the attorneys when they make motions, whether they are making objections and whether they make applications, and I will be ruling on them as a matter of law. None of my rulings should have any bearing upon the defendant's guilt or non-guilt in this case. And none of my rulings should be taken by you as any indication as to whether you should believe all or a part of what is offered as evidence or that defendant is guilty or not guilty. That is solely your function to determine. But you must accept the law as I give it.

The defendant and the people want a fair trial to which they are entitled. You must follow the law as I give it to you whether you agree with it or whether you like it or not.

clear voice.

Voir Dire

You all agree to accept the law as I give it and not substitute your interpretation of the law? Can you all do that?

I gotta hear from all of you in a loud and

(Whereupon, the prospective jurors responded.)

THE COURT: Now, most of the evidence in any particular case comes in the form of sworn testimony. I would say about maybe two to three percent of the evidence may come in as scientific or forensic evidence, but basically most cases that come through these halls of justice are decided upon evidence that comes from the mouths of witnesses, and you as a juror are going to make a determination whether that particular witness is: One, telling you the truth; two, not telling you the truth, that is, lying; or three, is mistaken, okay. And that's going to be your obligation and duty to do that. And, of course, you're going to have to evaluate any other evidence that comes before you.

I'm going to give you a list of names. Some of these individuals may or may not be witnesses in the case.

Anthony Wilson, he is the victim in this case, the individual that was stabbed to death.

Victoria Wilson.

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1	Shakeema Fortune.
2	Donet Robinson.
3	Matthew Shepard.
4	Linda Smith-Harris.
5	Detective Deborah Batanjani of the 83rd
6	Precinct.
7	A Police Officer Garrett Marsden of the 83rd
8	Precinct.
9	Police Officer Christian Carlin of the 83rd
10	Precinct.
11	Police Officer Juana Ortiz of the 83rd
12	Precinct.
13	Detective Geoffrey Hernandez of the Brooklyn
14	North Homicide Squad.
15	Detective Christopher Scandole of the Brooklyn
16	North Homicide Squad.
17	Detective Stephen or Stephen (pronunciation)
18	Markoski of the Crime Scene Unit of the N.Y.P.D.
19	Dr. Frede Frederic of the Chief Medical
20	Examiner's Office.
21	Sarah Philipps, also of the Office of the
22	Chief Medical Examiner DNA Lab.
23	Ed Purce, P-U-R-C-E.
24	A Sprint Nextel phone representative.
25	And there will be a 911 representative.

And what is EBT? 1 MS. CHU: I believe it's the benefits. 2 3 THE COURT: Benefits person. Anyone know or familiar with any of the names 4 5 I mentioned? Just let me know by raising your hand. 6 7 I don't see any hands being raised so I would assume none of you know any of these individuals. 8 All right. 9 As jurors your verdict must be unanimous. 10 11 Twelve jurors seldom agree immediately and, therefore, you are going to be called upon to deliberate. Can you 12 promise the defendant and the People that you're willing 13 to participate in deliberations, express your views 14 15 based on the evidence in the case, keep an open mind and 16 listen to the views of other jurors? Can you all do that, folks? 17 (Whereupon, the prospective jurors responded.) 18 THE COURT: Thank you. 19 Now, as Ms. Wisdom sits here she's presumed 20 21 innocent like anyone else who's been charged with a 22 crime and she remains innocent up until the time a verdict of guilty is rendered, if in fact such a verdict 23 is rendered. Therefore, the People must rebut this 24 25 presumption, if they can, by presenting evidence which

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convinces you beyond a reasonable doubt of the defendant's guilt.

In a criminal case the burden of proof is on the People and always remains on the People throughout the course of the trial. The defendant is not required to produce any witnesses. The defendant is not required to produce any evidence. And very importantly, the defendant is not required to testify in this matter, and if she should not testify, it may not be held against her.

As I said, the burden is always on the People, they have to prove her guilt beyond a reasonable doubt.

Can you all accord this defendant this presumption of innocence?

Can you do that, folks?

(Whereupon, the prospective jurors responded.)

THE COURT: Now, a criminal case is different from a civil case in two important respects. In a criminal case all jurors must agree upon a verdict. In a civil case only five of the six must agree. In a criminal case the People must prove guilt their case beyond a reasonable doubt. In a civil case the plaintiff must only prove his or her case by a fair preponderance of the credible evidence.

Now, everybody, I'm sure, has heard the term

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"reasonable doubt." I am not going to go into detail or exact detail regarding it, I will do that at the time I charge the jury. But nevertheless, you will be required to acquit the defendant if, at the end of the case, because of the evidence or lack of evidence presented to you, you have a reasonable doubt as to her guilt. If you find guilt beyond a reasonable doubt, then you must return a verdict of guilty. On the other hand, if guilt is not proven beyond a reasonable doubt, you must find the defendant not guilty.

Now, you may be saying, well, I never performed this duty before. And as I indicated, there is no school for jurors. The only school for jurors is the school of life, basically.

What do I do when I get into the jury room?

Well, number one, you are not permitted to

consider what the punishment may be with respect to or

what the sentence may be with respect to this matter.

You may not express any sympathy for the defendant or

any of the People's witnesses or the People's position

in this matter because they're all extraneous, all

right, they're all irrelevant.

What's important and what you must focus upon is the evidence or lack of evidence, and if someone should go off the beaten track and get into one of the

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irrelevant matters, you must turn to the person very civilly and nicely say, The Judge instructed us that we focus on the evidence or lack of evidence and let's continue on. My next question to you, can you all render your verdict free from sympathy and any of these irrelevant matters? Can you all do that? (Whereupon, the prospective jurors responded.) THE COURT: Thank you. Now, a number of police officers will be testifying in this matter and they are to be treated like any other witness, they are not to be given any greater believability or less believability because they're police officers. However, if you feel because of your own personal experience, the experience of someone close to you, or because of what you've heard or seen in the media you cannot be fair in evaluating a police officer's testimony, let me know now. Stand up. Want to come up? Please come up. (Whereupon, the following took place at sidebar:)

1	THE CLERK: State your name.
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Anita McCray.
3	THE CLERK: Thank you.
4	THE COURT: What is your position?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I hate the police.
6	THE COURT: Okay. All right.
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Period.
8	THE COURT: Okay. I am going to send you back
9	to the Central Jury Room.
10	Place Ms. McCray on a civil matter.
11	THE CLERK: You got it. I'll put "civil."
12	(Whereupon, the following took place in open
13	court:)
14	THE COURT: Yes, sir?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I will have to come up
16	too.
17	THE CLERK: You can step out.
18	THE COURT: You have to go around.
19	Yes, sir, come on up.
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Thanks.
21	(Whereupon, the following took place at
22	sidebar:)
23	THE CLERK: State your name for the record.
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Dennis, last name McCoy.
25	THE COURT: Yes, sir?
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1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm an employee for the
2	Police Department and
3	THE COURT: What do you do?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I am an employee for the
5	N.Y.P.D. and within the department they brought false
6	charges, departmental charges.
7	THE COURT: What do you do?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I am a maintenance
9	supervisor.
10	And our union failed to represent me. They
11	won. And I don't have the money to get me a lawyer or
12	I'd be suing the Police Department. I don't have the
13	money. Some of the lawyers I did go to didn't want to
14	challenge the Police Department.
15	THE COURT: Okay.
16	So you can't be fair, then?
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, I can't.
18	THE COURT: I'm just going to put you on a
19	civil matter.
20	You can return to the second floor.
21	THE CLERK: Second floor, Central Jury.
22	(Whereupon, the following took place in open
23	court:)
24	THE COURT: Who else? Who else?
25	Come on up.
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1	(Whereupon, the following took place at
2	sidebar:)
3	THE COURT: Give your name.
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Ludmila (phonetic)
5	Malibayeva.
6	THE CLERK: Spell your last name.
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: M-A-L-I-B-A-Y-E-V-A.
8	THE COURT: Yes, ma'am?
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Hello.
10	Many years ago my relative was killed, nobody
11	find who did it. And, also, if something to do, my four
12	friends, they were stabbed with a knife but they
13	survived. And again, it happened in my country.
14	THE COURT: Where?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Ukraine.
16	THE COURT: That has nothing to do with the
17	police. What is your problem, though?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I am not sure it has
19	something to do. Because somebody was killed, nobody
20	find the murderer.
21	THE COURT: Where was he killed?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Where?
23	THE COURT: Yes.
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: In my country.
25	THE COURT: What happened in your country is

1	one thing. My question to you is, the fact that a
2	relative is killed, is that going to prevent you from
3	being fair and impartial?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't know.
5	THE COURT: All right, you are excused. Go
6	downstairs.
7	THE CLERK: What is your first name?
8	MS. CHU: Ludmila Malibayeva.
9	THE CLERK: Second floor.
10	THE COURT: Civil.
11	THE CLERK: Civil case.
12	(Whereupon, the following took place in open
13	court:)
14	THE COURT: All right, before we go any
15	further we are going to take a ten-minute recess.
16	Ladies and gentlemen, I am going to ask you
17	not to discuss the case amongst yourselves or with
18	anyone else and, of course, step outside and just remain
19	there for a few minutes. No more than ten minutes and
20	then we'll call you back in.
21	COURT OFFICER: Step outside. Take all your
22	belongings with you.
23	Do not leave the floor.
24	(Whereupon, the panel of prospective jurors
25	exited the courtroom.)

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1	THE COURT: All right, ten minutes.
2	(Whereupon, a brief recess was held.)
3	THE COURT: Let's get the jury.
4	THE CLERK: Case back on trial. Case on trial
5	continues back and trial continues. Defendant is
6	present with her attorneys.
7	(Whereupon, there was a brief pause in the
8	proceedings.)
9	COURT OFFICER: Panel entering.
10	(Whereupon, the panel of prospective jurors
11	entered the courtroom.)
12	THE COURT: Hats off.
13	COURT OFFICER: Take your hat off, sir.
14	THE COURT: Hats off.
15	Ladies and gentlemen, do me a favor, move all
16	the way down. Don't sit at the end. I mean, there is
17	no reason to do that.
18	Miss, move all the way down.
19	Squeeze in, ma'am. Move down, all the way
20	down.
21	Hats off, please.
22	We can squeeze in. Let's go. Come on.
23	Your name is going to be called, ladies and
24	gentlemen. Please respond "here" or "present".
25	Also, if we mispronounce your name, tell us

1	what the correct pronunciation is. You will enter from
2	my right, your left, into the well of the court then
3	take a seat. There will be twenty potential jurors
4	seated within the jury box.
5	Proceed.
6	THE CLERK: Seat number one will be Avelon
7	Ramnath.
8	You have to say "here" or "present" when
9	you're called.
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm sorry.
11	THE CLERK: You have to state "here" or
12	"present" when you hear your name.
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Present.
14	THE COURT: Last name is spelled
15	R-A-M-N-A-T-H.
16	Seat number one.
17	THE COURT: R-A-M
18	THE CLERK:N-A-T-H.
19	MS. CHU: What is the first name?
20	THE CLERK: A-V-E-L-O-N.
21	Seat number two, Nicholas Derziotis.
22	How do you pronounce your last name?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Derziotis.
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: D-E-R-Z-I-O-T-I-S.
25	THE COURT: T-E-R

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1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: D-E-R-Z-I-O-T-I-S.
2	Seat number three, Jean Lackan.
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Here.
4	THE CLERK: L-A-C-K-A-N.
5	Seat number four, Annette Williams.
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Here.
7	THE CLERK: W-I-L-I-A-M-S.
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
9	THE CLERK: Number five is Lorraine Joseph,
10	J-O-S-E-P-H.
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Here, yes.
12	THE CLERK: Seat six, is Shanice (phonetic)
13	Hunter.
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Here.
15	THE CLERK: H-U-N-T-E-R.
16	Seat seven is William Dolan.
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Here.
18	THE CLERK: D-O-L-A-N.
19	Seat eight is Karen Webster.
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Here.
21	THE CLERK: W-E-B-S-T-E-R.
22	Seat number nine is Adriana (phonetic) Didino.
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Here.
24	THE CLERK: D-I-D-I-N-O.
25	Seat ten is William Jenkins.

1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Here.
2	THE CLERK: J-E-N-K-I-N-S.
3	Seat eleven, Francisco Martinez.
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Here.
5	THE CLERK: M-A-R-T-I-N-E-Z.
6	Seat twelve is Lucian Volcy.
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
8	THE CLERK: V-O-L-C-Y.
9	Seat thirteen is Anastasia Vincent,
10	V-I-N-C-E-N-T.
11	Seat fourteen is Samantha Valenzuela.
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Here.
13	THE CLERK: V-A-L-E-N-Z-U-E-L-A.
14	Seat fifteen is Maleek (phonetic) Sutton.
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Here.
16	THE CLERK: S-U-T-T-O-N.
17	Seat sixteen is Hal Duncan.
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Here.
19	THE CLERK: D-U-N-C-A-N.
20	Seat seventeen is Michael Smargiassi.
21	How do you pronounce it?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Smargiassi.
23	THE CLERK: Smargiassi, S-M-A-R-G-I-A-S-S-I.
24	Seat eighteen, Henderson (phonetic) Lynch.
25	You have to say "here" or "present."

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1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Present.
2	THE CLERK: L-Y-N-C-H.
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Present.
4	THE CLERK: Seat nineteen is Samantha Walker.
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Present.
6	THE CLERK: W-A-L-K-E-R.
7	Seat twenty is Israel Santiago.
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Present.
9	THE CLERK: S-A-N-T-I-A-G-O.
10	THE COURT: All right.
11	Ms. Ramnath, your neighborhood?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Flatbush.
13	THE COURT: Flatbush.
14	And Mr. Derziotis?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Bensonhurst.
16	THE COURT: Bensonhurst.
17	What's that noise?
18	THE CLERK: It's the printer.
19	THE COURT: Why is that going off?
20	Ms. Lackan, your neighborhood?
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Canarsie.
22	THE COURT: Canarsie.
23	Ms. Williams.
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: East Flatbush.
25	THE COURT: East Flatbush.

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1	Ms. Joseph.
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Canarsie. Canarsie.
3	THE COURT: Canarsie.
4	Ms. Hunter?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: East New York.
6	THE COURT: Ms. Valenzuela?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Mill Basin.
8	THE COURT: And Mr. Duncan?
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Flatbush.
10	THE COURT: Mr. Lynch?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: East New York.
12	THE COURT: And Mr. Santiago?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: East New York.
14	THE COURT: Ms. Walker or Walkin?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Walker.
16	THE COURT: Walker.
17	Where do you reside, neighborhood?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Marine Park.
19	THE COURT: Marine Park.
20	Mr. Smargiassi?
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Bay Ridge.
22	THE COURT: Mr. Sutton?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Flatbush.
24	THE COURT: Ms. Vincent?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Bedford-Stuyvesant.

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1	THE COURT: Mr. Volcy?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Bed-Stuy.
3	THE COURT: Bed-Stuy.
4	Mr. Martinez?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Bensonhurst.
6	THE COURT: Mr. Jenkins?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Flatbush.
8	THE COURT: Ms. Didino?
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Bay Ridge.
10	THE COURT: Ms. Webster?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Crown Heights.
12	THE COURT: And Mr. Dolan?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Flatbush.
14	THE COURT: All right.
15	First of all, any of you ladies and gentlemen
16	familiar with the crime scene area, which is 832
17	Bushwick Avenue? Anybody familiar, first row?
18	Second row, anyone familiar with that area?
19	No, okay.
20	Ms. Ramnath, you married, single, separated
21	divorced?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Married.
23	THE COURT: And your occupation?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Supervisor.
25	THE COURT: Of what?

1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Of musicians union, Local
2	802, musician publishing department.
3	THE COURT: Supervisor musicians union, okay.
4	And your spouse?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: He's not working right
6	now.
7	THE COURT: Is he retired?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
9	THE COURT: What did he do before?
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: He was a paper cutter.
11	THE COURT: Okay.
12	Thank you.
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: You're welcome.
14	THE COURT: Mr. Derziotis?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Married.
16	THE COURT: Your occupation?
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Manager of a restaurant.
18	THE COURT: And your spouse?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: She works. She's a para
20	for a school.
21	THE COURT: What kind of school?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Public school.
23	THE COURT: Grade school?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Elementary school.

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1	Ms. Lackan, married, single, separated,
2	divorced?
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Single.
4	THE COURT: Occupation?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Registered nurse.
6	THE COURT: Okay.
7	And Ms. Williams?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Single, timekeeper for the
9	N.Y.P.D.
10	THE COURT: You're a timekeeper for the
11	N.Y.P.D.?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
13	THE COURT: Where do you work, at One Police
14	Plaza?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, Internal Affairs
16	Bureau.
17	THE COURT: Where?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Internal Affairs Bureau,
19	315 Hudson Street.
20	MS. CHU: IAB.
21	THE COURT: Oh, Internal Affairs bureau.
22	THE COURT: Ms. Joseph?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Single.
24	THE COURT: Your occupation?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Customer service for

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2	THE COURT: And what?
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: That's it.
4	THE COURT: Ms. Hunter?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Single.
6	THE COURT: Your occupation?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm a home health aide.
8	THE COURT: Home health aide.
9	Ms. Valenzuela?
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Single.
11	THE COURT: And your occupation?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I am a lifeguard and swim
13	instructor at the YMCA.
14	THE COURT: At the Y?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: At the YMCA.
16	THE COURT: Mr. Duncan?
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Single.
18	THE COURT: Your occupation?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Custodian for the
20	Department of Education.
21	THE COURT: I'm sorry, I can't hear.
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Custodian for the
23	Department of Education and customer rep for
24	Access-A-Ride service.
25	THE COURT: Mr. Lynch?

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1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, sir.
2	THE COURT: Married, single, separated,
3	divorced?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Married.
5	THE COURT: Your occupation?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Window mechanic. Window
7	mechanic.
8	THE COURT: What kind of mechanic?
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Windows.
10	THE COURT: Windows?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
12	THE COURT: And your spouse?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: She works for the Supreme
14	Court in Manhattan.
15	THE COURT: Doing what?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Data entry.
17	THE COURT: And Mr. Santiago?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Married, retired.
19	THE COURT: What did you do when you worked?
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Union rep for 32BJ.
21	THE COURT: What is 32BJ?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: 32BJ is the service
23	employees union.
24	THE COURT: And your spouse?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: She's a seamstress for a

1	large designer company in Manhattan.
2	THE COURT: Okay.
3	Ms. Walker?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm single.
5	I'm a full-time student and I work in a
6	cardiologist's office, file rep.
7	THE COURT: And Mr. Smargiassi?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm married ten years
9	today.
10	THE COURT: Congratulations.
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Information technology
12	operations and security for a software firm in the
13	city.
14	THE COURT: An IT person?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Information technology,
16	yes.
17	THE COURT: And your spouse?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: High school teacher, New
19	York City Department of Ed.
20	THE COURT: What does she teach?
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: She special ed and ELA,
22	English language arts.
23	THE COURT: Okay.
24	Mr. Sutton?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Single.
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1	THE COURT: And your occupation?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Interning at the moment at
3	City & State Magazine.
4	THE COURT: You're an intern at what?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: City & State Magazine.
6	THE COURT: Who puts that out, the state?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah. it's a small,
8	little company.
9	THE COURT: And Ms. Vincent?
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Single.
11	THE COURT: Your occupation?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Assistant manager for
13	membership ticketing at a theatre.
14	THE COURT: What kind of theatre?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Off Broadway theatre.
16	THE COURT: Off Broadway.
17	And Mr. Volcy?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Married.
19	THE COURT: Occupation?
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Cab driver.
21	THE COURT: Truck driver, you said?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Cab driver.
23	THE COURT: Cab driver?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Cab driver.
25	THE COURT: Cab driver, I'm sorry.

1	And your spouse, she work?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: She's we be separated
3	right now.
4	THE COURT: Oh, you're separated?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah, separated.
6	THE COURT: All right.
7	Mr. Martinez?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Single, and server at a
9	restaurant.
10	THE COURT: And Mr. Jenkins?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm single and I do direct
12	care work.
13	THE COURT: What was that?
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Like with adults with
15	disabilities.
16	THE COURT: Ms. Didino.
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm single and I have a
18	kickboxing gym in Brooklyn and opening up a second
19	one.
20	THE COURT: You own a kickboxing gym, okay.
21	And Ms. Webster?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Separated. I am a
23	controller for a hotel.
24	THE COURT: Is that in Manhattan?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
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1	THE COURT: And Mr. Dolan?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Divorced.
3	Retired structural ironworker.
4	THE COURT: All right.
5	First row, any of you ladies and gentlemen
6	ever serve on a jury before, at a criminal or civil
7	trial, first row?
8	Mr. Martinez I mean, I'm sorry, Santiago.
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
10	THE COURT: What kind of jury were you on?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It was a criminal.
12	THE COURT: And what was the subject matter?
13	What was the crime?
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It was stabbing of an
15	employee in McDonald's.
16	THE COURT: Without telling me what the
17	verdict was, was there a verdict?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, there was.
19	THE COURT: How long ago was this?
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: About ten years ago.
21	THE COURT: Same question for those in the
22	rear, any of you ladies and gentlemen ever sit on a
23	jury, be it a civil or a criminal matter?
24	No, okay.
25	First row, any of you ladies and gentlemen

1	ever been the victim of a crime?
2	It could have been a pocketbook snatch or it
3	could have been a chain snatch, which is not the most
4	serious crime, or murder or rape.
5	When I say "victim," I mean if you have been
6	the victim or someone close to you, doesn't have to
7	necessarily be you.
8	Anyone, first row?
9	None of you? No one in your families or close
10	to you, friends?
11	Yes, Ms. Hunter?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I was the victim of rape.
13	THE COURT: Sorry to hear that.
14	How long ago was that, ma'am?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Last year December.
16	THE COURT: Huh?
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Last year December.
18	THE COURT: Last year summer?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: December.
20	THE COURT: And was the perpetrator ever
21	apprehended?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
23	THE COURT: Was this reported to the police?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
25	THE COURT: Were you satisfied or dissatisfied

1	with the police?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Nothing happened, so it's
3	like whatever.
4	THE COURT: Do you hold
5	Do you have any bad feelings with respect to
6	the police or any authorities?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Not really.
8	THE COURT: Okay.
9	Anyone else?
10	Ms. Lackan?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah, my daughter was a
12	victim of rape.
13	THE COURT: What happened to her?
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: She was raped.
15	THE COURT: Sorry to hear that.
16	How long ago was that, ma'am?
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Probably about twelve
18	years ago.
19	THE COURT: Twelve years ago.
20	Was the perpetrator ever apprehended, the
21	person?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It didn't occur here, it
23	occurred elsewhere.
24	THE COURT: Where?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Cayman Islands.

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1	THE COURT: All right.
2	Was that person ever apprehended, you know,
3	arrested?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
5	THE COURT: No, okay.
6	Anyone else, first row?
7	Second row, same question.
8	Ms. Webster?
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It was a long time ago, I
10	was robbed at knifepoint.
11	THE COURT: You were robbed at knifepoint?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah.
13	THE COURT: Was that person ever apprehended?
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
15	THE COURT: Anyone else?
16	Ms. Vincent?
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I was robbed.
18	THE COURT: Was a weapon involved?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, a gun.
20	THE COURT: Did you report it?
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
22	THE COURT: One person?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: One, yes.
24	THE COURT: Was the perpetrator ever
25	apprehended?

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1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
2	THE COURT: Do you have any feelings with
3	regard to the way the police handled it?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, they handled it very
5	well.
6	THE COURT: Who else?
7	Mr. Sutton?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My cousin was shot.
9	THE COURT: Cousin was shot?
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
11	THE COURT: Was that person ever arrested?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
13	THE COURT: Was that in Brooklyn?
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
15	THE COURT: Did you report that to the police?
16	Was that reported to the police?
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It was reported.
18	THE COURT: Did he survive the shooting?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
20	THE COURT: Sorry.
21	Who else? Anyone else?
22	All right.
23	First row, any of you ladies and gentlemen
24	ever accused of, arrested for, or convicted of a crime,
25	or someone close to you?

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1	First row.
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My brother.
3	THE COURT: Ms. Ramnath?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, my brother and my
5	sister.
6	THE COURT: What happened?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: One for drugs and the
8	other for stealing. They were deported.
9	THE COURT: So your brother was arrested for
10	what, drugs?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Drugs.
12	THE COURT: And your sister for stealing?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes. Also drugs.
14	THE COURT: And she was deported also?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Both deported.
16	THE COURT: Both deported?
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
18	THE COURT: Where are you from, again?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Trinidad.
20	THE COURT: Anyone else?
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
22	THE COURT: Yes? That is Mr. Lynch?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Lynch.
24	I had a DWI twelve years ago.
25	THE COURT: Excuse me?

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1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I had a DWI twelve years
2	ago.
3	THE COURT: Okay.
4	Did they give you a program?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah.
6	THE COURT: Do you hold that against the
7	police or the People because you were arrested for a
8	DWI?
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
10	THE COURT: Anyone else, first row?
11	Second row?
12	Mr. Volcy?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah, my house was robbed.
14	THE COURT: What?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I got robbed in my house.
16	THE COURT: They robbed your house?
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah.
18	THE COURT: You mean your house was
19	burglarized?
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah.
21	THE COURT: Were you home at the time?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah no, I wasn't.
23	THE COURT: All right.
24	Did you report it to the police?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I did.

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1	THE COURT: Okay.
2	Anyone else?
3	Mr. Martinez?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I was arrested, I think
5	like three, four years ago for graffiti.
6	THE COURT: For what, graffiti?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah.
8	THE COURT: They give you an ACD?
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, I was reprimanded and
10	I was let go.
11	THE COURT: You were what?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I was reprimanded and let
13	go.
14	THE COURT: You paid a fine?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
16	THE COURT: Who else?
17	Mr. Sutton?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My cousin was arrested.
19	THE COURT: Cousin was arrested.
20	Your cousin was arrested for what?
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I believe it was gang
22	related.
23	MS. CHU: I can't hear.
24	THE COURT: He was arrested.
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't know the exact

1	details but I believe it was gang related.
2	THE COURT: Oh, gang related.
3	Did he do any time? Do you know?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: He went to Rikers.
5	THE COURT: He went to Rikers.
6	Did he go to trial or do you know what
7	happened to the case?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, I'm not sure.
9	THE COURT: Are you close to your cousin?
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: He's the one that was
11	shot.
12	THE COURT: He's the same one that was shot
13	and died, okay.
14	Anybody else?
15	All right.
16	Any of you ladies and gentlemen related to,
17	friendly with, associated with, interact with any law
18	enforcement agents or attorneys?
19	First row?
20	That's Mr. Derziotis?
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My brother-in-law's an
22	attorney and
23	THE COURT: What kind of law does he practice?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Personal injury.
25	And I have a lot of friends that are in the
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1	police force.
2	THE COURT: You have a lot of friends in the
3	police force?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Correct.
5	My other brother-in-law is also.
6	THE COURT: Your who?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My brother-in-law is in
8	the police force also.
9	THE COURT: Do you know where he is
10	stationed?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: 62nd Precinct.
12	THE COURT: Anyone else?
13	Ms. Joseph?
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
15	I have a cousin that's a lawyer for criminal
16	justice and also a cousin that's a judge for criminal as
17	well.
18	THE COURT: Your cousin is a defense lawyer?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
20	THE COURT: And where's he practice?
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It's a she.
22	THE COURT: She, I'm sorry.
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: North Carolina.
24	THE COURT: And you have another cousin who's
25	a judge?

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1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah. He's male.
2	THE COURT: Where?
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: North Carolina also.
4	THE COURT: Who else raised their hand?
5	Ms. Valenzuela?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My uncle's a detective.
7	THE COURT: Where?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: The 72nd Precinct, I
9	believe.
10	THE COURT: 72nd Precinct? In Manhattan?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah.
12	THE COURT: Who else raised their hand in the
13	rear?
14	That's Ms. Walker?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My uncle's a detective
16	sergeant in Suffolk County.
17	THE COURT: And that's Mr. Smargiassi?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My brother and
19	brother-in-law are attorneys, my father-in-law is a
20	retired attorney.
21	THE COURT: Your brother and your
22	brother-in-law are attorneys? What kind of law do they
23	practice?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My brother is mostly
25	matrimonial and commercial and my brother-in-law I

1	believe is labor, labor.
2	THE COURT: Your father is retired?
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Father-in-law. He did
4	lead cases.
5	THE COURT: What kind of cases?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Lead, lead poisoning.
7	THE COURT: Personal injury.
8	He is retired, though?
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
10	THE COURT: Anyone else?
11	Mr. Martinez?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My aunt is an immigration
13	lawyer in Pennsylvania.
14	THE COURT: Your mother?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Aunt.
16	THE COURT: Your aunt.
17	Who else? Anyone else?
18	Okay.
19	Ms. Ramnath, can you be fair and impartial in
20	this case?
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
22	THE COURT: Your answer, yes or no?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
24	THE COURT: Thank you.
25	Mr. Derziotis?

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1	PROS	PECTIVE	JURC	R:	Yes.				
2	THE (COURT:	Ms.	Lack	an?				
3	PROS	PECTIVE	JURC	R:	Yes.				
4	THE	COURT:	Ms.	Will	iams?				
5	PROS	PECTIVE	JURO	R:	Yes.				
6	THE (COURT:	Ms.	Jose	eph?				
7	PROS	PECTIVE	JURO	R:	Yes.				
8	THE (COURT:	Ms.	Hunt	er?				
9	PROS	PECTIVE	JURC	R:	Yes.				
10	THE (COURT:	Ms.	Vale	nzuel	a?			
11	PROS	PECTIVE	JURO	R:	Yes.				
12	THE (COURT:	Mr.	Dunc	an?				
13	PROS	PECTIVE	JURO	R:	Yes.				
14	THE (COURT:	And	Mr.	Lynch	?			
15	PROSI	PECTIVE	JURO	R:	Yes.				
16	THE (COURT:	Mr.	Mart	inez	Mr	. Sant	ciago?	
17	PROS	PECTIVE	JURO	R:	Yes.				
18	THE (COURT:	Ms.	Walk	ter?				
19	PROSI	PECTIVE	JURO	R:	Yes.				
20	THE (COURT:	Mr.	Smar	giass	i?			
21	PROS	PECTIVE	JURO	R:	Yes.				
22	THE (COURT:	Mr.	Sutt	on?				
23	PROS	PECTIVE	JURC	R:	Yes.				
24	THE (COURT:	Ms.	Vinc	ent?				
25	PROS	PECTIVE	JURO	R:	Yes.				

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1	THE COURT: Mr. Volcy?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
3	THE COURT: Mr. Martinez?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
5	THE COURT: Mr. Jenkins?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
7	THE COURT: Ms. Didino?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
9	THE COURT: Ms. Webster?
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
11	THE COURT: And Mr. Dolan?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
13	THE COURT: All right.
14	Since it's almost the luncheon hour, we are
15	going to adjourn till 2:00 P.M. You are not to
16	discuss the case amongst yourselves or with anyone
17	else. You are not to visit the place where the alleged
18	crimes occurred. You are not to have any contact with
19	any of the parties involved in this matter, including
20	the Court. If you see us, do not acknowledge us, just
21	pass us by. We know the drill. It may be uncomfortable
22	for you, but don't worry about it, I will explain later
23	on why you are not to have any contact, even eye
24	contact. You may see us, just pass us by, all right.
25	And you are not to resort to utilizing any of

1	your digital devices, electronic devices, for the
2	purpose of obtaining any information about this matter
3	or contacting anyone about this matter, okay.
4	So, those of you in the jury
5	And that applies to you ladies and gentlemen
6	who are out in the audience.
7	So those who are in the jury box will be
8	excused first and then the rest will follow.
9	Return back at two o'clock in front of the
10	door, remain out there until you're called in by a Court
11	Officer. Have a very good lunch. Take all your
12	belongings with you.
13	THE CLERK: Sir. Sir, have a seat.
14	SERGEANT: Exit on your right.
15	(Whereupon, the panel of prospective jurors
16	exited the courtroom.)
17	THE COURT: All right, those in the audience
18	may follow.
19	Two o'clock.
20	(Whereupon, the panel of prospective jurors
21	exited the courtroom.)
22	THE COURT: All right, 2:00. The Court's
23	adjourned.
24	(Whereupon, a lunch recess was held.)
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1	AFTERNOON SESSION
2	* * *
3	THE CLERK: Case back on trial continues. All
4	parties are present. Defendant is present with her
5	attorney.
6	THE COURT: Is your assistant here?
7	MR. WALENSKY: Yes. I don't know where he
8	just went. He's coming.
9	THE COURT: He's coming back.
10	Let's get those in the box first and then the
11	rest.
12	(Whereupon, there was a brief pause in the
13	proceedings.)
14	COURT OFFICER: Ready for the panel, your
15	Honor?
16	THE COURT: Yes.
17	COURT OFFICER: Panel entering.
18	(Whereupon, the panel of prospective jurors
19	entered the courtroom.)
20	COURT OFFICER: Make sure your electronic
21	phones and electronic devices are turned off, please.
22	THE COURT: Call the case in.
23	THE CLERK: All right.
24	Case on trial continues. All parties present.
25	THE COURT: All right, Ms. Chu.
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MS. CHU: Thank you.

THE COURT: You may inquire.

MS. CHU: Good afternoon, ladies and gentlemen.

As you know, my name is Phyllis Chu.

Like the Judge told you, I am going to be the Assistant District Attorney that is going to be in charge in this case. Should you all be selected as jurors for this matter, there's some things I wanted to kind of talk to you about. Before I talk about them, I just want you to understand that this process is not about saying what I might want to hear or, you know, anything like that. The only answer that you can give is the truth, okay, 'cause please don't try and say something that you think I want to hear or you think the other guy wants to hear, just tell us the truth because this is the only time we really get to interact with you at this point.

So, one of the things I wanted to ask you about, I know the Judge was asking you a number of questions before lunch about if anybody was the victim of a crime or anybody close to them had been arrested. I know a lot of you raised your hands.

Is there anyone here, of the people that have that in their past, that think those experiences

1 are going to affect your ability to be fair in this 2 trial? Everybody okay with that? 3 Do you understand what I'm asking you? 4 Yes? 5 Everybody's good? 6 7 All right. Whatever your experiences are, that you are 8 not going to let it affect you in deciding what the 9 evidence is in this case. 10 Now, talking about evidence, the Judge said in 11 most trials the majority of the evidence that you hear 12 is the spoken word, meaning someone gets up on the stand 13 and says on this particular day I did this, I saw this, 14 15 and what happened, okay. 16 Now, can everyone understand that the spoken 17 word is evidence, just like if you can hold it in your hand, that someone's testimony is the same as if it were 18 physical evidence, it is considered evidence? Can you 19 all appreciate that and accept that premise? 20 21 Okay. 22 Now, I know that at least one of you guys watches some sort of crime show on TV. 23 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah, Law & Order. 24 25 THE COURT: Law & Order.

Voir Dire - People/Ms. Chu

In these crime shows they never show you this part. They never show you about the jury selection.

They never show it because it's a very tedious process, but it's very important.

And what you're going to see in this case is real life, meaning you are not going to have actors get up there and say, oh, on this particular day I saw this. We are not going to have paid actors, nobody's going to be looking at a script, reading from a script. You're certainly not going to have any commercials.

Can you all appreciate that it's not going to be like TV, this is real life?

Can you all understand that?

Now, I am really bad with names but I think your name is Duncan.

Mr. Duncan, how do you feel? You watch those crime shows, --

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, I do.

MS. CHU: -- you know, where they see something with the naked eye across the room in the carpet fibers, something different there, right? They are pretty good at that sometimes. That's not going to happen here, all right.

In fact, a lot of the evidence that you are going to hear with regard to the defendant's guilt is

going to come from words that she said, meaning she made 1 2 statements. 3 Now, is there anyone here that thinks that 4 because there was no eyewitness to what actually 5 happened to the victim in this case, it was just her and him, okay, so much of the evidence that you're going to 6 7 hear has to do with statements that she makes to both the police and to other people, now, how many of you --8 let me ask you, can you accept the premise that if 9 10 someone is suspected of a crime, that they might want to 11 talk to the police? 12 Can you accept that? 13 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: MS. CHU: Who said "no?" 14 15 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Me. MS. CHU: Ms. Webster, why do you say that? 16 17 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Whether they might want to 18 talk to the police, I don't know that -- I find it 19 difficult to believe that someone suspected of a crime, 20 you're just going --21 MS. CHU: That they'll want to talk? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah. 22 23 MS. CHU: I'm sorry, Mr. Dolan, you raised 24 your hand?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Of course. Sometimes they

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Voir Dire - People/Ms. Chu might tell their story first. 1 You think --2 MS. CHU: PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Of course it's possible. 3 MS. CHU: My question only to you, Ms. 4 Webster, is just that, is that going to prevent you from 5 listening to the evidence, you are going to say, you 6 7 know, what, I wouldn't have talked to the cops, I'm not going to believe anything the cops say, if she made a 8 statement? 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: You have to take 10 everything based on what's there, the reality in front 11 I don't think that that would -- I don't think 12 that that would -- I personally don't think it's going 13 to affect my judgment because my judgment is just based 14 15 on the facts. 16 MS. CHU: You won't let your opinion about whether or not you would do something affect what might 17 18 have happened? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't think so. 19 I don't plan to, let's put it that way. 20 21 MS. CHU: If somebody is suspected of a crime 22 and talking to the police, do you think it's a possibility they might say what Mr. Dolan says, you want 23

to speak first and say things in the best light for you?

You think that's a possibility, if someone is suspected

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1 of a crime and speaks to the police? 2 They might say, oh, it happened this way, 3 because it sounds better? Do you think that's a possibility? Yes? 4 Anybody here think it's not a possibility? 5 6 Do you think that sometimes someone, if they 7 are talking to the police and they know they are suspected of a crime, they might say things, some things 8 are true, some things not so true, right, put the best 9 foot forward? Do you think that's a possibility? 10 11 Yes? 12 Okay. 13 Now, let me ask you this. What if the statement was made to someone that's not the police, do 14 15 you think that that would affect your ability to --16 MR. WALENSKY: Objection, your Honor. 17 Can we approach? THE COURT: Come on up. 18 (Whereupon, a sidebar conference was held off 19 20 the record.) THE COURT: Objection sustained. We'll go on 21 22 to another subject. MS. CHU: So the next thing I want to ask you 23 guys, that if you hear that kind of evidence, meaning 24 that the defendant made certain statements to various 25

people, do you think you are the kind of people that can listen to what they tell you and make a decision as to whether that statement that the defendant made --

MR. WALENSKY: Objection. This was just sustained.

THE COURT: Ladies and gentlemen, whatever is stated is in evidence, you will have to evaluate it, all right. That's going to be your job.

Go on.

MS. CHU: You understand everything I am talking to you about now, nothing -- none of the evidence I am talking about, scenarios, these are like hypotheticals. If you heard from witnesses who tell you that the defendant said something, do you think that you can base your decision on whether or not what they're telling you is reliable, whether that statement is reliable by looking at everything, meaning that you don't have to just look at one person's testimony in a bubble, right?

You can use their testimony and compare and contrast it to other evidence that you are going to hear in this case. Do you think that you are the kind of people that can do that, that can say, you know what, I heard evidence that this person said this but I also heard evidence that, well, this part can be true, but

Voir Dire - People/Ms. Chu

this part's definitely not true, this part's true, this part definitely can't be true?

Will you look at everything as a whole before you make a decision as to whether or not you can find that to be reliable or not? Can you do that?

Now, we talked about that C.S.I. person who spots something from across the way. You will have kind of scientific evidence but you're not going to have a videotape of this crime, okay, you are going to have some DNA because there was blood at the scene. You're not going to have -- in fact, the weapon was never recovered so you are not going to actually see the weapon that was used against the victim, but you'll hear about his injuries from other sources, like a medical examiner, like people who saw the wounds that were inflicted on the victim.

So does anyone here think you are the kind of person that, you know what, I need to have a videotape, I need to have solid evidence with my own eyes that this person did this?

Does anyone think you're the kind of juror that requires that kind of information? Because I am telling you right up front we don't have that. We don't have a videotape, we don't even have the knife.

Can anyone here let me know one way or the

	Voir Dire - People/Ms. Chu
1	other whether or not you're okay with that?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: What do you have so
3	MS. CHU: Other stuff I have.
4	You're going to hear from witnesses who will
5	tell you about what happened before, sort of during and
6	then after.
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I am confused. You said
8	there was no witnesses.
9	MS. CHU: I told you that most of the evidence
10	that you are going to hear that points to the
11	defendant's guilt is coming from the defendant's own
12	mouth.
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: How do we know that the
14	witnesses that are speaking against her are even
15	credible?
16	THE COURT: That is your job.
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Most most people
18	THE COURT: Excuse me. Don't say anything.
19	I will tell the jury what to say and not to
20	say and what the law is.
21	You are going to have to evaluate what people
22	say, that's what your job is, and it's clear as day.
23	That's evidence. That's all. That is what your job
24	is.
25	Go ahead.

Voir Dire - People/Ms. Chu

MS. CHU: Mr. Jenkins, you work, you said, for direct care, right?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Uh-huh.

MS. CHU: In your job you decide whether or not someone talking to you is telling you the truth?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, sometimes.

MS. CHU: In your everyday life, I would imagine, that most of you have to do that on a daily basis multiple times, all right. You guys all came here with the unique benefit of having life experiences, right. You all have to make those decisions every day. We are just asking you to take that common sense that you have, your life experiences that you have and use that to decide whether or not a witness who testifies before you is telling the truth, if what they say makes sense in light of what you -- everything else you heard, okay, then for you to say, you know, I don't believe they are telling the truth, or they're mistaken. I am not asking you to accept whatever anybody says is the truth. You have to determine on your own whether or not you believe them.

Do you understand the difference?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Uh-huh.

MS. CHU: Are you okay with that?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: A --

e 1:20	0-cv-02196-KAM Document 5-3 Filed 11/12/20 Page 74 of 359 PageID #: 916
	Voir Dire - People/Ms. Chu
1	MS. CHU: You look
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: You say, like, if I do
3	that at my job, but like the most thing might be, yo,
4	somebody ate somebody's sandwich, but the aluminium foil
5	is on his desk, it's like you're guilty.
6	MS. CHU: I am glad you brought that up.
7	You understand that your job is not to
8	consider anything about punishment or have any type of
9	sympathies in this case?
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I know.
11	MS. CHU: You're just deciding what happened.
12	You are not passing judgment on anyone.
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, no.
14	MS. CHU: All you're doing is, you're deciding
15	this is what I think happened based on all the evidence
16	that I have.
17	Do you think you can do that?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Sure.
19	MS. CHU: Like
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Fine. I wanted to clear
21	that up, you know.
22	MS. CHU: All right.

The next thing I want to talk to you about is

We are going to have a number of police

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police witnesses.

Voir Dire - People/Ms. Chu

witnesses that testify before you and, you know, you had to have lived under a rock the last ten years not to see all kinds of stuff in the paper about police officers doing wrongdoing and then something like page 40 will be about something that they did right.

You understand, there's thirty, forty thousand police officers in New York City alone. Do you think that it's possible that most of them do try to do their best, some of them better than others, but they are all individuals like you and I?

Whether or not you're a direct care worker or you're a nurse, everybody is just trying to do what they do the best that they can do, right, and they put their pants on the same way we do, right, one leg at a time.

So, can you promise me that if you hear police officers that testify in this case, that you're not going to say automatically, I can't believe anything they say? But I also don't want you to say, you know what, because they're police officers, they never lie. I don't want that either. I want you to wait, wait and listen to what they have to say before you make your judgment as to whether or not they're telling you the truth.

Can you all promise me that you can do that? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.

Voir Dire - People/Ms. Chu

MS. CHU: All right.

Now, the last thing I want to talk about has to do with sympathy. And I told you, I said sympathy really has no place in what you're deciding in this case.

Can you all understand that?

Someone is dead, there's some sympathy, it's natural to feel that way. We wouldn't be human if we don't feel that way. In fact, some of you might have sympathy for the defendant. But do you understand, you cannot allow that sympathy, whether you have it or not, to affect what you decide in this case if you're selected as a juror?

Ms. Joseph, right?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Uh-huh.

MS. CHU: And let's say you're in the jury room, you heard all the evidence, and you believe that I've proved my case that the defendant is guilty beyond a reasonable doubt, are you the kind of person that is going say, you know what, I know Ms. Chu proved her case, she proved it with the evidence beyond a reasonable doubt and I believe it, that that proves that the defendant is guilty, are you going to go back and say, you know, I just -- I feel bad for her and I can't do it, I can't convict?

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Voir Dire - People/Ms. Chu

Can you understand what I'm getting at here? I want to know now because you understand how it would be unfortunate for us to later, after you're selected, whether or not that might affect your ability to decide this case only on the evidence and that's it? You'd be okay with that? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah. MS. CHU: Do you think you might have some hesitation? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. MS. CHU: Do you all promise me that if you have any sympathies one way or the other, that you not allow that to affect your decision in this case about what the evidence is? Can you all promise me that? You promise to hold me to my burden of proving what the defendant -- all the things that she's supposed to have done? You promise to hold me to that burden? And the same on the flip side, there's certain things I don't have to prove, like I don't have to prove

what the weather was like for that period of time, I don't have to prove who won the lottery for four, five weeks, all right.

Can you all promise me, also, that you are not going to hold me to a higher standard or to more of what

78 Voir Dire - Defendant/Mr. Walensky 1 the Judge wants me to prove? He says she has to prove four things, you are 2 3 not going to say I want that fifth one? Is everybody okay with that? 4 5 Yes? Anybody have any questions for me before I sit 6 7 down? Okay, thank you very much. 8 THE COURT: Okay, Mr. Walensky. 9 Thank you. 10 MR. WALENSKY: Good afternoon, ladies and gentlemen. 11 My name is David Walensky and I'm the attorney 12 for Ms. Wisdom, who's the accused. Mr. Povill is going 13 to be talking to you at some point. 14 15 It's interesting that we have this system here 16 where we will take great pains to say a person is innocent until there is a guilty verdict. And if you 17 notice, juries are asked to provide a verdict of guilty 18 or not quilty, not quilty or innocent. This is a great 19 20 mistake people make. Now, I have -- we'll get back to that. 21 22 have fifteen minutes to do an in-depth psychological 23 profile of twenty of you. I'm not that smart or perceptive, so we really do rely upon your honesty 24

because this is the one time in your life -- you might

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Voir Dire - Defendant/Mr. Walensky

have another, but it's a certainty that you have no bosses here over you. So you can have prejudices, lay them aside, you can recognize I don't like this, I don't like that, whatever, lay it aside. This is judged solely by evidence.

Now, Ms. Chu and I will both have a chance to open. The People are required to tell you what they have to prove and she will have an opening and tell you how she will prove it. Voir dire is not the place — that is what we call this, jury selection — to tell you about the case so that you don't have preconceptions before going in.

What we're interested in is people who have -who can look at the evidence and listen to the
instructions of the Judge, of the Court, and decide
based on the evidence. We talk about some of the facts.

You have preconceived notions, would you agree that that could be true, Ms. Ramnath?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.

MR. WALENSKY: So we really don't want that.

Now, Mr. Duncan?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.

MR. WALENSKY: People want to hear -- the Judge's told you my client doesn't have to testify, but it's normal for people to want to hear someone

J 1.20	5-CV-02190-KAIVI DOCUMENT 5-3 Filed 11/12/20 Page 60 01 559 Page 1D #. 922
	80 Voir Dire - Defendant/Mr. Walensky
1	testify.
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
3	MR. WALENSKY: Because you want to hear both
4	sides.
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
6	MR. WALENSKY: Do you know why we don't do
7	that, Ms. Williams?
8	One reason is, if that were the case, then we
9	don't have a system where the People have to prove their
10	case. It's like let's see what you have, let's hear
11	what you have to say. This is a one-sided situation.
12	Do you understand, Mr. Martinez, that it's
13	only about the People, Ms. Chu's ability to prove her
14	case beyond a reasonable doubt?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
16	MR. WALENSKY: I can sit there and take a nap,
17	say to Josh, let's take a nap and let her go on with
18	this, if they don't prove their case, if they don't have
19	the required evidence, then you must say not guilty.
20	You agree with that Mr. Derziotis?
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
22	MR. WALENSKY: Did I pronounce it correctly?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Close enough.
24	MR. WALENSKY: Now, Mr. Santiago, people

testify and you have to decide whether or not they're

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Voir Dire - Defendant/Mr. Walensky
telling the truth. Sometimes people will tell the
entire truth, correct?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Correct.
MR. WALENSKY: Sometimes some of what they say
is true and some isn't, right?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
MR. WALENSKY: Sometimes they're not even
lying, necessarily, but they are making mistakes. Would
you agree with that, Mr. Smargiassi?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
MR. WALENSKY: And it's a matter of perception
also, right?
Now, things affect a person's perception,
would you agree with that, Ms. Joseph, that something
can affect somebody's perception, how you listen to
somebody, how
PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
MR. WALENSKY: If you had a few drinks, you
might not be listening as much. If you smoked a little
crack, a person might be like a bit out of it, right?
Sometimes people lie because they have motives
to lie, right?
Now, I'm sure we all Mr. Dolan, you might
have had somebody I don't know you have somebody
and it's like, hey, you want to go get a beer? No, man,

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82 Voir Dire - Defendant/Mr. Walensky I have to do this, and you see them later. They just lied to you, bold faced lie, not a big lie. Ever have something like that happen? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: You might mean I tell one thing but they hear another. MR. WALENSKY: Join the club. I think we've all had that experience. So the point is, sometimes they're important reasons, sometimes they're unimportant reasons, sometimes you talk about kids, kids will lie, they don't -- often people don't, if they are not mature enough, don't realize the implications if they lie. Would you agree with that, Ms. Didino? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Sure. MR. WALENSKY: Small lies can have great consequences, can we agree? Then as to big lies, who's to know? You are going to have to pick up what is true and what is not true. Now, we talked about policemen, police. When we have police officers -- look, people don't like cops.

I do like cops. But when somebody mugs you, you call a cop, right?

And police officers are human like anybody Generally they solve crimes. else.

Would you agree with that, Ms. Lackan?

	Voir Dire - Defendant/Mr. Walensky
1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
2	MR. WALENSKY: Sometimes they are wrong?
3	People can have a conclusion and an assumption and try
4	to make evidence fit that assumption?
5	Mr. Sutton, you agree with that?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
7	MR. WALENSKY: You have an assumption, you
8	have a theory, let's make the facts fit the theory.
9	That can happen, right?
10	And it does happen. We read about the
11	wrongful convictions all the time, not saying that
12	here
13	MS. CHU: Objection.
14	THE COURT: Objection sustained.
15	MR. WALENSKY: All right.
16	Ms. Wisdom is charged with intentional murder.
17	The Judge will tell you the definition. He is the
18	arbiter of the law, and the law is written down as to
19	what are the elements. He will tell you, essentially,
20	it is intending to kill somebody, it's intentional
21	murder. He will tell you specifically.
22	Now, is there anyone here who would have
23	trouble bringing a verdict of guilty if the evidence
24	were there?
25	Now, the other side of that coin is, as I

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someone?

84 Voir Dire - Defendant/Mr. Walensky said, we don't have to prove anything, because one example of it is the same, you're walking down the street and somebody grabs you and tells the police officers, that person robbed me, where you were alone, you live alone, you were in bed asleep, you don't have an explanation, you say I robbed you, you prove it, physical evidence, testimonial evidence, however, whatever legal evidence is necessary. Can you accept that? Do you understand why a person doesn't have to testify and why you don't have to hear both sides? Again, it's all one-sided. Do you understand that, Ms. Valenzuela? No? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes. MR. WALENSKY: That's another thing. Yes? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: The Judge is going to give us the definition of murder? MR. WALENSKY: He absolutely will. PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Okay. MR. WALENSKY: He will give you what the definition is, but it's killing someone. He will tell you the elements. PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Murder is planned killing

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crime.

died.

Voir Dire - Defendant/Mr. Walensky MR. WALENSKY: Don't --THE COURT: No, no. MR. WALENSKY: The Judge will give you the absolute definition of how you will judge the particular PROSPECTIVE JUROR: The reason why I'm asking, because there was an article in the paper about some quy who punched some guy after a soccer game and and the guy Is that murder?

THE COURT: Let me just say something, all right.

Whatever the attorneys say insofar as what the law is, just disregard that, all right, because I will ultimately tell you what the elements of the crime are, all right. And whatever you've read about it in the paper or might have read in the paper regarding murder or something akin to murder, just forget about it, put it out of your mind. You have to take what I say is the law and that will some at the close of the case.

MR. WALENSKY: Every situation is different, every fact situation.

As the Judge said, he will tell you, you know, regarding this and whatever charges you must decide. But, again, it's your ability to decide those.

Now, I was talking about the People's -- the

Voir Dire - Defendant/Mr. Walensky

necessity for the People to prove their case.

Now, Mr. Volcy --

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Volcy (pronunciation).

MR. WALENSKY: I'm sorry, Volcy.

You will look at a case and you will hear the evidence and you say, well, I think he did it -- I am not even talking about he did or she did it -- but they haven't proven their case, you'd have to say not guilty, wouldn't you?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: True.

MR. WALENSKY: You may not be satisfied with this, you may not have an answer. This isn't about answers, it's about your ability to look at the law and make a decision as given under the law.

They might say, well, we think they did it, we think they didn't prove their case, we have to say not guilty.

I can't talk more, this isn't an opening, it's not a summation, it's really to try to bring things out. I have a couple of basic questions while they're here. Anyone have a problem while they are serving? I don't mean the jury service, I mean in terms of your own living. I mean, these are considerations but, of course, we know if selected you will do your duty. What we don't want is, if -- I think I can speak for all of

Voir Dire - Defendant/Mr. Walensky

us, is that we don't want -- if you're in the room and it's a couple of days, and it's up to the Judge how long a jury sits, if they're having a problem with a decision, but it's been two days, you're looking and saying I gotta get back to work, I am losing time and something else is playing on your mind, I need to know because we don't want someone to say, okay, I'll go whichever way the wind blows, it's eleven to one, you are the one, regardless whether it's an acquittal or conviction, this is a murder case, it should be that way for every case, but you understand we need people who are totally committed. You may not want to say it, but if you are chosen, can you totally commit? I need to know that.

It's not a contest. That's the thing, this isn't a contest. And if you don't think you can do it, I really need to know. I need to see the hands of the people who can't.

Okay, thank you.

I am not even going to ask why, if you can't do it. That is what I mean by honesty, because this is the one time you don't have any bosses. Again I bring that up.

So, there's no shame in it. If you are not selected for this, you might be selected for something

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88 Voir Dire - Defendant/Mr. Walensky
else or may very well be selected for this, but we need
to know.
So, ladies and gentlemen, do I have your
promise, if you're selected you will just do your very
best to listen to all the evidence, listen to the law
and judge this on the law and the evidence, not your
emotion, not your gut feeling, not what you feel is
right, but what the law requires?
Can you do that?
Thank you very, very much.
THE COURT: What's the problem?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I start school on the 1st.
THE COURT: What?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I start school on the 1st.
MR. WALENSKY: July 1st?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR: July 1st.
THE COURT: What school are you starting?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Manhattan GED plus.
THE COURT: I asked that before and you didn't
say anything.
PROSPECTIVE JUROR: The officer said I might
not be selected so it might not be an issue.
THE COURT: The officer said that to you?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah, in the front.

THE COURT: Where?

Voir Dire - Defendant/Mr. Walensky

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Outside, by the elevators. 1 THE COURT: All right. 2 I'm going to ask those jurors sitting in the 3 box to vacate their seats, step outside, remain there 4 5 until we call you back in. Don't disappear. Take all 6 of your belongings with you. (Whereupon, the panel of prospective jurors 7 exited the courtroom.) 8 THE COURT: Those of you in the audience, 9 again, do not discuss the case amongst yourselves or 10 with anyone else. Remain outside until we call you in. 11 12 It will be a couple of minutes. 13 (Whereupon, the panel of prospective jurors 14 exited the courtroom.) 15 MS. CHU: What was the last question you asked 16 with juror number two and juror number sixteen said yes, 17 they couldn't do it?

> MR. WALENSKY: I said, is there anyone who, you know, if you're in there for a long time and whatever, you are going to lose too much money, you are going to -- to be afraid you are not getting paid and whatever, basically that would influence what you're doing in the jury room, they said yes.

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That was sixteen, Duncan. MS. CHU:

MR. WALENSKY: That was two, and Duncan.

1	(Whereupon, there was a brief pause in the
2	proceedings.)
3	THE COURT: All right.
4	First twelve for cause, Ms. Chu?
5	MS. CHU: I believe defense counsel asked Mr.
6	Derziotis
7	THE COURT: Yes.
8	MS. CHU: whether or not they can separate,
9	whatever, he is not making money or whatever and keep
10	that separate from his deliberations.
11	MR. WALENSKY: I would agree, your Honor.
12	MS. CHU: He said he thought that would be a
13	factor.
14	I didn't actually hear what he said.
15	MR. WALENSKY: If I may.
16	I would agree with that because when I was
17	giving the scenario if you're going to be thinking about
18	something else, you can't spend anymore time, would that
19	cause you to maybe change your vote whichever way the
20	wind was blowing.
21	THE COURT: Call Mr. Derziotis. Call him in.
22	COURT OFFICER: Juror entering.
23	(Whereupon, the prospective juror entered the
24	courtroom.)
25	THE CLERK: State your name for the record,

1	please.
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Nicholas Derziotis.
3	THE CLERK: Thank you.
4	THE COURT: Mr. Derziotis?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
6	THE COURT: First of all, can you be fair and
7	impartial in this case?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
9	THE COURT: Is there anything that would
10	prevent you from being fair and impartial in this case?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
12	THE COURT: You sure?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Besides the fact that I
14	have a business to run.
15	THE COURT: I know that you have a business to
16	run. My question is, is that going to prevent you from
17	being fair and impartial?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
19	THE COURT: Are you going to rush to judgment
20	because of time considerations, in other words, change
21	your mind because
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It's not going to rush me
23	to judgment but I have I'm manager of a restaurant.
24	THE COURT: I understand that. My point is,
25	if

1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm not going to rush to
2	judgment, no.
3	THE COURT: Would you stick to your
4	convictions notwithstanding, you know, your concerns
5	about the money?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Absolutely.
7	THE COURT: Okay. Step out.
8	The cause is denied.
9	MR. WALENSKY: Note my objection, your Honor,
10	because during I know I don't believe he's been
11	rehabilitated because here, even though he said it's
12	difficult for a person to say, yeah, it wouldn't change
13	my mind, but my business is going to be in my mind, I
14	have a restaurant to run. So, he is speaking out of
15	both sides of his mouth.
16	I am essentially saying, out of caution, I
17	think he should be excluded at this point.
18	THE COURT: I think he said that he may have
19	concerns and he was honest that will, but he said that
20	notwithstanding that he wouldn't change his mind because
21	of it and he wouldn't rush to get back to work. So,
22	that is denied.
23	MR. WALENSKY: Note my objection.
24	THE COURT: Any other cause?
25	MS. CHU: I want to challenge juror number

1	six, Shanice Hunter. I believe that she stood up
2	earlier and said she has to go to the doctor on Monday
3	and I know we have a full day with testimony. I don't
4	want her to delay how this case progresses because we
5	are already kind of putting
6	THE COURT: I think she only needs to get an
7	iron shot, something like that. That's what she said,
8	although she didn't say
9	MS. CHU: She has an appointment. How are we
10	going to try it, if we can?
11	MS. CHU: Find out from
12	THE COURT: Call Ms. Hunter in.
13	(Whereupon, there was a brief pause in the
14	proceedings.)
15	COURT OFFICER: Juror entering.
16	(Whereupon, the prospective juror entered the
17	courtroom.)
18	THE COURT: Ms. Hunter, earlier you mentioned
19	something about an appointment on Monday.
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
21	THE COURT: What is the appointment?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I have to have iron I.V.
23	done.
24	THE COURT: What?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Iron I.V. My hemoglobin

1	is low. Either that, or a blood transfusion.
2	THE COURT: Is that going is it possible
3	to reschedule? We are not meeting on tomorrow.
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. My appointment is
5	Monday at eleven o'clock.
6	THE COURT: Is it possible to rearrange the
7	appointment?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't know.
9	THE COURT: You don't know.
10	Well, if we could rearrange the appointment,
11	would that be all right?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: If I can rearrange it,
13	that is okay.
14	THE COURT: Who's the doctor?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I forgot his name.
16	THE COURT: You forgot his name?
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I go to Brookdale.
18	THE COURT: You go to the hospital?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Uh-huh.
20	MS. CHU: May I ask a question?
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21	How long does the procedure take?
21 22	How long does the procedure take? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It's an hour.
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It's an hour.

1	THE COURT: What do you mean? Are they going
2	to give you a time or what?
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: They give you a set time.
4	THE COURT: What's your set time? What time
5	did they give you?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: They gave me eleven
7	o'clock Monday morning.
8	THE COURT: Oh, eleven o'clock.
9	You may step outside.
10	Thank you.
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Thank you.
12	(Whereupon, there was a brief pause in the
13	proceedings.)
14	THE COURT: She will be excused for cause.
15	Anything else for cause?
16	MS. CHU: Not for the rest of the twelve.
17	THE COURT: Defense, cause, first twelve?
18	MR. WALENSKY: No, not for the first twelve,
19	your Honor.
20	THE COURT: Perempt?
21	MS. CHU: Juror number four I'm sorry
22	five.
23	THE COURT: Ms. Joseph.
24	MS. CHU: Lorraine Joseph.
25	Juror number eight, Ms. Webster.

1	Juror number ten, Mr. Jenkins.
2	And juror number twelve, Mr. Volcy.
3	THE COURT: Defendant, perempt?
4	MR. WALENSKY: Juror one I'm sorry, my
5	mistake.
6	Juror two.
7	THE COURT: Derziotis?
8	MR. WALENSKY: Yes.
9	Four. Four.
10	THE COURT: Hold on.
11	THE CLERK: You said juror number four?
12	MR. WALENSKY: Juror four.
13	Juror seven.
14	Juror nine.
15	Give me one moment, your Honor.
16	(Whereupon, there was a brief pause in the
17	proceedings.)
18	MR. WALENSKY: All right, your Honor, that's
19	it.
20	THE CLERK: Juror number one will be Avelon
21	Ramnath.
22	Juror number two will be Jean Lackan.
23	And juror three will be Francisco Martinez.
24	THE COURT: All right, next up.
25	MR. WALENSKY: Hold on a second.

1	(Whereupon, there was a brief pause in the
2	proceedings.)
3	MR. WALENSKY: Your Honor, I am going to
4	perempt number eleven also.
5	THE COURT: You just
6	THE CLERK: It's too late.
7	THE COURT: You can't do that.
8	MR. WALENSKY: Fine.
9	I realized he
10	THE COURT: You what?
11	MR. WALENSKY: Well, I was trying to decide
12	because he had said that
13	THE COURT: You were deciding, then you made
14	the decision, then the Judge the Clerk began to read
15	those who were selected.
16	MR. WALENSKY: They haven't been sworn, your
17	Honor. We haven't started the rest. We haven't started
18	thirteen through twenty.
19	THE COURT: I understand that, counsel.
20	MR. WALENSKY: All right.
21	THE COURT: You know what, defendant
22	MR. WALENSKY: My co-counsel likes him. Keep
23	him. What the heck.
24	THE COURT: What is your decision? Do you
25	want to challenge him or not, or your client?

1	(Whereupon, there was a brief pause in the
2	proceedings.)
3	MR. WALENSKY: I am going to perempt him, your
4	Honor.
5	THE COURT: All right.
6	The next six, for cause.
7	MS. CHU: Your Honor, I will challenge juror
8	number sixteen. I believe he starts school on July 1st.
9	That would make him unavailable to actually serve.
10	THE COURT: Who's that?
11	MS. CHU: Mr. Duncan.
12	THE COURT: No, Duncan is I thought
13	Duncan's oh, Mr. Duncan, for cause, yeah.
14	All right.
15	THE CLERK: He's out?
16	THE COURT: He's out.
17	MS. CHU: Those are all I have for cause.
18	That's thirteen through eighteen, right?
19	THE COURT: Yes.
20	LAW SECRETARY: We have two jurors. It should
21	be the next ten.
22	THE COURT: We have two jurors?
22	THE COURT: We have two jurors?

1	MS. CHU: I thought you said the first six.
2	THE COURT: It's eight. You're right, all
3	right. I'm sorry.
4	It's six, that's right.
5	MS. CHU: There's eight/more jurors.
6	THE CLERK: Eight left.
7	THE COURT: All right. The next eight, all
8	right.
9	You challenge Duncan?
10	MS. CHU: I challenge Duncan. I do not have
11	anymore cause challenges for the remainder.
12	THE COURT: Do you have any challenges?
13	MR. WALENSKY: No.
14	THE COURT: Perempt?
15	MS. CHU: Yes. People challenge juror number
16	fourteen.
17	THE COURT: Fourteen is Valenzuela.
18	Anyone else?
19	MS. CHU: Excuse me, I'm sorry.
20	(Whereupon, there was a brief pause in the
21	proceedings.)
22	MS. CHU: Juror number thirteen as well.
23	THE COURT: Vincent?
24	MS. CHU: Yes.
25	Juror number fifteen.

			V	oir Dire	100
1		THE	COURT:	Hold on.	
2		Fift	een is S	utton.	
3		MS.	CHU: Su	tton.	
4		THE	COURT:	Any others?	
5		MS.	CHU: An	d juror number nineteen, Ms.	
6	Walker.				
7		THE	COURT:	All right.	
8		Defe	nse?		
9		MR.	WALENSKY	: Juror number seventeen.	
10		THE	COURT:	Smargiassi.	
11		MR.	WALENSKY	: And juror number	
12		THE	COURT:	Hold on a minute. Hold on.	
13		(Whe	reupon,	there was a brief pause in the	
14	proceeding	s.)			
15		THE	COURT:	Who else?	
16		MR.	WALENSKY	: Twenty.	
17		THE	COURT:	Santiago?	
18		MR.	WALENSKY	: Yes.	
19		MS.	CHU: I	loved him.	
20		THE	CLERK:	Is that it, Mr. Walensky?	
21		MR.	WALENSKY	: That is it.	
22		All	we have	left is Lynch, right?	
23		I'm	finished		
24		THE	CLERK:	Juror number three will be	
25	Henderson	Lync	h.		

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1	THE COURT: People have exercised eight and
2	defendant
3	THE CLERK: Seven.
4	THE COURT: I have six.
5	MS. SCHWARTZKOPF: Seven.
6	THE CLERK: Seven.
7	MS. SCHWARTZKOPF: Two, four, seven, nine,
8	eleven, seventeen and twenty.
9	THE COURT: Wait a minute.
10	Two, that's the first one.
11	MS. SCHWARTZKOPF: Four.
12	THE COURT: Four is second.
13	MS. SCHWARTZKOPF: Seven and nine.
14	THE COURT: Seven and nine is four.
15	The next one is five.
16	MS. SCHWARTZKOPF: Yes.
17	THE COURT: That's six and seven, you're
18	right.
19	Okay.
20	Bring the panel in, please.
21	COURT OFFICER: Want the twenty in the box or
22	in the front row?
23	THE COURT: In the front row.
24	COURT OFFICER: Ready for the panel, your
25	Honor?
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1	THE COURT: Bring them in.
2	COURT OFFICER: Panel entering.
3	(Whereupon, the panel of prospective jurors
4	entered the courtroom.)
5	THE CLERK: Hats off, please, in court.
6	Okay, ladies and gentlemen, if you hear your
7	name called, that means you have been selected to serve
8	as a juror.
9	If you do not hear your name called, you are
10	excused, go back to the second floor with the thanks of
11	the Court.
12	Okay, if you hear your name called please say
13	"here" or "present," remain in the courtroom.
14	Juror number one will be Avelon Ramnath.
15	Just say "here" or "present."
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Present.
17	THE CLERK: Juror number two, Jean Lackan.
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Present.
	THE CLERK: And juror three, Henderson Lynch.
19	THE CLERK: And juror three, henderson Lynch.
19 20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Present.
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Present.
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Present. THE CLERK: The rest of you go back to the
20 21 22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Present. THE CLERK: The rest of you go back to the second floor, Central Jury.

1 THE CLERK: Will the three of you rise and 2 raise your right hand. 3 Do you and each of you sincerely and solemnly 4 swear or affirm that you will try this case in a just 5 and impartial manner to the best of your judgment and you will render a verdict according to the law and the 6 7 evidence? 8 What is your response? 9 Your response? 10 (Whereupon, the jurors responded.) THE COURT: Wait a minute. 11 Ladies and gentlemen, I'm going to direct you 12 to return on Monday at eleven o'clock in the jury room, 13 all right. You'll go with the officer now and he will 14 15 explain to you what you have to do, all right, but you be there on Monday at eleven o'clock. 16 Follow me. 17 COURT OFFICER: THE COURT: Do not discuss the case amongst 18 19 yourselves or with anyone else or visit the place where 20 the alleged crimes occurred. Do not have any contact 21 with any of the parties involved in this matter. (Whereupon, the sworn jurors exited the 22 23 courtroom.) THE COURT: Bring in the rest of the jurors. 24 (Whereupon, there was a brief pause in the 25

1.2	Voir Dire
1	proceedings.)
2	COURT OFFICER: Ready for the panel, your
3	Honor?
4	THE COURT: Yes.
5	(Whereupon, the panel of prospective jurors
6	entered the courtroom.)
7	THE COURT: Listen for your name. If your
8	name is called, just say "present" or "here" and take a
9	seat in the jury box.
10	THE CLERK: Seat number one, will be Holland
11	Givanchi.
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Givanchi (pronunciation),
13	G-I-V-A-N-C-H-I.
14	THE CLERK: Givanchi, excuse me.
15	G-I-V-A-N-C-H-I?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: That is correct.
17	THE CLERK: Seat two, Cleo Gray.
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Here.
19	THE CLERK: G-R-A-Y.
20	Seat three, Irina Slobod.
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Present.
22	THE CLERK: S-L-O-B-O-D.
23	Seat four, Sarah Shaffee.
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.

THE CLERK: Can you pronounce that?

1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Shaffee.
2	THE COURT: How do you spell the last name?
3	THE CLERK: S-H-A-F-F-E-E.
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: S-H-A-F-F-E-E, yeah.
5	THE CLERK: Seat five, Elizabeth Sanchez.
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Here.
7	THE CLERK: S-A-N-C-H-E-Z.
8	Seat six is Christian Hatcher.
9	You have to say "here" or "present."
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Here.
11	THE CLERK: H-A-T-C-H-E-R.
12	Seat seven, Alexander Nuciforo.
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Nuciforo, N-U-C-I-F-O-R-O.
14	THE COURT: What?
15	THE CLERK: N-U-C-I-F-O-R-O.
16	Seat eight, Nicholas Healey.
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Here.
18	THE CLERK: H-E-A-L-E-Y.
19	Seat nine, Rohan (phonetic) O'Connell.
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It's Rohan
21	(pronunciation).
22	THE CLERK: Seat ten, Rosa Olibris.
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Here.
24	THE CLERK: How do you pronounce it?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Olibris.

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1	THE CLERK: O-L-I-B-R-I-S.
2	THE COURT: O-L
3	THE CLERK: O-L-I-B-R-I-S.
4	Seat eleven, Jay Perrier.
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Here.
6	THE CLERK: P-E-R-I-E-R.
7	Seat twelve is Samuel Rossi.
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Here.
9	Rossi (pronunciation).
10	THE CLERK: Rossi, R-O-S-S-I.
11	Seat thirteen, Joann Prezeau.
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Present.
13	THE CLERK: Is it P-R-E-I-E-A-U?
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: P-R-E-Z-E-A-U.
15	THE CLERK: Z-E-A-U.
16	THE COURT: P-R-E
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Z-E-A-U.
18	THE CLERK: P-R-E-Z-E-A-U.
19	Seat fourteen, Katie Dixon.
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Present.
21	THE CLERK: D-I-X-O-N.
22	Seat fifteen is Shane O'Reilly.
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Here.
24	THE CLERK: O-R-E-I-L-Y.
25	Seat sixteen, Eva (phonetic) Jablonska.

	V O T T D T T O
1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Here.
2	THE CLERK: Pronounce your last name.
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Jablonska.
4	THE CLERK: J-A-B-L-O-N-S-K-A.
5	Seat seventeen, Deanna Clements.
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Here.
7	THE CLERK: C-L-E-M-E-N-T-S.
8	Seat eighteen, Desiree Conigliaro.
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Desiree Conigliaro
10	(pronunciation).
11	THE COURT: Conigliaro.
12	THE CLERK: C-O-N-I-G-L-I-A-R-O.
13	Seat nineteen, Blessing Fadaka.
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Here.
15	THE CLERK: F-A-D-A-K-A.
16	Thank you.
17	THE COURT: F-A-D
18	THE CLERK:A-K-A.
19	THE COURT: Seat 20 is Justin Feinstein.
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Feinstein (pronunciation).
21	THE CLERK: F-E-I-N-S-T-E-I-N.
22	THE COURT: Mr. Givanchi, neighborhood?
23	You can sit down.
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Brighton Beach.
25	THE COURT: Brighton Beach.

1	
1	Ms. Gray?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Williamsburg.
3	THE COURT: Ms. Slobod?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Sheepshead Bay.
5	THE COURT: Sheepshead Bay.
6	Ms. Shaffee?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Coney Island.
8	THE COURT: Ms. Sanchez?
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Bay Ridge.
10	THE COURT: Mr. Hatcher?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Bedford-Stuyvesant.
12	THE COURT: Bed-Stuy.
13	Ms. Dixon?
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: East New York.
15	THE COURT: I'm sorry?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: East New York.
17	THE COURT: Okay.
18	Ms. Jablonska?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Bay Ridge.
20	THE COURT: Bay Ridge.
21	Ms. Conigliaro?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Bensonhurst.
23	THE COURT: And Mr. Feinstein?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Carroll Gardens.
25	MS. CHU: I'm sorry?

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1	THE COURT: Carroll Gardens.
2	Ms. Fadaka?
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Fort Green.
4	THE COURT: Ms. Clements?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Prospect Heights.
6	THE COURT: Prospect Heights.
7	Mr. O'Reilly.
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Crown Heights.
9	THE COURT: Crown Heights.
10	Ms. Prezeau?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Flatbush.
12	THE COURT: Mr. Rossi?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Flatbush.
14	THE COURT: Flatbush.
15	Mr. Perrier?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Bay Ridge.
17	THE COURT: Bay ridge.
18	Ms. Olibris?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Crown Heights.
20	THE COURT: Crown Heights?
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
22	THE COURT: Mr. O'Connell?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Williamsburg.
24	THE COURT: Williamsburg.
25	Mr. Healey?

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1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Greenpoint.
2	THE COURT: Greenpoint.
3	And Mr. Nuciforo?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Nuciforo (pronunciation).
5	THE COURT: Spell your last name.
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: N-U-C-I-F-O-R-O.
7	THE COURT: Nuciforo.
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Bensonhurst.
9	THE COURT: All right.
10	First row, any of you ladies and gentlemen
11	familiar with the crime scene area, 832 Bushwick Avenue?
12	First row?
13	Anyone in the second row?
14	All right.
15	Mr. Givanchi, married, single, divorced,
16	separated?
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Single.
18	Transportation.
19	THE COURT: What do you do?
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Transportation.
21	THE COURT: That doesn't mean anything.
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Bus driver.
23	THE COURT: For New York City?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, your Honor. I lived
25	here a year and a half, I am trying to get

1	THE COURT: I'm sorry, what?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I am here a year and a
3	half, I am trying to get hired by MTA.
4	THE COURT: Who do you work for now?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm unemployed.
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Unemployed.
7	THE COURT: Oh, you're unemployed?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, Judge.
9	THE COURT: I'm sorry.
10	Presently unemployed, okay.
11	Ms. Gray, married, single, separated,
12	divorced?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Single.
14	THE COURT: And your occupation?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm an actor.
16	THE COURT: And Ms. Slobod?
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm married.
18	THE COURT: Married.
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Home attendant.
20	THE COURT: What do you do for a living?
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I do everything.
22	THE COURT: You work or
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Home attendant.
24	THE COURT: You're a home attendant.
25	And your husband?

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1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: School bus driver.
2	THE COURT: Okay. All right.
3	Ms. Shaffee?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Divorced.
5	And retired.
6	THE COURT: What did you do before you
7	retired? What kind of work did you?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Accountant and
9	administrative duties.
10	THE COURT: Ms. Sanchez?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Married.
12	THE COURT: Your occupation?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Executive assistant for
14	Citibank.
15	THE COURT: Executive assistant city what?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Executive assistant. The
17	company is Citibank.
18	THE COURT: Oh, Citibank.
19	Who has all devices have to be turned off.
20	And your spouse?
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Analyst, anti money
22	laundering for the Citibank.
23	THE COURT: Financial analysis?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah, anti money
25	laundering.

	Voir Dire	113
1	THE COURT: All right.	
2	And Mr. Hatcher?	
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Single.	
4	THE COURT: Your occupation?	
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Cashier, security.	
6	THE COURT: You work as a cashier and also	a
7	security guard?	
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Sometimes.	
9	THE COURT: Ms. Dixon?	
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Single.	
11	Home health aide.	
12	Ms. Jablonska?	
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Divorced.	
14	Housekeeper.	
15	THE COURT: Ms. Conigliaro?	
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Divorced.	
17	Finance coordinator for a charter school.	
18	THE COURT: Mr. Feinstein?	
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Married.	
20	Advertising creative director.	
21	THE COURT: And your spouse?	
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Small business owner.	
23	THE COURT: What kind of business?	
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Writing workshops.	
25	THE COURT: Ms. Fadaka?	

1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Single, registered nurse.
2	THE COURT: Ms. Clements?
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Digital marketing manager.
4	THE COURT: You married, single?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Divorced.
6	THE COURT: What do you do?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Digital marketing manager.
8	THE COURT: Mr. O'Reilly?
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm single.
10	And beer salesman.
11	THE COURT: A beer salesman?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah.
13	THE COURT: And Ms. Prezeau?
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Divorced.
15	Home attendant.
16	THE COURT: And Mr. Rossi?
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Married.
18	Retail manager.
19	THE COURT: And your spouse?
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: She's unemployed.
21	THE COURT: What?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Unemployed.
23	THE COURT: Unemployed?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
25	THE COURT: Did she work before?

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1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: A while ago.
2	THE COURT: Doing what?
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: She was doing secretary
4	work.
5	THE COURT: Mr. Perrier?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Single.
7	Laboratory manager.
8	THE COURT: What kind of lab?
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Biological and
10	radiological research.
11	THE COURT: You're a laboratory assistant, you
12	said?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Manager.
14	THE COURT: Oh, manager, I'm sorry.
15	Ms. Olibris, married, single, separated?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Divorced.
17	Social worker.
18	THE COURT: And Mr. O'Connell?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Single.
20	Graphic designer.
21	THE COURT: And Mr. Healey?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Divorced.
23	Law enforcement.
24	THE COURT: What do you do?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm a lieutenant at the

1	New York City Taxi Limousine Commission.
2	THE COURT: You're a lieutenant with whom?
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: New York City Taxi
4	Limousine Commission.
5	THE COURT: And Mr. Nuciforo?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Single.
7	Full-time student and I coach soccer at a day
8	camp.
9	THE COURT: What are you studying?
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Civil engineering.
11	THE COURT: Civil engineering, all right.
12	First row, any of you ladies and gentlemen
13	ever serve on a jury before?
14	Just raise your hand if you did.
15	Ms. Shaffee, what kind of jury was it? Civil?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Civil.
17	THE COURT: Civil, okay.
18	How long ago?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: A little over six years.
20	THE COURT: Okay.
21	And, Mr. Feinstein, how long ago for you?
22	What kind of jury was it?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Criminal, seven years.
24	THE COURT: Criminal?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.

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1	THE COURT: What was the charge?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Arson.
3	THE COURT: Was there a verdict, yes or no?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
5	THE COURT: How long ago was that?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Seven years ago.
7	THE COURT: Seven years ago.
8	Second row, same question, any of you ever sat
9	on a jury before, civil or criminal?
10	Okay.
11	First row, any of you ladies and gentlemen
12	ever been the victim of a crime, be it a petty crime or
13	a major crime, any crime, you, yourself, been the victim
14	or someone close to you or a relative? Anyone in the
15	first row?
16	Mr. Feinstein?
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I've been robbed twice.
18	THE COURT: Raise your hand then I'll respond
19	to you.
20	All right.
21	Ms. Shaffee, you have been robbed twice?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah.
23	THE COURT: Were weapons involved?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Once, at gunpoint, in the
25	office and then another time was in an apartment

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1	building,	by the elevator.
2		THE COURT: Was the office at gunpoint?
3		PROSPECTIVE JUROR: The office was gunpoint,
4	yes.	
5		THE COURT: And the second one is where?
6		PROSPECTIVE JUROR: In my building.
7		THE COURT: In your apartment or in the
8	hallway?	
9		PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, by the elevator.
10		THE COURT: By the elevator?
11		PROSPECTIVE JUROR: By the elevator.
12		THE COURT: Was there a weapon there?
13		PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
14		THE COURT: Okay.
15		Did you report both?
16		PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah. My apartment was
17	robbed ond	ce also.
18		THE COURT: Your what?
19		PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My apartment was robbed
20	also once.	•
21		THE COURT: Also your apartment was
22	burglarize	ed?
23		PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Also, yeah.
24		THE COURT: And you reported that?
25		PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah.

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1	THE COURT: Okay.
2	Who else?
3	Mr. Feinstein?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Mugged at gunpoint.
5	THE COURT: You were robbed at gunpoint?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Robbed.
7	THE COURT: Where did this occur?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Washington, D.C.
9	THE COURT: On the street?
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
11	THE COURT: You reported that to the police?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yep.
13	THE COURT: Who else, first row? Anyone else,
14	first row?
15	It doesn't have to be you, yourself, could be
16	someone very close to you or a relative, all right.
17	Mr. Givanchi?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, your Honor.
19	THE COURT: What?
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It's kind of hard for me
21	to say this. Sexual assault.
22	THE COURT: You were the victim of sexual
23	assault?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, sir.
25	THE COURT: And how long ago was this and

1	where?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: This is in San Francisco.
3	THE COURT: Was this reported to the police?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, your Honor.
. 5	THE COURT: Okay.
6	Anyone else?
7	All right.
8	Second row, same question?
9	Just raise your hands, I will go down.
10	Mr. O'Reilly.
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes. My vehicle was shot
12	and no one was injured.
13	THE COURT: Your vehicle was what?
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Vehicle was shot.
15	THE COURT: You mean somebody put a bullet
16	into your vehicle?
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: In the vehicle.
18	No one was injured in that one.
19	My house, my apartment, was burglarized like
20	eight years ago as well. Both were reported.
21	THE COURT: Who else?
22	Ms. Prezeau?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My nephew was murdered.
24	THE COURT: Who?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Nephew. My nephew.
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1	THE COURT: Oh, your nephew. Sorry.
2	And how did that occur, shooting, stabbing?
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Shooting.
4	THE COURT: How long ago?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Three years.
6	THE COURT: Did they ever find out who did it?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes. His girlfriend
8	his wife.
9	THE COURT: Which? Wife?
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Girlfriend.
11	THE COURT: Domestic violence?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
13	THE COURT: Did she go to jail? Was she
14	convicted?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. We couldn't we
16	didn't have enough money to pursue it. It was
17	Upstate in Connecticut, and we couldn't do anything
18	and they didn't want to do anything for us on our part.
19	THE COURT: The police didn't want to do
20	anything?
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Well, the police said he
22	shot himself and when when we get somebody to
23	investigate, the bullet was in the back of his head so,
24	you know, then they we asked them if there was gun
25	residue on his hand and they couldn't give us an answer.

1	THE COURT: Sorry to hear that.
2	Anyone else?
3	Mr. Rossi?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Robbed at gunpoint.
5	THE COURT: You were robbed at gunpoint?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
7	THE COURT: When? How long ago?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Probably about fifteen,
9	sixteen years ago.
10	THE COURT: Was that reported to the police?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It was.
12	THE COURT: Was the perpetrator ever
13	apprehended?
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
15	And I was also shot in my leg.
16	THE COURT: You were shot in your leg?
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
18	THE COURT: Was that person apprehended?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
20	THE COURT: Was it a drive-by or what was it?
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I was just caught in the
22	middle of, like, a shootout.
23	THE COURT: Who else?
24	Ms. Olibris?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Olibris (pronunciation).

1	(Whereupon, there was a brief pause in the							
2	proceedings.)							
3	THE COURT: Ms. Olibris, you want to come up,							
4	you said?							
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My laptop, somebody stole							
6	my laptop from my room.							
7	THE COURT: Somebody stole your laptop from							
8	your room?							
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My room.							
10	THE COURT: Who else?							
11	Mr. O'Connell?							
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My aunt got murdered by							
13	by a boyfriend.							
14	THE COURT: Was a weapon involved?							
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I think just his hands.							
16	THE COURT: How long ago was that?							
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Four years ago.							
18	THE COURT: He was arrested?							
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah. He killed himself							
20	so							
21	THE COURT: Oh, he killed himself. Sorry to							
22	hear that.							
23	Mr. Healey?							
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I worked for a gas station							
25	and we were robbed at gunpoint.							

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1	THE COURT: Okay.
2	You were working at the gas station?
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
4	THE COURT: And anyone else?
5	That's it?
6	First row, any of you ladies and gentlemen
7	ever been accused of or arrested for or convicted for a
8	crime, either yourself or someone close to you or a
9	relative? Anyone?
10	Mr. Hatcher?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: There was a brawl by the
12	police station, I was coming from the store and I guess
13	cops were everywhere and I was on my way home and I got
14	stopped by the police, you know, thrown to the car and
15	everything. I wasn't even involved. And they was
16	searching my pockets, everything, for I guess, like, a
17	gun or a weapon because they said I might have had it.
18	THE COURT: There was a fight in front of a
19	police station you said?
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah.
21	THE COURT: On the street?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah. There was also a
23	store there I was coming from.
24	THE COURT: So they thought you were part of
25	this fight or brawl, you said?
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1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
2	THE COURT: Were you taken in and booked or
3	not?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. My mother came to get
5	${\tt me.}$
6	THE COURT: How old were you at the time?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It was before I left. I
8	was about eighteen.
9	THE COURT: Before you left for what?
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: To Pennsylvania. I was
11	about seventeen, eighteen.
12	THE COURT: How long ago was that?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: About two years ago.
14	THE COURT: Is that going to affect your
15	judgment in this case?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It might 'cause there was
17	another incident that happened.
18	THE COURT: What happened?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I guess somebody called
20	the cops on my mother for something, and I wasn't aware
21	of that, just kind of like walked into it, and police
22	came to the door and there was a problem, and then the
23	cops just stopped me again because they thought I might
24	have been trying to do something. They had me against
25	the wall, tried to handcuff me.

1	
1	THE COURT: Were you booked on that?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
3	THE COURT: And what happened?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: They kind of stopped once
5	they found out what was really going on. There was a
6	big misunderstanding.
7	THE COURT: It was a misunderstanding, you
8	said?
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I kind of just walked in.
10	I was in the hallway listening.
11	THE COURT: So you say it is going to affect
12	you or not?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It might, yeah.
14	THE COURT: You are excused, Mr. Hatcher.
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Thank you.
16	THE CLERK: Seat number six will be Margaret
17	Gabriel.
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
19	THE CLERK: G-A-B-R-I-E-L.
20	THE COURT: Do you have any problems sitting
21	on this, Ms. Gabriel?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, not at all.
23	THE COURT: Okay.
24	Ms. Gabriel, your neighborhood?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: East Flatbush.
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1		THE COURT: East Flatbush.
2		And you're familiar with the crime scene area?
3		PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, I'm not.
4		THE COURT: Married, single, separated,
5	divorced?	
6		PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Divorced.
7		THE COURT: Have you ever served on a jury
8	before?	
9		PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
10		THE COURT: Okay.
11		Have you ever been the victim of a crime?
12		PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Just recently, in
13	November,	I was. My home was burglarized.
14		THE COURT: Home burglarized.
15		Have you ever been accused or arrested or
16	convicted	of a crime, or someone close to you?
17		PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, not that I know of.
18		THE COURT: Anyone else?
19		Thank you very much.
20		Anyone else?
21		First row?
22		Second row?
23		Anyone accused, arrested, convicted of a
24	crime, or	someone close to you?
25		That's Mr. O'Connell?

1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Last year I
2	THE COURT: What?
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Last year I went into the
4	wrong apartment coming back pretty drunk.
5	THE COURT: Start over, slowly.
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Sorry, sorry.
7	It was trespass. I went into the wrong
8	apartment by accident, so the cops came and started to
9	arrest me then the apartment people realized I wasn't
10	really
11	THE COURT: You said you went into another
12	apartment, you thought it was your apartment?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah, yeah. I had a few
14	drinks and I didn't get pressed charges, in the end.
15	THE COURT: Did they drop the charges?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Eventually.
17	THE COURT: Were you booked on it?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: They gave me a ticket. I
19	was handcuffed and stuff.
20	THE COURT: So you were given a ticket for
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Trespassing, but it
22	never
23	THE COURT: Where are you from? Australia?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: England.
25	THE COURT: England?
1	

1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah.
2	THE COURT: How long ago was this?
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Last year.
4	THE COURT: Anybody else?
5	All right.
6	First row, any of you ladies and gentlemen
7	related to, friendly with, interact with any law
8	enforcement agents or attorneys?
9	First row?
10	Ms. Gabriel?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My son is a police
12	officer.
13	THE COURT: Son's a police officer where?
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I think he just got
15	transferred to a precinct in Queens. I'm not familiar
16	with it.
17	THE COURT: Anyone else?
18	Yes, Mr. Feinstein?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My father was a
20	prosecuting attorney for the Justice Department.
21	THE COURT: Father works for the Attorney
22	General?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Department of Justice in
24	Washington.
25	THE COURT: U.S. Attorney.

1	How long ago did he work there?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Fifteen years ago.
3	THE COURT: Is he retired?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: He's a musician now as a
5	profession.
6	THE COURT: He's probably happier.
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Much.
8	THE COURT: Okay.
9	Anyone else, first row?
10	No attorneys, no law enforcement agents?
11	Second row, anyone friendly with
12	Ms let's see, that's Ms. Clements?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
14	My sister is a paralegal.
15	THE COURT: What?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My sister's a paralegal.
17	THE COURT: Oh, your sister's a paralegal.
18	She works for a law firm?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, in Atlanta. I'm not
20	familiar with the name, I'm sorry.
21	THE COURT: Paralegal in an Atlanta law firm.
22	Do you know what kind of work they do?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't know.
24	THE COURT: Okay.
25	Anyone else?
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1	Mr. O'Connell?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My dad is an attorney. He
3	was a prosecutor for United States defense.
4	THE COURT: Your dad is an attorney in
5	England?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: He's over here.
7	THE COURT: Over here?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah.
9	THE COURT: What kind of attorney? Criminal
10	defense?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Criminal defense. He was
12	a prosecutor for
13	THE COURT: And who else raised their hand?
14	Mr. Healey, you're in law enforcement?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I worked for law
16	enforcement.
17	THE COURT: All right.
18	Anybody else?
19	Oh, yes, Mr. Nuciforo.
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My uncle was a detective
21	in the N.Y.P.D. and another uncle was a sergeant in the
22	L.A.P.D.
23	THE COURT: So your uncle was a detective in
24	the N.Y.P.D. and you had another uncle?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: He was a sergeant in the
1	

1	L.A.P.D.
2	THE COURT: Los Angeles?
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
4	THE COURT: All right.
5	Mr. Givanchi, can you be fair and impartial in
6	this case?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I can, your Honor.
8	THE COURT: Thank you.
9	Ms. Gray?
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
11	THE COURT: Ms. Slobod?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
13	THE COURT: What?
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
15	THE COURT: Yes.
16	Ms. Shaffee?
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
18	THE COURT: Ms. Sanchez?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
20	THE COURT: Ms. Gabriel?
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
22	THE COURT: Ms. Dixon?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
24	THE COURT: And Ms. Jablonska?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.

1	THE COURT: Ms. Conigliaro?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
3	THE COURT: Mr. Feinstein?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I can't say I could or
5	couldn't.
6	THE COURT: What's the reason?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Experience of serving as a
8	juror last time.
9	THE COURT: You had some experience when you
10	were a juror last time?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
12	THE COURT: When was the last time you sat?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: About seven years ago.
14	THE COURT: And there were problems with the
15	jury or what?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: The prosecutor shared
17	information with us after the verdict.
18	THE COURT: That disturbed you?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah. It made me
20	THE COURT: You are excused, Mr. Feinstein.
21	Fill the box.
22	THE CLERK: Seat twenty will be Charles Curto,
23	C-U-R-T-O.
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
25	MR. WALENSKY: Your Honor, may we approach for

THE COURT: Come up. (Whereupon, a sidebar conference was held off the record.) THE COURT: Mr. Curto, your neighborhood? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Bensonhurst. THE COURT: And you're familiar with the crime scene area? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. THE COURT: Married, single, separated? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Single. THE COURT: Your occupation? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm a manager at a Rite Aid Pharmacy. THE COURT: Okay. And have you ever served on a jury before? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. THE COURT: No. Have you ever been the victim of a crime, or someone close to you? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: There was this little hit and run, I was on a bike and a car I filled out an incident report, never went to the hospital. I was okay. That was last summer. THE COURT: You were hit and run? You were	1	a moment?
THE COURT: Mr. Curto, your neighborhood? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Bensonhurst. THE COURT: And you're familiar with the crime scene area? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. THE COURT: Married, single, separated? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Single. THE COURT: Your occupation? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm a manager at a Rite Aid Pharmacy. THE COURT: Okay. And have you ever served on a jury before? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. THE COURT: No. Have you ever been the victim of a crime, or someone close to you? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: There was this little hit and run, I was on a bike and a car I filled out an incident report, never went to the hospital. I was okay. That was last summer.	2	THE COURT: Come up.
THE COURT: Mr. Curto, your neighborhood? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Bensonhurst. THE COURT: And you're familiar with the crime scene area? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. THE COURT: Married, single, separated? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Single. THE COURT: Your occupation? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm a manager at a Rite Aid Pharmacy. THE COURT: Okay. And have you ever served on a jury before? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. THE COURT: No. Have you ever been the victim of a crime, or someone close to you? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: There was this little hit and run, I was on a bike and a car I filled out an incident report, never went to the hospital. I was okay. That was last summer.	3	(Whereupon, a sidebar conference was held off
THE COURT: And you're familiar with the crime scene area? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. THE COURT: Married, single, separated? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Single. THE COURT: Your occupation? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm a manager at a Rite Aid Pharmacy. THE COURT: Okay. And have you ever served on a jury before? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. THE COURT: No. Have you ever been the victim of a crime, or someone close to you? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: There was this little hit and run, I was on a bike and a car I filled out an incident report, never went to the hospital. I was okay. That was last summer.	4	the record.)
THE COURT: And you're familiar with the crime scene area? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. THE COURT: Married, single, separated? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Single. THE COURT: Your occupation? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm a manager at a Rite Aid Pharmacy. THE COURT: Okay. And have you ever served on a jury before? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. THE COURT: No. Have you ever been the victim of a crime, or someone close to you? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: There was this little hit and run, I was on a bike and a car I filled out an incident report, never went to the hospital. I was okay. That was last summer.	5	THE COURT: Mr. Curto, your neighborhood?
9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. 10 THE COURT: Married, single, separated? 11 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Single. 12 THE COURT: Your occupation? 13 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm a manager at a Rite 14 Aid Pharmacy. 15 THE COURT: Okay. 16 And have you ever served on a jury before? 17 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. 18 THE COURT: No. 19 Have you ever been the victim of a crime, or 20 someone close to you? 21 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: There was this little hit 22 and run, I was on a bike and a car I filled out an 13 incident report, never went to the hospital. I was 24 okay. That was last summer.	6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Bensonhurst.
9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. 10 THE COURT: Married, single, separated? 11 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Single. 12 THE COURT: Your occupation? 13 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm a manager at a Rite 14 Aid Pharmacy. 15 THE COURT: Okay. 16 And have you ever served on a jury before? 17 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. 18 THE COURT: No. 19 Have you ever been the victim of a crime, or 20 someone close to you? 21 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: There was this little hit 22 and run, I was on a bike and a car I filled out an incident report, never went to the hospital. I was 24 okay. That was last summer.	7	THE COURT: And you're familiar with the crime
THE COURT: Married, single, separated? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Single. THE COURT: Your occupation? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm a manager at a Rite Aid Pharmacy. THE COURT: Okay. And have you ever served on a jury before? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. THE COURT: No. Have you ever been the victim of a crime, or someone close to you? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: There was this little hit and run, I was on a bike and a car I filled out an incident report, never went to the hospital. I was okay. That was last summer.	8	scene area?
11 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Single. 12 THE COURT: Your occupation? 13 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm a manager at a Rite 14 Aid Pharmacy. 15 THE COURT: Okay. 16 And have you ever served on a jury before? 17 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. 18 THE COURT: No. 19 Have you ever been the victim of a crime, or 20 someone close to you? 21 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: There was this little hit 22 and run, I was on a bike and a car I filled out an 23 incident report, never went to the hospital. I was 24 okay. That was last summer.	9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
THE COURT: Your occupation? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm a manager at a Rite Aid Pharmacy. THE COURT: Okay. And have you ever served on a jury before? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. THE COURT: No. Have you ever been the victim of a crime, or someone close to you? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: There was this little hit and run, I was on a bike and a car I filled out an incident report, never went to the hospital. I was okay. That was last summer.	10	THE COURT: Married, single, separated?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm a manager at a Rite Aid Pharmacy. THE COURT: Okay. And have you ever served on a jury before? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. THE COURT: No. Have you ever been the victim of a crime, or someone close to you? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: There was this little hit and run, I was on a bike and a car I filled out an incident report, never went to the hospital. I was okay. That was last summer.	11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Single.
THE COURT: Okay. And have you ever served on a jury before? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. THE COURT: No. Have you ever been the victim of a crime, or someone close to you? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: There was this little hit and run, I was on a bike and a car I filled out an incident report, never went to the hospital. I was okay. That was last summer.	12	THE COURT: Your occupation?
THE COURT: Okay. And have you ever served on a jury before? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. THE COURT: No. Have you ever been the victim of a crime, or someone close to you? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: There was this little hit and run, I was on a bike and a car I filled out an incident report, never went to the hospital. I was okay. That was last summer.	13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm a manager at a Rite
And have you ever served on a jury before? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. THE COURT: No. Have you ever been the victim of a crime, or someone close to you? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: There was this little hit and run, I was on a bike and a car I filled out an incident report, never went to the hospital. I was okay. That was last summer.	14	Aid Pharmacy.
17 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. THE COURT: No. Have you ever been the victim of a crime, or someone close to you? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: There was this little hit and run, I was on a bike and a car I filled out an incident report, never went to the hospital. I was okay. That was last summer.	15	THE COURT: Okay.
THE COURT: No. Have you ever been the victim of a crime, or someone close to you? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: There was this little hit and run, I was on a bike and a car I filled out an incident report, never went to the hospital. I was okay. That was last summer.	16	And have you ever served on a jury before?
Have you ever been the victim of a crime, or someone close to you? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: There was this little hit and run, I was on a bike and a car I filled out an incident report, never went to the hospital. I was okay. That was last summer.	17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
20 someone close to you? 21 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: There was this little hit 22 and run, I was on a bike and a car I filled out an 23 incident report, never went to the hospital. I was 24 okay. That was last summer.	18	THE COURT: No.
21 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: There was this little hit 22 and run, I was on a bike and a car I filled out an 23 incident report, never went to the hospital. I was 24 okay. That was last summer.	19	Have you ever been the victim of a crime, or
and run, I was on a bike and a car I filled out an incident report, never went to the hospital. I was okay. That was last summer.	20	someone close to you?
incident report, never went to the hospital. I was okay. That was last summer.	21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: There was this little hit
okay. That was last summer.	22	and run, I was on a bike and a car I filled out an
	23	incident report, never went to the hospital. I was
THE COURT: You were hit and run? You were	24	okay. That was last summer.
	25	THE COURT: You were hit and run? You were

1	hit on a bike?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I was on a bike.
3	THE COURT: And the car took off?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah.
5	THE COURT: Okay.
6	Have you ever been accused, arrested or
7	convicted of a crime, or someone close to you?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, sir.
9	THE COURT: And are you related to, interact
10	with, friendly with, any law enforcement agents or
11	attorneys?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
13	THE COURT: Can you be fair and impartial in
14	this case?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
16	THE COURT: Thank you.
17	All right.
18	Ms. Fadaka, can you be fair and impartial in
19	this case?
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
21	THE COURT: Ms. Clements?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
23	THE COURT: Mr. O'Reilly?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
25	THE COURT: Ms. Prezeau?

1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm not sure.
2	THE COURT: You are not sure?
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
4	THE COURT: Why not?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I will be too emotional.
6	THE COURT: Is this related to your nephew?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah.
8	THE COURT: You are excused.
9	Ms. Prezeau?
10	I'm sorry.
11	THE CLERK: Thirteen, she's excused.
12	THE COURT: Fill the box.
13	THE CLERK: Seat number thirteen will be
14	Jonathan Crockett.
15	Say "here" or "present."
16	C-R-O-C-K-E-T-T.
17	THE COURT: Do you have any problem sitting on
18	this matter, Mr. Crockett?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
20	THE COURT: Mr. Crockett, your neighborhood?
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Greenpoint.
22	THE COURT: And you are familiar with the
23	crime scene area?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't think so.
25	THE COURT: Okay.
1	

1	Married, single, separated, divorced?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Engaged.
3	THE COURT: Engaged.
4	And your occupation?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Web developer.
6	THE COURT: A what?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Web developer.
8	THE COURT: Web developer, okay.
9	And your significant other?
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: She's a project manager
11	but currently unemployed.
12	THE COURT: Okay.
13	Have you ever sat on a jury, another jury?
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
15	THE COURT: Have you ever been the victim of a
16	crime, or someone close to you?
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
18	THE COURT: What?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Burglary.
20	THE COURT: Your apartment or home?
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Apartment. And
22	THE COURT: What else?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My parents had their car
24	stolen and they had their house burglarized before.
25	THE COURT: Have you ever been accused of,

1	arrested for, or convicted of a crime?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes. When I was a
3	teenager, like criminal mischief.
4	THE COURT: Did you go to Family Court?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
6	THE COURT: What did they do? What happened
7	after you were arrested?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Well, I eventually got an
9	ACD.
10	THE COURT: Okay.
11	Are you related to, friendly with, interact
12	with any law enforcement agents or attorneys?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Well, my uncle and my
14	cousin are both immigration lawyers.
15	I have two second cousins that are both police
16	officers in New Jersey.
17	THE COURT: In New Jersey, two what?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Police officers.
19	THE COURT: What is their relationship?
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Second cousins. Cousins.
21	TḤE COURT: Okay.
22	Can you be fair and impartial in this case?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
24	THE COURT: Thank you.
25	Mr. Rossi?
11	1

1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.						
2	THE COURT: Mr. Perrier?						
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.						
4	THE COURT: Ms. Olibris?						
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My job might be a problem.						
6	THE COURT: What do you do?						
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I am on vacation now. I						
8	am supposed to be returning to my job on the 1st and I						
9	haven't told my supervisor.						
10	THE COURT: You don't have to worry about that						
11	because they can't do anything. You are on jury service						
12	or participating in jury service, you cannot your job						
13	cannot be affected.						
14	You understand?						
15	And we will inform them of that fact, all						
16	right?						
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Okay.						
18	THE COURT: Who do you work for?						
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: SCO Family Services. I						
20	work with children and families.						
21	THE COURT: My question to you, can you be						
22	fair and impartial in this case?						
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah.						
24	THE COURT: Okay.						
25	Thank you.						
1							

Voir Dire - People/Ms.	Chu
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	Voir Dire - People/Ms. Chu
1	Mr. O'Connell?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yep.
3	THE COURT: Mr. Healey?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, sir.
5	THE COURT: And Mr. Nuciforo?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
7	THE COURT: Okay.
8	All right, proceed.
9	MR. POVILL: Is this a good time to take a
10	quick break? Before questioning I just need five
11	minutes, if I could.
12	THE COURT: Now or
13	MR. POVILL: Before I question. I didn't know
14	if now was a better time.
15	THE COURT: We'll see.
16	Go ahead.
17	MS. CHU: Good morning, ladies and
18	gentlemen good afternoon. I'm sorry, good afternoon,
19	ladies and gentlemen. How are you guys doing?
20	I hope you guys were paying attention because
21	we are kind of going to go over the same things we spoke
22	about with the other panel about now.
23	So, again, no right or wrong answers, I just
24	want honest answers because I don't want you to think,
25	oh, she wants me to say this, then you say something

Voir Dire - People/Ms. Chu

that is not actually what you feel, then we will run into a problem. Okay.

Now, we spoke about the different types of evidence, that there's physical evidence, there's pictures, there's stuff you can hold in your hands. But there is also evidence that comes in the form of testimony, meaning that if someone talks to you about what it is that they saw, the question and answer of that person is considered evidence as well.

Can you all accept that proposition?

Now, I know with the last panel I was talking about how there is -- there are no eyewitnesses to the actual occurrence. You are not going to hear from one witness who's going to say that I was there and I saw the defendant stabbing the victim in this case, okay.

And I just want to ask you, can you think of a reason why there might not be a witness to see this happen?

Anybody think of a reason?

Ms. --

MR. WALENSKY: Objection, your Honor.

MS. CHU: Miss Sanchez, --

THE COURT: I will allow it.

MS. CHU: -- can you think of a reason why there might not be a reason to what happened?

Voir Dire - People/Ms. Chu

1 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. I mean, no one was 2 around and no one was around. 3 MS. CHU: It was only them two, right? 4 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Right. 5 MS. CHU: So keeping that in mind -- now, I am not saying that you are not going to hear any evidence 6 7 that shows, that the defendant did it. In fact, I told 8 the panel before that most of the evidence that's going 9 to prove that the defendant did this crime is going to 10 come from the words that she said to different people. 11 All right. 12 Now, we talked a little bit about the -- you 13 know, someone who would speak to police, someone who was a suspect of a crime speaking to police and the suspect 14 15 of a crime might be talking to someone else that is not in law enforcement. 16 17 Do you think the relationship that the person 18 has with who they are talking to would affect the 19 reliability of what they're saying? Do you understand what I am talking about, Mr. 20 21 Nuciforo? 22 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: You mean the perception would affect how they see things? 23 The relationship that they have with MS. CHU: 24

the person they are talking to.

25

voir bire reopie, hs. ch	Voir	Dire		People/Ms.	Chu
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PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Potentially.

MS. CHU: Mr. O'Connell, you think that would have something to do with it?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.

MS. CHU: Why?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Why?

MS. CHU: Why do you think it would have something to do with whether or not they are truthful or not, to the person they're talking to?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Because they are separate conversations, usually you're truthful to people that you are conversing with.

MS. CHU: People you're closer with?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.

MS. CHU: Now, we had Mr. -- I believe it was Mr. Jenkins on the last panel, he said that, you know -- I'm sorry, it was Ms. Webster who said that she would have a problem, she would have a problem accepting the premise that someone who's suspected of a crime would actually want to talk to the police. I believe other people said I can see why they might want to talk to the police.

Anybody here of the opinion that there is no way that someone would want to talk to the police if they are a suspect in a crime?

Voir Dire - People/Ms. Chu

Anybody who says, you know what, that can't 1 2 possibly happen? 3 Can you all accept that that possibly could happen? 4 5 Yes? 6 We talked about, depending on who you're 7 talking to, the best light for the -- you might say things that may be some half truths, maybe some whole 8 9 truths, maybe some lies. Do you think that is a 10 possibility? 11 Now, do you think you are the kind of persons or jurors who would be able to distinguish between when 12 someone's talking and saying something and being able to 13 14 figure out what part of their statement might be true, 15 what part might be false and you can compare and 16 contrast that to other evidence? Do you think that you can do that if you're 17 selected in this case? 18 19 Yes? 20 Anybody here think they can't do it? 21 Ms. Jablonska, how do you feel about that? 22 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't know it. 23 MS. CHU: You don't know it? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't know. 24 25 MS. CHU: Did you understand? Do you

1:20	1-cv-02196-KAM Document 5-3 Filed 11/12/20 Page 145 01 359 PageID #. 987
	Voir Dire - People/Ms. Chu
1	understand what I am asking?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
3	MS. CHU: You don't know whether you would be
4	able
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah.
6	MS. CHU: to distinguish? You would have a
7	hard time?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't know if I would
9	know if he is telling the truth, who's telling a lie, so
10	I would have to
11	MS. CHU: You would have to be in the
12	situation in order to decide?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah.
14	MS. CHU: The only thing that I am asking you,
15	can you keep an open mind and wait and hear all the
16	evidence?
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Of course.
18	MS. CHU: Then you can compare what you learn
19	from this witness proves that what they said here was
20	true, what I learned from this witness says maybe that
21	wasn't so true? Can you do that in this case?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
23	MS. CHU: Now, I know, Ms. Slobod
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm not sure.

MS. CHU: I know you had mentioned earlier

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Voir Dire - People/Ms. Chu

1	that you have somewhat of a language issue. Have you
2	been able to understand what we are talking about here?
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It's problem. Sometimes I
4	understand, sometimes no.
5	MS. CHU: Sometimes no?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Depends who's speaking.
7	MS. CHU: Now, of everything that has been
8	discussed up to this time, that I am talking to you now,
9	what percentage do you think you understood?
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Depends.
11	MS. CHU: Everything that you've heard so far?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
13	MS. CHU: So would it be like eighty percent,
14	seventy percent, ninety percent?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Twenty, maybe, percent.
16	MS. CHU: Twenty percent?
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I work with ethnic group.
18	I don't use English in my work.
19	MS. CHU: So you think that your language
20	issues would make it so you wouldn't be a fair juror in
21	this case? Is that what you are trying to say?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't understand.
23	MS. CHU: You don't understand, okay.
24	Thank you very much for being honest.
25	Is there anyone else here who hasn't

147 Voir Dire - People/Ms. Chu 1 understood what's been going on up to this point? 2 Okay. Now, Mr. Givanchi, are you the kind of person 3 that you could distinguish or compare and contrast all 4 the evidence you hear in this case to decide what parts 5 might be the truth and what parts might be false? 6 7 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I believe so. MS. CHU: Ms. Gray, you can do that? 8 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes. 9 MS. CHU: Mr. Healey, will you be able to do 10 11 that? 12 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes. MS. CHU: Now, we talked about the fact that 13 14 there's some sort of scientific evidence that you're 15 going to see in this case, there's DNA in this case. 16 You are not actually going to have a videotape of the 17 crime actually happening. I know that we get to watch things, so many things on TV, you get so much of a 18 19 different vantage point than you would in a real trial.

> Is there anyone here that says I need that kind of evidence, I can't rely on someone else's word?

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Some people are, if I wasn't there I can't tell you what happened, no one can tell me what happened?

Does anyone here feel as though without that

Voir Dire - People/Ms. Chu

type of evidence you would not be able to render a 1 decision in this case? 2 Everybody okay with the fact that we don't 3 have fingerprints, there's no knife, no knife was ever 4 5 recovered and no videotape of the actual crime? With all the surveillance that goes on, you 6 7 hear about it on TV, we don't have that here, I am being honest with you from the beginning. I need to know 8 whether or not you would have a problem. Like if you 9 are convinced from other evidence that the defendant was 10 guilty, would you be able to still vote them guilty even 11 12 though you might want something else? Do you understand what I'm asking, Ms. Dixon? 13 14 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I understand. 15 MS. CHU: Are you okay with that? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes. 16 17 MS. CHU: Anybody here have a problem with what types of evidence you're going to see versus what 18 type you are not going to see in this case? 19 20 Mr. O'Reilly? 21 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I mean, it's tough, not 22 having been a juror before, not being in the situation. I mean, I understand everything you are saying. I guess 23 24 it's kind of a situational thing.

MS. CHU: I appreciate that.

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mc

Voir Dire - People/Ms. Chu

What I am asking, I just don't want you to close your mind, you know what, I couldn't, there wasn't a video, there's no way of telling the truth or not.

Then or other people say, you know what, I don't need a videotape, if someone tells me what happened there, someone tells me what happens in the middle, someone tells me what happens after, I take all of that into consideration, you can do that, right?

Ms. Fadaka, you're nodding your head. You will be good with that?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR:

MS. CHU: How about you, Ms. Clements?

MS. CHU: We talked a little about sympathy, you kind of look at the defendant, she's a young woman. Is there anyone here that feels, let's say you're selected as jurors and you listen to all the evidence and all the evidence in the case convinces you that I've done my job and I've proven to you beyond a reasonable doubt that the defendant is guilty. Is there anyone here that's going to go back into the jury room and say, you know what, Ms. Chu did her job, she did what the Judge requires her to but something about her, I feel sorry for her, she reminds me of a friend, she reminds me of a family member?

Voir Dire - People/Ms. Chu

Anyone here that thinks that kind of feeling 1 would prevent you from rendering a decision, even if 2 you're convinced beyond a reasonable doubt that she is 3 guilty? 4 Is there anyone here that feels that way, that 5 thinks how they feel about the defendant might affect 6 7 their ability to render a decision according to the evidence only? 8 Everybody. 9 All right. 10 THE COURT: 11 Thank you, Ms. Chu. 12 MS. CHU: Okay. THE COURT: Go ahead. 13 14 You gotta go. Come on. 15 MR. POVILL: Good afternoon, ladies and 16 gentlemen. 17 My name is Josh Povill. I apologize. I was requesting five minutes 18 just to use the bathroom, but we'll do it. 19 THE COURT: You want five minutes to go to the 20 21 bathroom? 22 MR. POVILL: That was all. 23 THE COURT: Go to the bathroom. We'll take a 24 break. 25 MR. POVILL: That's okay.

	Voir Dire - Defendant/Mr. Povill
1	THE COURT: Yes.
2	Ladies and gentlemen, at this time we are
3	going to take a recess, five minutes. Step outside.
4	Bring all your belongings with you.
5	MR. POVILL: Thank you, your Honor.
6	THE COURT: Do not discuss the case amongst
7	yourselves or with anyone else.
8	(Whereupon, the panel of prospective jurors
9	exited the courtroom.)
10	THE COURT: All right, same instructions for
11	the other jurors. Take five minutes and we will be
12	right back, all right.
13	(Whereupon, the panel of prospective jurors
14	exited the courtroom.)
15	THE COURT: You may leave. Take your
16	belongings.
17	(Whereupon, a brief recess was held.)
18	COURT OFFICER: Ready for the panel, your
19	Honor?
20	THE COURT: Yes.
21	COURT OFFICER: Panel entering.
22	(Whereupon, the panel of prospective jurors
23	entered the courtroom.)
24	COURT OFFICER: Take the same seats that you
25	were seated in before.

Voir Dire - Defendant/Mr. Povill THE COURT: All right, we will proceed at this 1 2 time. MR. POVILL: Thank you, your Honor. 3 Good afternoon again, ladies and gentlemen. 4 We've spoken a little bit about burdens, 5 The prosecutor spoke about what her burden is 6 here, that she needs to prove Ms. Wisdom guilty beyond a 7 reasonable doubt, and she asked that you not hold her to 8 any higher burden. And I want to talk a little bit 9 about the burden, right, what that means, to prove the 10 11 guilt. 12 Of paramount concern in our system of justice 13 is the protection of the innocent. That is why the 14 burden is so high. So, we already talked about the fact 15 that the government always has the burden of proof, 16 right, it never shifts, it never moves. Does everybody understand that? 17 Does anybody have a problem with that? 18 I won't be offended. 19 So you can feel free to speak the truth here, 20 that's the only way we get to the answers that we need. 21 22

And that burden, again, it's an exceedingly high one.

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MS. CHU: Objection to it being exceedingly high, your Honor.

Voir Dire - Defendant/Mr. Povill

MR. POVILL: I won't characterize, your Honor.

THE COURT: Do me a favor, don't.

MR. POVILL: It's not a mere constitutional formality, though. This is how the system works. This is how we make sure that the innocent don't get punished, and because we all know that's the greatest travesty that can happen. So that is why you must be certain it must be beyond a reasonable doubt before you can convict, okay?

It's weird, right, you'll be asked at the end of this to render a verdict but you won't be asked is Ms. Wisdom guilty or innocent. That's not the question that you're going to be asked. You will be asked, is it guilty or not guilty, meaning anything other than guilty beyond any reasonable doubt.

Now, if the government hasn't made its case beyond a reasonable doubt, then the system simply is too concerned that she may be innocent to let you convict her.

MS. CHU: Objection. Where is this going?

THE COURT: Mr. Povill, go on to something else, all right, because the law is something that I will be instructing them on and this has been aired already, so go on to something else.

MR. POVILL: Yes, your Honor.

mc

	Voir Dire - Defendant/Mr. Povill
1	Let's talk about what you'll learn here.
2	We're all human, right?
3	We all want to know exactly what happened in
4	this instance.
5	Now, that's perfectly reasonable. But know
6	this, you may not know exactly what happened. You may
. 7	not know everything that you want to know at the end of
8	this trial. I am going to apologize right now for that,
9	but there's nothing I can do about it. It's
10	frustrating, I understand. It's not my job, it's not
11	defense's job to tell you the whole story and I don't
12	have the ability or the resources to do that.
13	MS. CHU: Objection, your Honor. This sounds
14	like an opening.
15	MR. WALENSKY: Mr. Povill.
16	(Whereupon, there was a brief pause in the
17	proceedings.)
18	THE COURT: Objection sustained.
19	Proceed.
20	MR. POVILL: The question that I want to ask
21	you is, can you all appreciate and understand that if
22	you have questions at the end, if you haven't been given
23	all the answers you need to reach your verdict, then you
24	must find the defendant not guilty?

MS. CHU: Objection. It's not their burden.

25

MR. POVILL: I don't believe I mischaracterized, your Honor.

MR. WALENSKY: Mr. Povill.

THE COURT: The fact is, ladies and gentlemen, if you have a reasonable doubt, I will define for you, as to the defendant's guilt, you must find him not guilty. If you find that the People have proven his guilt beyond a reasonable doubt, then you must find him guilty. But the fact is, I'll explain to you at the close of the case what reasonable doubt is, okay.

Proceed.

The next question I have of you, will you all follow the law as I give it to you respecting reasonable doubt?

Go on to something else.

MR. POVILL: Does anybody have a problem holding the People to that burden, knowing that they -- the answers don't come from the defense side necessarily, they come from the government?

Does anybody have a problem with that or find that difficult, they're troubled by that?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I would think my -- I understand it is a one-way system and you have to defend. I also think to myself that if I was put in that situation and I didn't do something, I would have a

lot to say in that sense. But I understand why you wouldn't because you might say something wrong or something could turn around against you. But I see -- I wouldn't -- I'm not one hundred percent but I would like to see you saying something, defending yourself.

MR. POVILL: I understand.

While you're sitting in this room and sitting in those chairs the burden is on the government. Ms. Wisdom sits innocent over there, silent and innocent.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I can see that.

THE COURT: Mr. Povill, go on to something else. This has been explored ad nauseam. Go ahead. If you got any questions of this jury, ask.

MR. POVILL: Yes.

Let's talk about something else.

Let's talk about fear.

There's going to be a lot of evidence that comes out in this case, I suspect, and one of the things that you'll be asked, likely be asked to consider is whether someone reacts reasonably when they're placed in fear.

Now, has everybody in this box been placed in fear at some time in their life? Has anyone never felt fear, real fear?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.

MR. POVILL: I know there's a lot of people in 1 this box who have been the victim of crimes and you know 2 3 that, the fear that I'm talking about. 4 Now, when you feel that -- let's see. 5 Rossi? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes. 6 7 MR. POVILL: You were robbed at gunpoint fifteen years ago? 8 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes. 9 10 MR. POVILL: Do you remember that? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, I do. 11 MR. POVILL: I'm quite certain you do, yeah. 12 Do you remember how you felt? Do you remember 13 the fear? 14 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, I do. 15 MR. POVILL: What I'm going to ask is, the 16 Judge will tell you that what you bring back into the 17 18 jury room is your common sense, it's your common 19 experience, that fear, that's part of it. That's how you judge what's reasonable, right? 20 MS. CHU: Objection, your Honor. 21 22 THE COURT: Sustained. MR. POVILL: Mr. Healey, you were robbed at 23 24 gunpoint? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes. 25

	Voir Dire - Defendant/Mr. Povill
1	MR. POVILL: Do you recall how that felt?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, I do.
3	MR. POVILL: Did you want to react when you
4	were robbed at gunpoint?
5	MS. CHU: Objection, your Honor.
6	THE COURT: Sustained.
7	MR. POVILL: Mr. Givanchi?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: That is correct.
9	MR. POVILL: Feel free to tell me that you
10	don't want to talk about it, but I know you mentioned
11	something happened to you and you were a victim of a
12	crime and I I would like to know, if you are able, if
13	you can tell me a little bit more about what happened.
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I was working with another
15	male who was much bigger than I was and that's what
16	that was what happened. But it was long enough ago to
17	be able to process it.
18	MR. POVILL: I appreciate that.
19	If there's discussion of a sexual assault
20	nature in this case, you think that you will be able to
21	sit and listen to that evidence fairly?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Absolutely.
23	MR. POVILL: Thank you, Mr. Givanchi, I
24	appreciate it.
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: You're welcome.

	Voir Dire - Defendant/Mr. Povill
1	MR. POVILL: Ms. Shaffee?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, sir.
3	MR. POVILL: You said you sat on a civil jury
4	previously, is that correct?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It was robbery. I don't
6	know if it's civil or not. That's not considered civil,
7	right?
8	MR. POVILL: That is probably a criminal
9	case.
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I made a mistake there.
11	MR. POVILL: And did you reach a verdict?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah.
13	THE COURT: Don't tell us what your verdict
14	was.
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah, we did.
16	MR. POVILL: Anything about that experience
17	that you feel affects you now today as you sit here?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
19	MR. POVILL: You feel okay about how the
20	system works?
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Sure.
22	MR. POVILL: Thank you.
23	THE COURT: Ms. Shaffee, you mentioned
24	something about the Ramadan fast, is that right?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah.
ł	H

	Voir Dire - Defendant/Mr. Povill
1	THE COURT: Let me ask you this.
2	Are you still working now?
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, I'm retired.
4	THE COURT: When you were working, did you
5	fast?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah.
7	THE COURT: For Ramadan?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: When I was younger.
9	THE COURT: And did you go to work?
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
11	THE COURT: So?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: When I was younger.
13	THE COURT: So?
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Much.
15	THE COURT: Are you saying
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It's harder when you get
17	older.
18	THE COURT: Fasting is hard to begin with. I
19	understand.
20	The real question is, is the fasting while
21	being on jury going to interfere with your ability to be
22	fair and impartial?
23	That's the question.
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Well, I don't know. The
25	reason why I ask, because we have to eat like before

	Voir Dire - Defendant/Mr. Povill
1	sunrise. It's like fourteen or sixteen hours and we
2	break the fast. We don't eat or drink during the day.
3	THE COURT: Right.
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: During the day we are
5	supposed to pray. Also, it's a holy month.
6	THE COURT: I understand that.
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: This is why.
8	THE COURT: When you say you have to pray,
9	where would you pray? Would you have to go to a temple,
10	or not?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, no, at home. At home.
12	Sometimes you go to the temple but most of the
13	times at home.
14	THE COURT: You understand that you are not
15	going to be
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I can't fast and come
17	here.
18	THE COURT: You can't fast?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I can't do that, no.
20	THE COURT: Okay.
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I can't.
22	THE COURT: Do you have any other questions?
23	MR. POVILL: Yes, just one, your Honor.
24	THE COURT: Go ahead.
25	MR. POVILL: Ms. Gabriel, do I have that

1 right? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: 2 MR. POVILL: When you came in a little late, I 3 didn't know what you did for work, ma'am. 4 What I did for work? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: 5 a medical assistant. 6 7 MR. POVILL: Are you still working? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, I am. 8 MR. POVILL: That's wonderful. 9 10 Thank you. 11 THE COURT: All right. 12 Thank you. 13 MR. POVILL: Thank you everybody. THE COURT: You know what, ladies and 14 15 gentlemen, we are going to adjourn at this particular time until Monday, all right, so do not discuss the case 16 17 amongst yourselves or with anyone else. You don't have to appear tomorrow. Monday be 18 19 here at ten o'clock, no later, and then at that time we'll finish with the voir dire. So, be here at ten 20 o'clock and do not discuss the case amongst yourselves 21 22

or with anyone else. Do not visit the place where the alleged crimes occurred. Have no contact with any of the parties involved in this matter. Do not resort to utilizing any digital electronic devices for the purpose

23

24

25

	Proceeding
1	of obtaining any information about this case or talking
2	to anybody about this case.
3	So, you are excused. Ten o'clock outside the
4	courtroom. Ten o'clock.
5	Just wait for someone to the Court Officer
6	to let you in.
7	You are excused right now, so you can vacate.
8	(Whereupon, the panel of prospective jurors
9	exited the courtroom.)
10	THE COURT: Now, those ladies and gentlemen
11	who are in the audience, you are to return here on
12	Monday at ten o'clock.
13	Do not discuss the case amongst yourselves or
14	with anyone else. Do not visit the place where the
15	alleged crimes occurred. Have no contact with any of
16	the parties involved in this matter. And, again, do not
17	resort to utilizing any electronic digital devices.
18	Now I am going to tell you, I am going to be
19	quite frank with all of you, if you fail to show up on
20	Monday I'll send a marshal out to bring you in, okay.
21	So the fact that we have this delay should not
22	give you any right or excuse not to come here on Monday.
23	Okay.
24	I hope you enjoy the weekend and I hope you

are here on Monday.

Procee	d	i	n	a
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1	You are excused.
2	COURT OFFICER: Step out.
3	THE COURT: You can step out at this time.
4	THE CLERK: She said you can step out.
5	THE COURT: You can step out at this time.
6	THE CLERK: Step out, sir.
7	SERGEANT: Talk to the Officer outside,
8	please.
9	(Whereupon, the panel of prospective jurors
10	exited the courtroom.)
11	THE COURT: All right, Monday, ten o'clock.
12	MS. CHU: I should anticipate witnesses for
13	Monday afternoon?
14	THE COURT: What?
15	MS. CHU: I should anticipate having witnesses
16	available for Monday afternoon?
17	THE COURT: If we can get the jury. We only
18	got three.
19	(Whereupon, the trial was adjourned to June
20	30, 2014.)
21	CERTIFIED TO BE A TRUE AND ACCURATE TRANSCRIPT OF THE ORIGINAL STENOGRAPHIC MINUTES TAKEN OF THIS
22	PROCEEDING.
23	
24	Mar Di Carille
25	MARLIN CASSIDY Senior Court Reporter
	Senior Court Reporter

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SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK
 1
    COUNTY OF KINGS: CRIMINAL TERM: PART 2
 2
    THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK,
 3
                                                  Indictment No.:
                                                  6615/2012
                 -against-
                                                  (Trial)
 4
   ATARA WISDOM,
 5
                       Defendant.
 6
 7
                             Supreme Courthouse
                             320 Jay Street
 8
                             Brooklyn, New York 11201
                             June 30, 2014
 9
10
    B E F O R E:
11
                   THE HONORABLE ALBERT TOMEI, JUSTICE
12
   APPEARANCES:
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19
                   Mamaroneck, New York
              BY: DAVID WALENSKY, ESQ.
20
                        - and -
21
                   JOSHUA POVILL, ESQ.
22
23
24
                             MARLIN CASSIDY
25
                             Senior Court Reporter
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Proceeding

1	(Whereupon, the following took place in open
2	court:)
3	THE CLERK: Your Honor, this is calendar
4	number one, case on trial, Indictment 6615 of 2012,
5	People versus Atara Wisdom.
6	Defendant is incarcerated, produced, before
7	the Court, present with his attorney, appearances are
8	the same with her attorney.
9	THE COURT: There is an application here?
10	MS. CHU: Yes, your Honor.
11	There is a 911 call that we have that was
12	placed by our deceased on November the 29th of 2011.
13	We'd like to have that deemed admissible on our direct
14	case to show
15	THE COURT: What year was that, 2000 and what?
16	MS. CHU: 2011. November 29th, 2011.
17	It was about 12:00 something in the morning on
18	November 29th. I have a memorandum of law that I
19	prepared.
20	THE COURT: Well, what's the call?
21	MS. CHU: The call, substance of the call,
22	is
23	THE COURT: Who is it from?
24	MS. CHU: It's from the victim, I got this
25	girl in my house and I don't know what's wrong with her,

Proceeding

she's acting all crazy and I want her out of my house. The phone call gets disconnected. Because it's not a landline, it's an cellphone, they are not able to get anything as far as location or where to go, so police are unable to investigate it any further.

We have this on his phone records, saying he called 911. At this time we actually have the actual tape, 911 tape, and the People would argue that it is admissible under the present sense impression and the excited utterance exception to the hearsay rule, and we have the memorandum of law that is -- that supports the People's position.

THE COURT: What's the response?

MR. WALENSKY: Your Honor, there are two prongs to this one, is it admissible under the excited utterance, does the prejudice far outweigh the probative value. During the evening of this call we actually don't know when this man is killed. Time of death was never set, the date itself was never set. We don't know what it refers to, whether it refers to this incident or something else, and so absent any background or testimony, it is just this man calling. We don't know if there's an upsetment, an intervening event, things calm down and something happened.

It's significant, there's nothing on the call

Proceeding

	Proceeding
1	like look out or ouch or hearing anything, it
2	essentially just cuts off with that and
3	THE COURT: Do you have the records?
4	MS. CHU: I do have the record.
5	THE COURT: Do the records show
6	MS. CHU: The cellphone shows that he makes a
7	911 call at a little bit after midnight on November the
8	29th and subsequently, after he makes that 911 call, the
9	phone numbers that are called by my victim's phone are
10	consistent with the defendant's cellphone numbers that
11	she calls. So, we know that there's a transition so
12	'cause we have a witness that she makes third-party
13	admissions to who says she calls from the victim's phone
14	so when he answers the phone he thinks it's the victim,
15	it's actually the defendant calling him. That is where
16	the third-party admission comes in.
17	We will have
18	MR. WALENSKY: No.
19	MS. CHU: phone records that corroborate
20	that his phone called our witness's phone and then
21	subsequent to that the pattern of phones calls that are
22	made by my victim's phone mirror what the defendant's
23	pattern of phone calls are from her cellphone.

MR. WALENSKY: What was said --

MS. CHU: In addition to that, your Honor, I'm

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Proceeding

sorry, the ME will be able to corroborate that the time of death, although they can't pinpoint an exact time, that it's consistent, that November 29th, 2011 is consistent with the manner of death as far as the amount of decay, that the deceased had been dead for quite some time, there's mummification, part of th head and body, he had maggots. Everything is consistent. He had maggots in him.

THE COURT: How long was he in the apartment before they discovered him?

If we presume that the 911 call was on November 29th, 2011, was when everything occurred, he wasn't found until January 3rd, 2012, what is her admission?

MS. CHU: She was living with him and that she was giving him money, he also wanted to have sex with her, she wasn't going to do that, so she basically, in her statements to the police, said that he tried to rape her so she had to defend herself and she stabbed him and then left.

THE COURT: Does she give the time or date?

MS. CHU: She doesn't say the time or the

date. But I know we have family members and the last

time that they saw him was around Thanksgiving, that the

29th would have been right after that Thanksgiving.

Proceeding

1	MR. WALENSKY: She tells the police in the
2	video statement, the Court will see that, she thinks she
3	woke up at about 2:00 or 3:00 and he's grabbing her,
4	he's trying this is when he is assaulting her, around
5	2:00 in the morning, she is not really sure, she's not
6	looking at a watch. We believe that, again, the
7	prejudice far outweighs the probative value of this
8	because we have it's just a bald statement, we have
9	nothing else, and there is nothing else on this.
10	As I said, there is no notice of any
11	intervening actions that could have been occurring. It
12	may have stopped, she may not have been crazy at 12:30,
13	stops, goes to sleep and picks up then.
14	THE COURT: I am going to allow it under
15	present sense impression.
16	MR. WALENSKY: Note my exception.
17	THE COURT: Okay.
18	What else? Is that it? Is that it?
19	MS. CHU: That is all for me.
20	THE CLERK: I think we are up to the lawyers.
21	THE COURT: Yes, the lawyers.
22	(Whereupon, there was a brief pause in the
23	proceedings.)
24	MR. WALENSKY: Your Honor, if we have another
25	panel, could I request that you remind them, if there's

Proceeding

1	something personal, that they can come and talk to you,
2	because we had two people talking about rapes in front
3	of everybody and I think it was very uncomfortable.
4	THE COURT: I'll tell them, if they have
5	something they don't want to express in front of the
6	other jurors, that they can.
7	What's the story?
8	THE CLERK: Two out of the three are here.
9	THE COURT: Who's missing?
10	THE CLERK: Number one.
11	THE COURT: Givanchi?
12	THE CLERK: Yes.
13	THE COURT: He's missing?
14	THE CLERK: Yes.
15	THE COURT: Bring them in.
16	I'll fill the box, if he doesn't come in.
17	MS. CHU: We are up to challenges.
18	THE COURT: We didn't do challenges?
19	MS. CHU: We already did the questioning. We
20	already spoke to them.
21	THE COURT: You spoke to them already?
22	MS. CHU: We spoke to them.
23	MR. WALENSKY: Yes.
24	THE COURT: I don't think so.
25	MR. POVILL: Yes, your Honor.

Voir	Dire
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1	MS. SCHWARTZKOPF: Yes, I have notes from the
2	attorneys.
3	THE CLERK: We are up to the challenges.
4	MS. CHU: I believe co-counsel did the voir
5	dire.
6	THE COURT: I know he did.
7	MS. CHU: That was the second time.
8	MS. SCHWARTZKOPF: He was the last person.
9	We have to do the challenges.
10	THE COURT: What do we have, three?
11	First nine, cause?
12	MS. CHU: Yes, your Honor. Juror number
13	three, Ms. Slobod, I don't believe that she has a full
14	grasp of the English language such that she would be a
15	juror for this case.
16	MR. WALENSKY: I would agree with that, your
17	Honor.
18	THE COURT: She's out for cause.
19	All right, any others?
20	MS. CHU: You said up to nine, right?
21	THE COURT: Yes.
22	MS. CHU: No, I have no others.
23	THE COURT: Cause, defense?
24	MR. WALENSKY: Number one, Mr. Givanchi.
25	THE COURT: What is the cause?

Voir Dire

1	MR. WALENSKY: Sexual assault, and his
2	difficulties with it, and the nature of this case, I
3	mean, he said he was raped by another man. I think he
4	said it was very traumatic.
5	MS. CHU: I would consent to that, your
6	Honor.
7	MR. WALENSKY: Consent.
8	THE COURT: All right, he is out for cause.
9	THE CLERK: Is that on consent?
10	MR. WALENSKY: Consent.
11	MS. CHU: Yes.
12	THE COURT: Any others?
13	MR. WALENSKY: Number four, Ms. Shaffee, she
14	couldn't fast and sit, she is getting old, it's hard for
15	her to concentrate and do it.
16	MS. CHU: I would consent.
17	MR. WALENSKY: Number four.
18	She was quite clear, she wouldn't be able to
19	do it.
20	THE COURT: She said she's Muslim, right?
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21	MS. SCHWARTZKOPF: Cannot fast and come to
22	MS. SCHWARTZKOPF: Cannot fast and come to court.
22	court.

	Voir Dire
1	THE COURT: All right.
2	Perempt?
3	MS. CHU: Up to nine?
4	THE COURT: Well, it's not up to nine.
5	It's
6	MS. SCHWARTZKOPF: Yes.
7	THE COURT: I'm sorry, yes.
8	MS. CHU: No perempts by the People.
9	THE COURT: Defense?
10	MR. WALENSKY: Number seven.
11	THE COURT: Nuciforo?
12	MR. WALENSKY: Nuciforo, yes.
13	THE COURT: Who else?
14	MR. WALENSKY: Number eight, Mr. Healey.
15	And number nine, Mr. O'Connell.
16	THE CLERK: Your Honor, juror number four is
17	Cleo Gray.
18	Juror five is Elizabeth Sanchez.
19	THE COURT: Hold on one minute. Hold on.
20	(Whereupon, there was a brief pause in the
21	proceedings.)
22	THE COURT: Sanchez is five?
23	THE CLERK: Yes.
24	THE COURT: Okay.
25	Is that it?

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1	THE CLERK: Juror number six is Margaret
2	Gabriel.
3	THE COURT: She's number twelve.
4	THE CLERK: Seat six is now juror six, Judge.
5	MS. SCHWARTZKOPF: Margaret Gabriel is in seat
6	six.
7	THE CLERK: She's also juror six.
8	THE COURT: So she's selected.
9	THE CLERK: So the next six, Olibris, Perrier,
10	Rossi, Crockett.
11	MS. CHU: Dixon and O'Reilly.
12	THE COURT: Dixon and O'Reilly.
13	Cause?
14	MS. CHU: Your Honor, I would challenge number
15	ten for cause. She said something about she's on
16	vacation right now, she has to return on the 1st. She
17	said that she didn't she says she thought it would be
18	a problem for her to be out of work.
19	THE COURT: Denied.
20	Cause?
21	MR. WALENSKY: We're through sixteen?
22	MS. SCHWARTZKOPF: Fifteen.
23	MR. WALENSKY: Nothing for cause.
24	THE COURT: Perempt?
25	MS. CHU: People challenge juror number ten.

	Voir Dire
1	Juror number fourteen.
2	THE COURT: Dixon?
3	MS. CHU: Yes.
4	And that's it.
5	THE COURT: Defendant?
6	MR. WALENSKY: Number eleven.
7	Number
8	THE CLERK: Whoa.
9	THE COURT: Go ahead.
10	MR. WALENSKY: Number fifteen.
11	THE COURT: Is that it?
12	MR. WALENSKY: One moment.
13	(Whereupon, there was a brief pause in the
14	proceedings.)
15	MR. WALENSKY: That's it, your Honor.
16	THE CLERK: Juror number seven is Samuel
17	Rossi.
18	Juror number eight is Jonathan Crockett.
19	THE COURT: All right.
20	Sixteen sixteen, seventeen and nineteen,
21	cause?
22	MS. CHU: None for the People.
23	THE COURT: Cause?
24	MR. WALENSKY: I'm not sure about Ms.
25	Jablonska, language.

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1	THE COURT: Not sure why?
2	MR. WALENSKY: I don't know that she has a
3	good enough facility of language.
4	THE COURT: Denied.
5	Perempt?
6	MS. CHU: People challenge juror number
7	twenty.
8	MS. SCHWARTZKOPF: We are not up to twenty.
9	THE CLERK: We are not up to twenty.
10	MS. CHU: Oops.
11	THE CLERK: Sixteen to nineteen.
12	MS. CHU: Up to nineteen, no.
13	THE COURT: Perempt?
14	MR. WALENSKY: Number sixteen.
15	Number
16	THE COURT: Who? Number sixteen?
17	MR. WALENSKY: Yes.
18	Number eighteen.
19	That's all.
20	THE CLERK: Juror number nine is Deanna
21	Clements.
22	Juror ten is Blessing Fadaka.
23	THE COURT: Twenty, cause?
24	MS. CHU: No.
25	THE COURT: Cause?

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1	MR. WALENSKY: No.
2	THE COURT: Perempt?
3	MS. CHU: People challenge.
4	THE CLERK: So far the People have used a
5	total of eleven perempts, the defense fourteen.
6	THE COURT: How many did the D.A. use?
7	MS. CHU: Just this round, Judge?
8	MS. SCHWARTZKOPF: Three for the People, seven
9	for defense.
10	THE CLERK: I'm doing it cumulatively.
11	THE COURT: Seven for the defense?
12	MS. SCHWARTZKOPF: Yes.
13	THE CLERK: But I do it cumulatively.
14	THE COURT: I am just asking, that's all.
15	Let's go bring them in.
16	(Whereupon, there was a brief pause in the
17	proceedings.)
18	(Whereupon, the panel of prospective jurors
19	entered the courtroom.)
20	THE COURT: Have a seat in the first two rows,
21	please.
22	THE CLERK: Did someone bring a child?
23	What is your name, ma'am?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Blessing.
25	THE CLERK: Is that your child?

Voir Dire

1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My babysitter didn't show
2	up, she's out of town.
3	THE COURT: Only those that were in the box.
4	Only those who were in the box, please.
5	(Whereupon, the panel of prospective jurors
6	exited the courtroom.)
7	THE CLERK: Were you seated here?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Cleo Gray.
9	THE CLERK: Okay.
10	Ma'am, you can have a seat.
11	Okay, if you hear your name called, ladies and
12	gentlemen, that means you have been selected to serve as
13	a juror. If do you not hear your name called, you are
14	excused with the thanks of the Court. Go back down to
15	the second floor, Central Jury, if you don't hear your
16	name called. If you hear your name called please say
17	"here" or "present."
18	Juror number four will be Cleo Gray.
19	Say "here" or "present."
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Here.
21	THE CLERK: Juror number five, Elizabeth
22	Sanchez.
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Here.
24	THE CLERK: Juror number six, Margaret
25	Gabriel.

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1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
2	THE CLERK: Juror number seven, Samuel Rossi.
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Here.
4	THE CLERK: Juror number eight, Jonathan
5	Crockett.
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Here.
7	THE CLERK: Juror number nine, Deanna
8	Clements.
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Here.
10	THE CLERK: And juror number ten, Blessing
11	Fadaka.
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Here.
13	THE CLERK: The rest of you can return to
14	Central Jury, if you didn't hear your name called.
15	(Whereupon, the panel of prospective jurors
16	exited the courtroom.)
17	THE COURT: Come on up.
18	Ms. Blessing, you are excused.
19	How many? We have nine now?
20	THE CLERK: Yes.
21	(Whereupon, the prospective juror exited the
22	courtroom.)
23	THE CLERK: All right.
24	Will the six of you please rise and raise your
25	right hand.
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1	Do you and each of you sincerely and solemnly
2	swear or affirm that you will try this case in a just
3	and impartial manner, to the best of your judgment, and
4	you will render a verdict according to the law and
5	evidence?
6	What is your response?
7	(Whereupon, the jurors responded.)
8	THE CLERK: Please see the Court Officer.
9	COURT OFFICER: Step this way.
10	(Whereupon, the jurors exited the courtroom.)
11	THE COURT: Get the rest of them. Please have
12	them seated on the right.
13	COURT OFFICER: Panel entering.
14	(Whereupon, the panel of prospective jurors
15	entered the courtroom.)
16	THE COURT: Sit on the right side, please.
17	Thank you.
18	Who has a child?
19	What is your name, ma'am?
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Ann Osibodu,
21	O-S-I-B-O-D-U.
22	THE COURT: Why did you bring your child?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Because I have no
24	babysitter, nobody to watch him for me.
25	THE CLERK: First name?

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1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Ann.
2	THE COURT: You are excused, ma'am. Second
3	floor, Central Jury.
4	You are excused. Take your child with you, go
5	down to the second floor.
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Thank you, sir.
7	THE COURT: Fill the box.
8	THE CLERK: Seat number one is Harris Edelman.
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Edelman (pronunciation).
10	THE CLERK: E-D-E-L-M-A-N.
11	Seat two, is Tinnel (phonetic) Heraldo.
12	First name Tinnel, Heraldo, H-E-R-A-L-D-O, is
13	her last name.
14	Seat three is Adrian (phonetic) Yorker,
15	Y-O-R-K-E-R.
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Here.
17	Seat four is Ilia (phonetic) Yudin.
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Here.
19	THE CLERK: Y-U-D-I-N.
20	Seat five is Brady Clark, C-L-A-R-K.
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Present.
22	THE CLERK: Seat six is Rebecca Mamer.
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Here.
24	THE CLERK: M-A-M-E-R.
25	Seat seven is Renee (phonetic) Hernandez.

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1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Here.
2	THE CLERK: H-E-R-N-A-N-D-E-Z.
3	Seat eight is Olusegun, O-L-U-S-E-G-U-N, last
4	name is Adedeji, A-D-E-D-E-J-I.
5	Seat nine is Elsie Comer, C-O-M-E-R.
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Here.
7	THE CLERK: And seat ten is Jaweed (phonetic)
8	Ahmed.
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Here.
10	THE CLERK: A-H-M-E-D.
11	THE COURT: Mr. Edelman, your neighborhood?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Edelman (pronunciation).
13	THE COURT: Edelman, I'm sorry.
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Greenpoint, Brooklyn.
15	THE COURT: Ms. Heraldo?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: East Flatbush.
17	THE COURT: Mr. Yorker?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Bay Ridge.
19	THE COURT: Mr. Yudin?
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Homecrest.
21	THE COURT: Homecrest.
22	And Mr. Clark?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Prospect Heights.
24	THE COURT: Ms. Mamer?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Greenpoint.

Voir	Dire
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1	THE COURT: Mr. Ahmed?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Sheepshead Bay.
3	THE COURT: And Ms. Comer?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: East New York.
5	THE COURT: And Mr. Adedeji?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Bushwick.
7	THE COURT: Bushwick?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
9	THE COURT: And Mr. Hernandez?
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Bensonhurst.
11	THE COURT: Bensonhurst, all right.
12	First row, any of you ladies and gentlemen
13	familiar with the crime scene area, 832 Bushwick Avenue?
14	Second row, anyone?
15	Mr. Edelman, married
16	MS. CHU: Your Honor, I'm sorry, juror five
17	raised their hand.
18	THE COURT: Mr. Clark, you are familiar with
19	the area?
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Some friends lived out
21	that way, Stockholm, Bushwick.
22	THE COURT: All right.
23	Thank you.
24	Mr. Edelman, married, single, separated,
25	divorced?

	VOII DITE
1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Unmarried.
2	THE COURT: You're married?
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Unmarried.
4	THE COURT: You are not married?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Not married.
6	THE COURT: Single?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Well, I'm not married. We
8	have
9	THE COURT: You have a relationship?
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I have relations.
11	THE COURT: Are you in a relationship now?
12	That's my question.
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: How would that affect
14	THE COURT: Because if you're in a relation,
15	then I'd like to know what your partner does or doesn't
16	do or whatever.
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm in a relationship.
18	THE COURT: Thank you.
19	So, okay.
20	And your occupation?
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Computer science.
22	THE COURT: And your partner's?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Merchandising.
24	THE COURT: Thank you.
25	Ms. Heraldo?

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1		PROSPECTIVE	JUROR: I'm single.
2		THE COURT:	What kind of work do you do?
3		PROSPECTIVE	JUROR: I'm a file clerk.
4		THE COURT:	You have to speak up.
5		PROSPECTIVE	JUROR: File clerk.
6		THE COURT:	Thank you very much.
7		Mr. Yorker?	
8		PROSPECTIVE	JUROR: Married.
9		THE COURT:	Your occupation?
10		PROSPECTIVE	JUROR: Unemployed. Stay-at-home
11	dad.		
12		THE COURT:	What did you do when you worked?
13		PROSPECTIVE	JUROR: I did I worked for
14	1-800-Got	Junk. I rem	noved items from businesses and
15	homes.		
16		THE COÙRT:	What exactly?
17		PROSPECTIVE	JUROR: I remove unwanted items.
18		Like a movir	ng person, manual labor.
19		THE COURT:	And your spouse?
20		PROSPECTIVE	JUROR: She's a director for an ad
21	agency.		
22		THE COURT:	Okay.
23		Mr. Yudin?	
24		PROSPECTIVE	JUROR: Yes.
25		THE COURT:	Married, single, separated,

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1	divorced?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Married.
3	THE COURT: Your occupation?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I work for the New York
5	Times. I'm a computer person there.
6	THE COURT: Okay.
7	And your spouse?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: She's not employed
9	currently.
10	THE COURT: What did she do when she worked?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Several various things,
12	including writing, reporting for a local newspaper,
13	doing computers.
14	THE COURT: All right, thank you.
15	Mr. Clark?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I had a relationship but
17	not married.
18	THE COURT: And your occupation?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I work in music publishing
20	and licensing.
21	THE COURT: What do you do?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: AR guy, sign bands, help
23	them with their legal contracts, stuff like that.
24	THE COURT: You sign bands, you said?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah, for a publishing

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1	company, music publishing.
2	THE COURT: Are you an agent?
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: AR guy.
4	THE COURT: Music agent?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Essentially.
6	THE COURT: Okay.
7	And your partner?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: She's a director for a
9	digital advertising digital media company.
10	THE COURT: She's in advertising, you said?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
12	THE COURT: Thank you.
13	Ms. Mamer?
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Engaged.
15	THE COURT: Okay.
16	And your occupation?
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm a bartender.
18	THE COURT: Okay.
19	And you have a significant other?
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: He does film related
21	contract work, mainly screenwriting research. He's
22	associate producing a film right now.
23	THE COURT: Indie?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It's an IMAX movie.
25	THE COURT: Oh.
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***************************************	Voir Dire
1	Thank you.
2	Mr. Ahmed?
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Married.
4	THE COURT: Occupation?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Dietician.
6	THE COURT: And your spouse?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: She's a stay-at-home mom
8	at this time.
9	THE COURT: Okay.
10	Did she work at all?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, but not in this
12	country. She just came a few years ago.
13	THE COURT: Ms. Comer?
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm a nurse.
15	THE COURT: Married, single?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Single.
17	THE COURT: Single.
18	You're an R.N.?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: LPN.
20	THE COURT: Thank you very much.
21	And Mr. Adedeji.
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Adedeji (pronunciation.)

THE COURT: Adedeji, okay.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Married.

Are you married?

23

24

1	THE COURT: And your occupation?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Attorney.
3	THE COURT: Excuse me?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Attorney.
5	THE COURT: You're an attorney?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, your Honor.
7	THE COURT: What kind of law do you practice?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Essentially, civil.
9	THE COURT: Civil?
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
11	THE COURT: And your spouse?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Physical therapist.
13	MS. CHU: I'm sorry?
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Physical therapist.
15	MS. CHU: Physical therapist.
16	THE COURT: Physical therapist, I'm sorry.
17	Mr. Hernandez?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Engaged.
19	THE COURT: Okay.
20	And your occupation?
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Handyman.
22	THE COURT: All right.
23	And your significant other?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Customer service.
25	THE COURT: What?

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1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: She's customer service.
2	THE COURT: Customer service.
3	First row, any of you ladies and gentlemen
4	ever serve on a jury before?
5	Second row, anyone?
6	Yes, Ms. Comer?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
8	THE COURT: What kind of jury were you on?
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Civil. I sat on a civil
10	case.
11	THE COURT: Okay.
12	First row, any of you ladies and gentlemen
13	ever been the victim of a crime, or someone close to
14	you?
15	All right, I will start with Mr. Edelman.
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I was mugged at
17	knifepoint.
18	THE COURT: You were robbed when?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: 1985, late '80s, New York
20	City.
21	THE COURT: You were robbed at knifepoint?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My motorcycle has been
23	stolen twice. Different motorcycles, not the same one.
24	Twice.
25	THE COURT: So you had two

1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Two motorcycles, two
2	different motorcycles, two different occasions.
3	THE COURT: Okay.
4	Anything else?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My brother was mugged.
6	THE COURT: Your mother was robbed?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Robbed.
8	THE COURT: Was that at knifepoint?
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I should differentiate. I
10	don't know the difference between mugged and robbed.
11	THE COURT: There is no such legal term as
12	"mugged."
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm not a lawyer.
14	THE COURT: Property taken by force?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
16	THE COURT: Then it's robbery.
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Then a robbery. Property
18	taken from me by force, from my brother as well,
19	skateboard, I think, and bicycle.
20	THE COURT: Was a weapon involved?
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, knife. In every
22	occasion.
23	THE COURT: Anything else?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My uncle was burglarized
25	for sure twice, as were my parents.

1	THE COURT: They were home?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: They weren't home. And
3	stuff was taken.
4	THE COURT: Were all of these reported?
5	Were yours reported?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Mine, the motorcycle
7	thefts, for sure. It's the last five, ten years. I was
8	robbed as a kid growing up in New York City. I don't
9	even know, I mean
10	THE COURT: You were a kid?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah, yeah.
12	THE COURT: How old?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Like ten to thirteen.
14	THE COURT: Probably didn't report it.
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I mean, I don't recall.
16	But for sure, I mean, it was in the '80s in New York
17	City.
18	THE COURT: All right, thank you.
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: You're welcome.
20	THE COURT: Anyone else?
21	Just raise your hand.
22	Mr. Yorker?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My stepbrother's son was
24	shaken to death by a non-family member.
25	THE COURT: It's called shaken baby syndrome?

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1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah.
2	THE COURT: What happened to your
3	stepbrother?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: The person who did it is
5	still in jail.
6	THE COURT: I mean, the
7	So he went to trial or pled guilty?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My stepbrother didn't do
9	it. He had broken up with the
10	THE COURT: The person that did.
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: The person that did it is
12	currently in jail.
13	THE COURT: Okay.
14	Who else raised their hand?
15	Mr. Clark?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My father was robbed at
17	gunpoint in New York, late '80s.
18	THE COURT: Anything else?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: And I had a close friend
20	who was a victim of a hate crime in Bushwick, actually.
21	THE COURT: Assaulted or what?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: He was beaten close to
23	death.
24	THE COURT: Was a weapon involved?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Just hands.
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1	THE COURT: Fists?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
3	THE COURT: More than one person?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
5	THE COURT: Okay.
6	Who else?
7	Ms. Mamer?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My brother was jumped and
9	beaten pretty badly.
10	It was part of like a string of incidents in
11	Seattle. I think they caught some of the guys but not
12	all of them.
13	THE COURT: Was he injured seriously?
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah. They broke his eye
15	socket. He was kind of unrecognizable.
16	THE COURT: Sorry about that.
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Also, I was assaulted by
18	an ex-boyfriend about five years ago.
19	THE COURT: Was he arrested?
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. I didn't report it.
21	THE COURT: Why?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: We were alone in his
23	apartment, I didn't have proof, I didn't want to go
24	through it.
25	THE COURT: Were you injured?

1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Not seriously. Pretty
2	bruised. I fought him off before it got pretty bad.
3	THE COURT: Did the police come?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm sorry?
5	THE COURT: Did the police come?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
7	THE COURT: Anyone else?
8	Second row, been the victim of a crime or
9	someone close to you?
10	Yes, Mr. Adedeji?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Close family friend was
12	just recently the victim of a carjacking.
13	THE COURT: Close friend of yours?
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
15	THE COURT: He was the victim of a carjacking?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
17	THE COURT: Was he injured, or she?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: She wasn't injured. She
18 19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: She wasn't injured. She managed to escape the perpetrator.
19	managed to escape the perpetrator.
19 20	managed to escape the perpetrator. THE COURT: Anyone else?
19 20 21	managed to escape the perpetrator. THE COURT: Anyone else? First row, any of you ladies and gentlemen
19 20 21 22	managed to escape the perpetrator. THE COURT: Anyone else? First row, any of you ladies and gentlemen ever accused of, arrested for, or convicted of a crime,

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1	Lower East Side and I was arrested.
2	THE COURT: So you were arrested or were you
3	given a summons?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I was arrested. I did one
5	day community service.
6	THE COURT: Thank you.
7	Anyone else?
8	Mr. Clark?
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I got an open container
10	and paid the ticket.
11	THE COURT: Was that beer?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah.
13	THE COURT: Anyone else?
14	Mr. Hernandez?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My ex-wife sent me to
16	jail.
17	THE COURT: Your ex-wife is what?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Sent me to jail.
19	THE COURT: She is in jail?
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, she sent me to jail.
21	THE COURT: Sent you to jail?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
23	THE COURT: Was it domestic violence?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
25	THE COURT: What happened?

1	I mean, when she reported this to the police.
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: She reported to the police
3	but
4	THE COURT: Then what happened?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Obviously they believed
6	her, not me.
7	THE COURT: So then what happened? Did you
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I went to court.
9	THE COURT: How long did you go to jail for?
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Two days. Then I did
11	anger management.
12	THE COURT: Community service, anger
13	management?
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, pay a fine.
15	THE COURT: Okay.
16	You going to hold it against anybody in this
17	case, the police, D.A.?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
19	THE COURT: Okay.
20	First row, any of you ladies and gentlemen
21	related to, friendly, interact with any attorneys or law
22	enforcement agents?
23	Mr. Edelman?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I have close friends and
25	family that are attorneys, including a U.S. attorney,

1	A.D.A. in Suffolk County, married to a police officer,
2	married to an attorney in New York City. My cousin is
3	an attorney. My uncle was a New York City police
4	officer, he's eighty-four years old now so he's retired
5	almost forty years but he was a New York City officer in
6	Brooklyn. And I have friends, of course, that are
7	attorneys as well.
8	THE COURT: Who else?
9	Ms. Heraldo?
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I work for a law firm.
11	THE COURT: What kind of law firm?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Corporate law.
13	THE COURT: Okay.
14	Who else?
15	Mr. Yorker.
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I have a bunch of friends
17	that are either lawyers or police officers through the
18	dart leagues that I play in the City and Brooklyn, an
19	acquaintances that actually works right here on the
20	floor.
21	THE COURT: As a Court Officer?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah.
23	THE COURT: Okay.
24	Who else?
25	Mr. Clark?

1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I have various members of
2	my family in the Armed Forces.
3	THE COURT: In the Armed Forces?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
5	THE COURT: I am talking about law
6	enforcement.
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: As part of my job I work
8	with our legal team, contract law, licensing agreements,
9	signing bands.
10	THE COURT: You socialize with any of these
11	attorneys?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
13	THE COURT: Who else?
14	Ms. Mamer?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I have a good friend who
16	was working with the 7th Precinct. He is in Manhattan,
17	the detective squad.
18	My fiancee used to share an apartment with him
19	and
20	THE COURT: A good friend is in the Manhattan
21	detective squad and what was the last thing?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My fiancee used to share
23	an apartment with him.
24	THE COURT: Who? Your fiancee?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.

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1	THE COURT: Okay.
2	Who else? Anyone else?
3	Mr. Adedeji?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Aside from myself, I have
5	a close relationship with an attorney in general
6	practice.
7	THE COURT: You have a general practice?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I work with somebody also
9	in general practice.
10	THE COURT: Okay.
11	Do you have a partner or you share an office?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Personally I'm by myself,
13	solo.
14	THE COURT: But you have a friend who's an
15	attorney?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes. General
17	practitioner.
18	THE COURT: Okay.
19	First row, can you be fair and impartial in
20	this case?
21	Mr. Edelman?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
23	THE COURT: Ms. Heraldo?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
25	THE COURT: Mr. Yorker?

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1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
2	THE COURT: Mr. Yudin?
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
4	THE COURT: Mr. Clark?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm not sure.
6	THE COURT: Why not?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I have some well, after
8	seeing last week, I have some issues with the lack of
9	evidence that the People talked about. We can talk
10	about that later.
11	THE COURT: You have to talk about it now.
12	There is no evidence yet.
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Right.
14	THE COURT: There is no evidence in the sense
15	that you haven't heard anything.
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Well, they they have
17	kind of been mentioning that there's no evidence.
18	THE COURT: There is evidence going to be
19	presented by the People but it's not necessarily in the
20	form that you might want. Like I don't know what you're
21	looking for, but the fact is that you don't know
22	anything about this case right now.
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Okay.
24	THE COURT: Other than not knowing anything
25	about this case, how have you arrived at an opinion?
1	

1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: From viewing the
2	interviews last week.
3	THE COURT: What are you expecting? What
4	would you be expecting, scientific evidence, forensic
5	evidence? What?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: As part of my work I do a
7	lot of disputes between publishing companies and, you
8	know, there's always contracts involved, signed
9	documents, and there's always proof of who's
10	THE COURT: That's something that and you
11	have to determine whether those documents meet your
12	requirements, is that right?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: That's correct.
14	THE COURT: So that is what you would have to
15	do here in the same respect, you would have to determine
16	whether the People have proven beyond a reasonable doubt
17	the evidence that they presented.
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Okay.
19	THE COURT: Can you do that?
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I think so, yes.
21	THE COURT: Can you do it fairly and
22	impartially?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
24	THE COURT: That's the question.

Voir Dire - People/Ms. Chu

1	Ms. Mamer?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
3	THE COURT: Mr. Ahmed?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
5	THE COURT: And Ms. Comer?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
7	THE COURT: And Mr. Audige?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
9	THE COURT: And Mr. Hernandez?
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
11	THE COURT: Go ahead, Ms. Chu.
12	MS. CHU: Thank you.
13	Good morning, ladies and gentlemen.
14	I see that at least Mr. Clark was paying
15	attention last week when we were talking up here. I
16	hope you kind of remember the things we spoke about.
17	The Judge said it perfectly, there is going to be other
18	kinds of evidence. You are going to hear, for example,
19	Ms. Mamer, you said you had an incident with an
20	ex-boyfriend. You said you didn't press charges because
21	you didn't have anybody that was there besides you and
22	the other person.
23	In this case there are other things, you just
24	won't have someone that says I saw this person do this
25	to this other person, okay.

Voir Dire - People/Ms. Chu

I know that, Mr. Clark, you said that you have somewhat of a problem with that.

Let's say, for example, you're selected as a juror, you heard all the evidence and the evidence that I have, although there is no eyewitness, you have evidence that proves that in fact the defendant is guilty of what she's charged with.

Are you going to be, when you go back in the jury room, you know, Ms. Chu proved her case and I believe that she's proven beyond a reasonable doubt that the defendant is guilty, but because I didn't have a witness, I don't know if I can do that?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah. I don't think I can do that.

THE COURT: That would be a problem for you?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah.

MS. CHU: Anybody here think that might be a problem?

There is really no right or wrong answer. I appreciate you being honest with me. You realize how, unfortunate it would be if you were selected as jurors, you think you're not going to say, now you don't say anything, we will pick you, then it will be too late, then you're in the jury room, you might have some issues.

Voir Dire - People/Ms. Chu

Yes, sir?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I believe I can be impartial. My problem is, as a business owner I get distracted. It's almost like my employees are part of the family. They work for me. A dysfunctional family, but a family.

MS. CHU: They are not all dysfunctional.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I want to be honest and tell you, even when I'm out to dinner with friends, I get distracted and my mind is somewhere else, I come back because someone will bring me back to the conversation. But that really happens. I don't intentionally let my mind wander. Physically I am here and other things that could distract me that may preclude me from being effective. It might be, if I didn't have the economic situation that I have.

MS. CHU: Basically you're saying, because what you do and your job, you would be distracted from perhaps paying one hundred percent attention to what the evidence would be?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: That is one hundred percent accurate.

MS. CHU: Thank you very much.

Anyone else that their work might consume their thoughts, make them become distracted and not be

Voir Dire - People/Ms. Chu 1 able to listen to the evidence? 2 You raised your hand for another reason. 3 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I was thinking of something else. 4 5 MS. CHU: Okay. PROSPECTIVE JUROR: From what you were saying 6 7 Thursday, I fear that it will mostly be for us to decide if a witness to this or that, to this or that statement 8 or behavior or whatever, is telling the truth or not. 9 have a serious problem with deciding if a person is 10 11 telling the truth, beyond my level of my personal --12 MS. CHU: You are saying that your level of 13 being convinced is higher than what you think the law 14 might be? 15 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't know what the law 16 might be but --THE COURT: The law is they have to prove the 17 defendant's guilt of the charge or charges beyond a 18 reasonable doubt. That's the standard. And it's not 19 beyond all possible doubt, but beyond a reasonable 20 doubt, and I will explain to you what a reasonable doubt 21 22 is and then you have to determine whether the People 23 have met their burden of proof.

Can you do that?

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PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I really doubt --

Voir Dire - People/Ms. Chu

THE COURT: Excuse me?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I really doubt that, your Honor, 'cause for myself, I cannot understand what the level of reasonable doubt might be. If I know that I am a bad judge of persons and I have to decide if that person said the truth or lied to me and it affects --

THE COURT: It's not only that person. You take everything together, including that person, and you'll have to determine, taking everything together, all the evidence, whether that person is telling the truth or not, or whether the People have met their burden.

It's not, you know, rocket science. It's very, very -- I can't think of the word right now, but it's like we said, what you bring to this is your common sense and your lifetime experience, that's all.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm sorry, your Honor. My lifetime experience was twenty years of being a scientist before I switched here to being a computer programmer and I'm trained to doubt those things.

THE COURT: Well, but I don't want --

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I really don't understand how you can establish anything beyond a reasonable doubt because there's always doubt.

THE COURT: It's not what -- I am going to say

Voir Dire - People/Ms. Chu

this to everybody. It's not whether he's possibly guilty, that's not the standard. All right? Because if it was just possible guilt, then he's not guilty, but if he is guilty beyond a reasonable doubt. And you're a scientist, you use reason to determine equations and scientific problems, you should be, really, one of the better jurors in the sense that you have -- you think rationally and reasonably. That is what you are going to have to do here. But if you think you are going to be prejudiced in some way or not, that's the question.

Can you be fair and impartial, yes or no?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Certainly. I can be fair and impartial. I am just saying right away that in this case I already know that I will have to say not guilty.

THE COURT: Let me just say something, with people that say that, in this case no one knows absolutely anything about this case, absolutely nothing because you have not heard a shred of evidence, not a shred. Okay?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: So all I'm saying is, when you do hear the evidence, then you will have to ultimately, at the close of the case, make a determination. If you can't do that because of your particular profession or whatever, then you say that. Can you do that or not?

Voir Dire - People/Ms. Chu 1 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, I can. 2 THE COURT: Okay. MS. CHU: Mr. Yudin, let me ask you, I know 3 you said you were twenty years a scientist before you 4 became a computer programmer for the New York Times, 5 right? 6 7 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Correct. MS. CHU: I am assuming that when you're doing 8 computers, there's programs and they have to be exact, 9 everything has to match perfectly, am I correct? 10 11 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes. MS. CHU: And do you understand that that 12 13 standard that you use in order to become a computer 14 technology person is different than the standard that you have to use in this case? 15 16 Do you think that? My question to you, only you will be able to 17 answer that, do you think that if you heard this case 18 19 you are going to hold to whatever standards you usually 20 use in your line of work or are you going to be able to accept what the Judge tells you as far as that it's 21 22 beyond a reasonable doubt? Are you even able to think 23 that way?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't know until I try.

MS. CHU: You seem to have some reservations

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Voir Dire - People/Ms. Chu

1 as to whether or not you will be able to do that. 2 You understand it's not -- the proof is not proof to a mathematical certainty, it doesn't plug into 3 a program and everything spits out exactly what the 4 5 answer is. PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I understand that, but it 6 doesn't mean that I for myself accept that. 7 It doesn't mean you accept that? 8 MS. CHU: 9 THE COURT: Go on to something. MS. CHU: We talked about that most of the 10 11 evidence was from something defendant said. Defendant 12 made certain statements to police, also made certain statements to friends of hers, and I want to ask, are 13 you the kind of jurors that can analyze and determine 14 15 whether or not, from all the other evidence you are going to hear in this case, whether or not what she said 16 17 at a particular time was maybe truthful, not so true?

You understand what I'm asking you?

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Do you think that you are the kind of juror that was able to process that type of information, to make a determination as to whether or not maybe parts of the statement are true, parts might be false?

> Ms. Comer, how do you feel about that? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm fine.

MS. CHU: You fine with it?

Voir Dire - People/Ms. Chu Ms. Heraldo? 1 2 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: 3 MS. CHU: Mr. Hernandez? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes. 4 MS. CHU: Mr. Adedeji, I wanted to ask you, I 5 know you're an attorney and I don't know the last time 6 7 you thought about the criminal law, probably not since law school. 8 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I been working with 9 somebody in general practice so she does both civil and 10 criminal. 11 12 MS. CHU: As far as you --13 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Personally, no, I don't 14 really do criminal. 15 MS. CHU: My question to you, because you're 16 an attorney, do you think that you have more or less 17 expertise in the law compared to the other members of the jury? 18 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Sometimes lay people know 19 better than we do. 20 MS. CHU: That is true. 21 22 Can you promise me -- can you all promise me 23

no matter what you think the law might be, that the law -- that the only law that pertains to this case is what this Judge tells you?

24

Voir Dire - Defendant/Mr. Walensky

1 So you might think it's a certain way before 2 you start this trial and then when the Judge tells you 3 what the law is, can you all promise me that you are going to follow what he says despite what you might have 4 thought before, no matter what? 5 Can you all promise me you can do that? 6 7 THE COURT: Thank you. All right, thank you. Defense. 8 MR. WALENSKY: Your Honor, would you tell me 9 about a minute before you are going to cut me off, just 10 11 so I have an idea? THE COURT: Go ahead. 12 I don't expect to be 13 MR. WALENSKY: 14 longwinded. 15 Hello. 16 Hope you all remember me from last week. I'm 17 David Walensky. I'm the attorney for the accused. if you recall, I said the person is accused because we 18 don't have to defend each other -- we don't have to 19 defend ourselves, I'm sorry. 20 21 Do you understand that? 22 And that everything has to be done by the 23 People? Now, Mr. Clark, you had said from what you 24

heard you really don't know anything about the case,

Voir Dire - Defendant/Mr. Walensky right? 1 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Of course not. 2 There's a defense attorney, it MR. WALENSKY: 3 sounds as though I should be able to convict if I hear 4 the evidence, but that's the People's problem. 5 understand? 6 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes. 7 MR. WALENSKY: Your problem is just hearing 8 the evidence, and if the Judge says, can you follow my 9 directions, following his directions, right? 10 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes. 11 MR. WALENSKY: That's fair enough, isn't it? 12 If they prove their case, so be it, beyond a 13 14 reasonable doubt. 15 And the Judge will give you the legal 16 definition, Mr. Yudin, of what "beyond a reasonable That's why they talk about analyzing it doubt" is. 17 within that criteria. We will look and see if they have 18 proven their case. If they haven't proven their case 19 beyond a reasonable doubt, you must say not guilty. 20 You understand? 21 It's not even innocent. It's not guilty or 22 innocent, it's guilty or not guilty. 23

It's all laid in their lap and maybe they have enough evidence and maybe they don't.

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Voir Dire - Defendant/Mr. Walensky

You don't have to say I'm going to believe everything they say. Understand?

It becomes their problem.

As I said, I worry about it because, you can understand, Ms. Tinnel, because, heck, if they don't prove their case, fine, it's not guilty. But you don't have to go in saying -- you have to go in and I can find guilty, not I must find a person guilty. You understand that? The Judge will tell you that in this case.

Ms. Mamer, you had a bad experience five years ago and you fought somebody off, right? That wasn't about rape or anything, was it?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It was attempted.

I'm sorry.

MR. WALENSKY: But this is -- you can use your personal experiences in judging things, you understand that?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah.

MR. WALENSKY: This isn't a contest that brings this up again. Sometimes people say I can do this, I can do this. This is a bad case, this particular case.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I thought I was okay, I'm sorry.

MR. WALENSKY: That is what I mean. This is

Voir Dire - Defendant/Mr. Walensky
the time to tell us. People too often feel like they're
failing. Another case might be perfectly fine, civil
case, another kind of criminal case, but it doesn't help
anyone if we're trying to do this.
Now, Mr. Edelman, intellectually I like to say
I can be fair. You're a fair guy?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I believe that.
MR. WALENSKY: But on the other side you said
you are going to be distracted.
PROSPECTIVE JUROR: For sure.
MR. WALENSKY: It would really you couldn't
be the kind of juror you want to be?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Correct.
MR. WALENSKY: You might miss things if your
mind starts to wander. It wanders all the time, right?
This is a very serious case. My client's charged with
murder. Is there anything more serious? So
PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I am not suggesting that
it's not less than serious. I'm not.
MR. WALENSKY: You are being honest, you
wouldn't be able to give it the attention that you think
it deserves.
PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I can be here and I
respect the Court, I listened to everything everyone
said.

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Voir Dire - Defendant/Mr. Walensky
MR. WALENSKY: You can't give it one hundred
percent?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't believe that's the
case.
MR. WALENSKY: Thank you. That's fine.
Again, this isn't pass/fail. This is an
expression of our citizenship, why everybody fights for
everything. This is what it's about. And you hate
getting this notice. On the other hand, if you're here
and you can do it, fine. If you can't do it, you're
doing a disservice to everything behind that. I don't
mean that in a negative way.
You understand that?
Mr. Hernandez, you got arrested, it was a
domestic problem, an argument. Were you treated fairly?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
MR. WALENSKY: Were you treated fairly?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR: By the case?
MR. WALENSKY: Yes.
PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I guess.
MR. WALENSKY: It doesn't sound like you think
you should have been arrested.
PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, sir.

MR. WALENSKY: But police reacted because

somebody said something. That is what the evidence is.

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Voir Dire - Defendant/Mr. Walensky Sometimes you can believe people, sometimes you don't believe people. You have to weigh everything. Will you be able to do that, Mr. Ahmed? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes. MR. WALENSKY: Ms. Comer, as an LPN you've probably seen a lot of facets of life. Is there anyone here who believes -- does someone have a problem with the concept of defending themselves? Now, will you all be able to --Mr. Yorker, will be you be able to accept the Judge's definition of how far somebody can go -- rape has its own -- attempted rape has its own set of standards as to how someone can defend themselves. THE COURT: What? I'm sorry. That's not the law, all right. The law of justification I will define for you, all right, and please, whatever the attorneys say is the law just disregard it, okay. Thank you. MR. WALENSKY: You will be able to listen to the Judge's instructions? That's all we want. So, I want to thank you for your attention. If you're selected, please give it your all. You have

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1	no bosses here.
2	Thank you very much.
3	THE COURT: All right.
4	Ladies and gentlemen, will you step outside
5	for a moment, I'll call you back in a few minutes. Take
6	all your belongings.
7	(Whereupon, the panel of prospective jurors
8	exited the courtroom.)
9	COURT OFFICER: Judge, one of the jurors has a
10	question she needs to ask you.
11	(Whereupon, the following took place at
12	sidebar:)
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Thank you.
14	I just want to make sure that there is no
15	problem because I am a nurse, I work in a women's house.
16	THE COURT: Of detention?
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, sir.
18	I want to make sure that's not an issue.
19	MS. CHU: Do you know the defendant?
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm sure. I have been in
21	Rikers for twenty-one years. If she's passed through
22	THE COURT: When you say you're sure, are you
23	sure now?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I don't have a problem
25	sitting on the case but I just wanted to share that.

1	Just in case it was any type of conflict, I want you to
2	know.
3	THE COURT: That's understandable.
4	My point is, is that going to affect your
5	ability to be fair and impartial?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, sir.
7	THE COURT: All right.
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Thank you.
9	(Whereupon, the prospective juror exited the
10	courtroom.)
11	(Whereupon, the following took place in open
12	court:)
13	THE COURT: First three, cause?
14	MS. CHU: Yes, your Honor.
15	Juror number one.
16	THE COURT: Challenged for cause?
17	MS. CHU: You said the first three?
18	THE COURT: Just the next three.
19	MS. CHU: Okay.
20	THE COURT: That is just cause.
21	MS. CHU: Yes.
22	THE COURT: Defense, cause?
23	MR. WALENSKY: No.
24	THE COURT: Perempt?
25	MS. CHU: No.

Voir D	ire
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1	THE COURT: Perempt?
2	MR. WALENSKY: Number three.
3	THE COURT: Okay.
4	How many jurors do we have now?
5	MR. POVILL: That should be ten, your Honor.
6	THE CLERK: You perempted number three?
7	MR. WALENSKY: Yes, number three.
8	THE COURT: Next two, cause?
9	MS. CHU: Yes. Mr. Yudin, I believe he stated
10	that because of the nature of how he does his work,
11	being a scientist as well as computers, it would be
12	extremely difficult for him to even try and figure out
13	what "beyond a reasonable doubt" is and I think that
14	would prevent him from being a fair juror. Computers
15	and being a scientist, the way the fields are very
16	exact, I believe that he was very honest in his opinion
17	as to whether or not he'd be able to decide according to
18	what your standards would be, as far as beyond a
19	reasonable doubt.
20	THE COURT: What is your position on that?
21	MR. WALENSKY: I'll leave it up to the Court.
22	I think I will agree with that.
23	THE COURT: He's out for cause.
24	THE CLERK: Let me seat the juror.
25	Juror number ten is Tinnel Heraldo.

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	Voir Dire
1	THE COURT: I haven't finished.
2	Perempt?
3	MS. CHU: I'm sorry, what numbers are we up
4	to?
5	THE COURT: Four and five.
6	MS. CHU: I'm sorry.
7	THE COURT: You said cause for Yudin and
8	MS. CHU: I also want to challenge Mr. Clark
9	for cause, I believe.
10	THE COURT: He's out.
11	MR. WALENSKY: Your Honor, I thought I
12	rehabilitated him.
13	THE COURT: Yeah, you did?
14	He's out for cause.
15	MS. CHU: People also challenge Ms. Mamer.
16	THE COURT: Wait a minute. Wait a minute.
17	MS. CHU: I'm sorry. I thought we were
18	looking at the next three.
19	THE COURT: The next two, Yudin and Clark.
20	MS. CHU: Okay. Sorry about that.
21	THE COURT: You challenged Yudin and Clark for
22	cause. I've granted them.
23	MS. CHU: Yes.
24	THE COURT: Next, Mamer and Hernandez. Yeah,
25	Mamer and Hernandez.

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	Voir Dire
1	MS. CHU: I challenge Ms. Mamer for cause.
2	MR. WALENSKY: I agree.
3	THE COURT: She's out for cause.
4	Hernandez, cause?
5	MS. CHU: No.
6	THE COURT: Cause?
7	MR. WALENSKY: No.
8	THE COURT: Perempt?
9	MS. CHU: No.
10	THE COURT: Perempt?
11	MR. WALENSKY: Yes.
12	THE CLERK: That is Hernandez.
13	MR. WALENSKY: Yes, that's Hernandez.
14	THE COURT: Adedeji?
15	MS. SCHWARTZKOPF: Eight and nine.
16	THE COURT: Eight and nine, yes.
17	MS. CHU: None for cause.
18	THE COURT: Cause?
19	MR. WALENSKY: No.
20	THE COURT: Perempt?
21	MS. CHU: People challenge juror number nine.
22	THE COURT: Comer?
23	MS. CHU: Yes.
24	THE COURT: Defense?
25	MR. WALENSKY: Number eight.

Voir Di

1	THE COURT: All right.
2	Ahmed, cause?
3	MS. CHU: None for cause.
4	THE COURT: Cause?
5	MR. WALENSKY: No.
6	THE COURT: Perempt?
7	MS. CHU: No.
8	THE COURT: Perempt?
9	MR. WALENSKY: Yes.
10	THE CLERK: Defense used four.
11	MS. SCHWARTZKOPF: Yes.
12	And People used one.
13	THE COURT: What is the total?
14	THE CLERK: People used twelve, defense
15	eighteen.
16	THE COURT: All right.
17	Get the jurors in, please.
18	MS. CHU: How many challenges do I have left?
19	Eight?
20	MS. SCHWARTZKOPF: Eight.
21	MS. CHU: How many does the defense have?
22	MS. SCHWARTZKOPF: Two.
23	COURT OFFICER: Panel entering.
24	(Whereupon, the panel of prospective jurors
25	entered the courtroom.)

1	THE CLERK: Okay, ladies and gentlemen, if you
2	hear your name called that means you have been selected
3	to serve as a juror. If you do not hear your name
4	called, you are excused, go back to the second floor,
5	Central Jury, with the thanks of the Court.
6	Juror number ten will be Tinnel Heraldo.
7	The rest of you go back to the second floor.
8	THE COURT: Ms. Heraldo, sit down. The rest
9	of you go back to the second floor, Central Jury.
10	Thank you.
11	(Whereupon, the panel of prospective jurors
12	exited the courtroom.)
13	THE COURT: Swear her in.
14	THE CLERK: Please rise, raise your right
15	hand.
16	Do you sincerely and solemnly swear or affirm
17	you will try this case in a just and impartial manner to
18	the best of your judgment and you will render a verdict
19	according to the law and the evidence?
20	Your response?
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
22	THE CLERK: You may see the Court Officer.
23	(Whereupon, the sworn juror exited the
24	courtroom.)
25	THE COURT: We have ten and

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1	THE CLERK: Ten sworn.
2	THE COURT: And they're bringing up the
3	supplemental panel?
4	THE CLERK: Yes.
5	(Whereupon, there was a brief pause in the
6	proceedings.)
7	THE COURT: All right, we'll take a break. We
8	will be back at a quarter after I mean, ten to.
9	(Whereupon, a brief recess was held.)
10	THE CLERK: Case back on trial continues. All
11	parties present. Defendant is present with her
12	attorney.
13	THE COURT: Where are we now?
14	MS. SCHWARTZKOPF: We have the supplemental
15	panel.
16	THE COURT: Bring in the supplemental panel.
17	(Whereupon, there was a brief pause in the
18	proceedings.)
19	COURT OFFICER: Jury panel entering.
20	(Whereupon, the panel of prospective jurors
21	entered the courtroom.)
22	THE CLERK: All rise, please, and raise your
23	right hand.
24	Do you and each of you sincerely and solemnly
25	swear or affirm that you will answer truthfully all
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Voir Dire

questions asked of you relating to your qualifications to serve as jurors in this action?

What is your response?

(Whereupon, the prospective jurors responded.)

THE CLERK: Please be seated.

THE COURT: All right.

Good afternoon, ladies and gentlemen. I am

Supreme Court Justice Albert Tomei and I want to welcome

you to Part 2 of the State Supreme Court, the County of

Kings, the Criminal Term.

I will be presiding over the case of the People of the State of New York against Ms. Atara Wisdom. She has been charged with the crime of murder in the second degree and she's alleged to have stabbed to death Mr. Anthony Wilson on -- sometime between November 29th, 2011, and January 3rd of 2012 inside of 832 Bushwick Avenue in the Bushwick section of Brooklyn.

I will tell you now, those charges -- that charge is merely an allegation, merely an accusation, it's not proof or evidence of anything. A little later on I will explain to you exactly what an indictment represents. However, before we proceed, what I'd like to do is introduce the principal parties involved in this matter.

1	First of all I'd like to introduce you to
2	Atara Wisdom, the defendant in this case.
3	Please stand, turn around and introduce
4	yourself.
5	THE DEFENDANT: Hi everyone.
6	THE COURT: She is being represented by an
7	attorney, Mr. Joshua Povill.
8	MR. POVILL: Good morning.
9	THE COURT: And her principal attorney, Mr.
10	David Walensky.
11	MR. WALENSKY: Good afternoon.
12	THE COURT: And representing the People, the
13	District Attorney of Kings County, Assistant District
14	Attorney Phyllis Chu will be trying this matter.
15	MS. CHU: Good morning, ladies and gentlemen.
16	THE COURT: Do any of you ladies and gentlemen
17	know any of the parties I have introduced or anyone else
18	in the courtroom, including myself?
19	I don't see any hands so I would assume all of
20	you do not know any of the participants.
21	We are in the process of selecting a jury
22	right now. Ladies and gentlemen, we have ten jurors, we
23	need two more to complete the petit jury a jury of
24	twelve plus alternates is called a petit jury and we
25	need a couple of alternates, so we should finish the
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Voir Dire

jury selection process hopefully if not by the end of the morning session, certainly by the afternoon session.

This jury selection process is known as the voir dire. It's a French term, to see them say.

Basically what we are concerned about is getting, not only the Court, but the attorneys, both defense and the people, they want jurors who are fair and impartial and will make their determination solely on the evidence or lack of evidence in the case.

So the process that we are engaging in is a process which includes questioning you about your background and your ability to be fair and to determine whether you have any predisposition regarding this matter and whether you can sit in this matter.

Fair and impartial, that is the hallmark of jury selection and the selection of jurors. So, please do not be offended if we do ask some personal questions. It's impossible to know all of you the way you know yourselves, but we try to -- we try to eliminate any infection, that is called prejudice, from the trial process, so please indulge us while we do that.

The process is as follows: I will make a general inquiry of all of you jurors. Do not respond unless I ask for the response. At the end of my general

Voir Dire

inquiry I will ask if any of the questions I've posed affect you and you wish to make a statement.

Also, as I already stated, only you know yourselves, not only you, you know yourselves better than anyone else. If there is something that would prevent you from sitting, whatever it be or might be, let the Court know because to have you selected as a juror and then you come back after selection and say you forgot this, you forgot that, I'm going to hear I got a ticket for this, I can't do this, only makes me very unhappy, and I don't like to be unhappy because it really throws a wrench in the proceedings, all right.

And a lot of people come in here with the idea I am not going to be selected. You don't know if you're going to be selected or not. You may not, you may, but to say later on, I forgot this just to get off jury service -- not even to get off -- you gotta listen.

Now, this process is not an easy one to participate in because it's very tedious, it's very repetitious but very important.

So first I am going to do the general inquiries.

Secondly, after I do that I am going to inform you of certain principles of law that you must follow if you're selected as a juror.

Voir Dire

And thirdly, there will be an individual voir dire where I will ask you personally certain questions, then following my individual voir dire, the individual voir dire or jury selection process by the attorneys. That's how it goes.

First of all, I'd like to know if any of you ladies and gentlemen have any physical disabilities or maladies that would prevent you from sitting for an hour, an hour and fifteen minutes, it's not fixed in stone, after an hour and ten minutes if you need a break, we will take a break, if it's legitimate.

Any of you ladies and gentlemen taking any medication or drugs that would disorient you to the extent that you could not follow these proceedings, you become dizzy, or disoriented?

And you really have to be in horrible physical shape for me to excuse you, ladies and gentlemen. So, you know, everybody has a little ailment here. We all take drugs today for anything. You have a headache, you take something, whatever. It has to be real serious.

I would also like to know if any of you ladies and gentlemen have any difficulty understanding the English language or communicating in the English language. If you do, please let me know.

I also would like to know if any of you ladies

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Voir Dire

and gentlemen have difficulty seeing or hearing, because obviously there's going to be evidence in the case and you're going to have to observe and read it, see it, whatever, hear it. I would also like to know if there are any students attending school right now. Are there any students attending school right now? Give your name. PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Thomas Lay (phonetic). THE COURT: What do you do? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I am a part-time student, 12 part-time graduate student. I have an obligation for 13 class over the summer. THE COURT: Are you taking class now? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I am not enrolled at the 15 moment but I have an incomplete class that I am working 16 on finishing. THE COURT: This case -- let me just say, this case should be over by next week, the latest Tuesday. 19 That's my quesstimate, all right. Okay. Is that all right with you? 22 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes. THE COURT: Sit down. I would also like to know, is there anyone here who doesn't understand English or has difficulty

with the English language? 1 Just raise your hand. 2 3 No? Okay. We are only going to meet, if you're selected, 4 we are going to meet today, tomorrow and Wednesday and 5 then we'll return on -- what is it? -- the 8th. You 6 don't have to worry about the holiday, you will be able 7 to buy firecrackers, do whatever you want, watch the 8 Macy's parade or whatever it is. 9 Anyway, what else was I going to say? 10 Oh, I would like to know if any of you ladies 11 and gentlemen have any religious, moral or ethical 12 13 reason why you cannot sit in judgment of Ms. Wilson. 14 I would also like to know if any of you ladies 15 and gentlemen were called to jury service, whether it be in the federal court system, state court system or city 16 17 court system, or called to serve on the Grand Jury, which is an entirely different legal entity, within this 18 period of time. 19 What's today's date? 20 THE CLERK: Today is June 30th. 21 THE COURT: Between the date of June 30th, 22 2012 and June 30th, 2014, if you were called, you didn't 23

have to sit, if you were called, they sent you a notice to come in and you go in, that is all I want to know.

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What else? 1 MS. CHU: Somebody raised their hand before. 2 3 THE COURT: Who raised their hand? Yes, ma'am? 4 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I am a Jehovah's Witness. 5 THE COURT: That's okay. I haven't gotten to 6 7 that part yet. So right now I am going to go down row by row, 8 and if any of the questions I've posed affect you and 9 you want to speak to the Court, just stand and make your 10 11 statement. Or if you have information that is known only to you and it would prevent you from sitting, let 12 13 us know. 14 Also, like I said before, I don't suffer 15 excuses very easily or very gladly, ladies and 16 gentlemen, because if I accepted everybody's excuse, you 17 could never sit and listen to all the hundreds and hundreds and hundreds of cases that go through the halls 18 of justice, so be aware of that. 19 20 All right. 21 So we are going row by row, and if you wish to 22 address the Court, just stand, give your name. If it's something very personal that you do not wish to reveal 23 before the rest of the jurors, let me know, you will be 24 25 able to make your statement at the bench.

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1	First row, anyone?
2	Second row?
3	Third row?
4	Fourth row?
5	Fifth row?
6	No one.
7	Miss, you said you were Jehovah's Witness?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My name is Charlotte
9	Lindsay-Gibson (phonetic).
10	THE CLERK: Last name?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Gibson. Lindsay-Gibson.
12	I have two last names.
13	THE CLERK: What is the other one?
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Lindsay.
15	THE COURT: You know what, Ms. Gibson, you can
16	go downstairs and go to can I see your card?
17	All right.
18	So I don't see any other hands so we're going
19	to proceed. I am going to proceed and inform you with
20	respect to the legal principles that apply to this
21	criminal trial and all criminal trials.
22	First of all, as I indicated, the mere fact
23	that Ms. Wisdom has been charged in the indictment with
24	this crime of murder in the second degree means I
25	will start all over again.

Voir Dire

The fact that she's been charged with these crimes doesn't mean that there is any evidence that she's committed these crimes or this crime.

The indictment really is a piece of paper that reflects the charge and as a consequence that person is brought into court and then the People have to prove each and every material element of the crime charged beyond a reasonable doubt. That burden always remains on the People, never shifts to the defendant.

It's merely an accusation, merely an allegation and not proof of anything.

If you're selected as a juror, you are going to be determining what the facts are in this case, and after determining what the facts are, you will determine what the evidence shows. In other words, you'll determine what the evidence is in this matter, or lack of evidence, and then I will -- that will be your province, you will be the judges, you are going to be judges for a couple of days and you will determine what the facts are in this matter. I will not be able to tell you what the facts are in this matter or what the evidence is, all right. But I will tell you at the close of the case what the law is because that's my province.

I am not allowed to interfere in your province

Voir Dire

and you are not allowed to interfere in mine. You have to take the law as I give it to you.

So once the case is concluded, you will take the evidence or the facts in the matter, determine what the evidence is and then I will give you the law and then you will make a determination, which is called a verdict. Your verdict may be guilty or not guilty. You may find defendant guilty of some charges and not guilty of others.

During the course of the trial the attorneys are going to be making motions, applications and objections. I am going to be ruling on them as a matter of law. None of my rulings should be taken by you as any indication whether you should believe all or part of what is offered in evidence or that the defendant is guilty or not guilty. That is solely your function to determine but you must accept the law as I give it to you.

If the defendant and the People are to have a fair trial to which they are entitled, you must follow the law as I give it to you, whether you agree with it or not, whether you like it or not. You will agree not to substitute your interpretation of the law.

Can you all do that, folks? Will you all agree?

You didn't have your coffee this morning? 1 I gotta hear in a loud and clear voice, yes or 2 3 no. 4 (Whereupon, the prospective jurors responded.) THE COURT: Thank you. 5 The reason I say that is because if I don't 6 7 hear from you, I don't know what you're thinking, I don't know what you're feeling, all right. 8 9 Now, how many of you watch all these Law & Order ridiculous shows? 10 Come on, everybody. C.S.I., there's four 11 million of them right now. How many states do we have, 12 We have about fifty C.S.I. 13 fifty? You got all these forensic scientists coming 14 15 in and blah, blah, blah, it's all blah, blah. By the way, it's all entertainment, forget about them, okay. 16 17 Forget them. Ninety-seven percent, in my opinion, of all of 18 the evidence comes in the form of what people say. 19 People get on the stand, they swear to tell the truth, 20 21 nothing but the truth, so help them God and they tell you what they know, all right. 22 It's going to be up to you to determine 23 whether they are, one, telling the truth; two, lying; 24 25 three, mistaken.

Those are the three options, all right. 1 That's basically most of the evidence. 2 3 So, you may say, well, what am I supposed to 4 do? 5 What you're supposed to do is take your life 6 experience, which means if you're eighteen or over you 7 have a life experience, and your common sense, which you have not left outside the door, and when you go in the 8 9 jury room and you take that and you apply it to the 10 facts and the law in this case. That's what you do, 11 okay. 12 You don't have to be a rocket scientist to be 13 You don't have to have any level of education a juror. 14 to be a juror. There is no school for jurors, all 15 right. 16 So what I am going to do, I'm going to give 17 you the names of people that you may hear during the course of the trial or who may be witnesses during the 18 course of the trial, so then you let me know if you know 19 20 any of them. 21 The alleged victim in this case is Mr. Anthony It's alleged he was stabbed to death by Ms. 22 Wisdom. 23 Victoria Wilson. 24 25 Shakeema Fortune.

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1	Donet Robinson.
2	Matthew Shepard.
3	Linda Smith-Harris.
4	Detective Deborah Batanjani of the 83rd
5	Precinct.
6	Police Officer Garret Marsden of the 83rd
7	Precinct.
8	Police Officer Christian Carlin of the 83rd
9	Precinct.
10	Police Officer Juana Ortiz of the 83rd
11	Precinct.
12	Detective Geoffrey Hernandez of Brooklyn North
13	Homicide Squad.
14	And Detective Christopher Scandole of the
15	Brooklyn North Homicide Squad.
16	Detective Stephen Markoski of the N.Y.P.D.
17	Crime Scene Unit.
18	Dr. Frede Frederic or Scordi-Bello, it may be,
19	from the Medical Examiner's Office of the State of New
20	York.
21	Sarah Philipps of the Office of the Chief
22	Medical Examiner's DNA lab.
23	Ed Purce, P-U-R-C-E.
24	You will hear from a Sprint Nextel phone
25	representative.

You will hear from a 911 representative and an 1 EBT representative. 2 3 What is that? 4 MS. CHU: Welfare. 5 THE COURT: Welfare representative. 6 Are any of you familiar with any of these 7 people, yes or no? 8 (Whereupon, the jurors responded.) 9 THE COURT: Now, as jurors your verdict must be unanimous. Twelve jurors seldom agree immediately, 10 therefore you're called upon to deliberate. 11 Can you promise the defendant and the People 12 that you will be willing to participate in the 13 deliberations, express your views based on the evidence 14 15 in this case, keep an open mind and listen to the views of other jurors? 16 Can you all do that? 17 Thank you. 18 Now, as Ms. Wisdom sits here she's cloaked 19 with this presumption of innocence. That cloak can only 20 21 be removed if the jury finds her guilty beyond a reasonable doubt. So, she's presumed innocent at this 22 particular time, all right, and the People have the 23 burden of rebutting the presumption, if they can, by 24 presenting evidence which convinces you beyond a 25

reasonable doubt of the defendant's quilt.

In a criminal case the burden of proof is on always on the People and remains with the People throughout the course of the trial, never shifts to the defendant. The defendant is not required to produce any evidence, is not required to produce witnesses and is not required to testify. Should she not testify, you cannot hold it against her, okay.

Outside of this courtroom, outside of this venue, the laws are different. Johnny and Joey get into some dispute, you go to Johnny, you go to Joey, you ask Johnny what happened, you ask Joey what happened, then you make up your mind and determine what really happened.

Ms. Wisdom doesn't have to do a single, solitary thing. She doesn't have to testify. The attorneys, they can go to sleep if they want with respect to her defense. They are not going to do that, they are going to present a defense, but that's the law.

Does anyone have any difficulty accepting that law as I have explained it?

Yes or no?

(Whereupon, the prospective jurors responded.)

THE COURT: I am losing some of you.

Yes or no?

(Whereupon, the prospective jurors responded.)

THE COURT: A criminal case is different than
a civil case. In a criminal case all the jurors must
agree. In a civil case only five of six need agree. In
a criminal case the People will prove the case beyond a
reasonable doubt. In a civil case the plaintiff must
only prove his or her case by a fair preponderance of
the credible evidence.

Now, everybody heard the term "reasonable doubt." I will not tell you what a reasonable doubt is now but I will tell you, if you have a reasonable doubt as to the defendant's guilt, then you must find her not guilty. In other words, if you are convinced of her guilt beyond a reasonable doubt, then you must find her guilty of the crime or crimes charged.

Now, you may say, what do I do when I get into the jury room?

What I said is, you take your common sense, your lifetime experience, you go into the jury room and you focus.

What do you focus on?

The evidence or lack of evidence, not any sympathy for Ms. Wisdom or the People's position in the matter or witnesses. You don't focus on what the

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punishment may be or what the sentence may be because that's not your concern, all right. It's irrelevant. Those are irrelevant matters.

So, if someone was to bring up these matters, you would have to say, madam, sir, Judge Tomei said we have to do this, and let's get back on track.

Can you all do that, folks?

Now, there are going to be a number of police officers testifying in this case. I will tell you now, they are to be treated like any other witness, they are not to be given any greater believability or less believability because they're police officers. However, if you feel, because of your own personal experience, the experience of someone who's close to you or because of what you have heard or seen or read in the media, you feel you cannot be fair and impartial when it comes to evaluating police officers' testimony, let me know now.

Is there anyone who feels that way?

Okay. All right.

So, the next step is, your name is going to be called. You will take a seat in the jury box.

We will seat sixteen jurors, all right, and you will -- after you take a seat -- well, after you're called, you say "present" or "here" so we know you are

1	here, you'll come, enter from my right, your left, into
2	the well of the courtroom, take a seat, then we'll
3	proceed to fill the rest of the box.
4	So, we will proceed at this particular time.
5	Go ahead.
6	THE CLERK: Seat number one will be Kingsley
7	McFarlane.
8	Say "here" or "present," please.
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Present.
10	THE COURT: Spell the name.
11	THE CLERK: M-C-F-A-R-L-A-N-E.
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Correct.
13	THE CLERK: Seat two, William McNair.
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Present.
15	THE CLERK: M-C-N-A-I-R.
16	Seat three, Yung (phonetic) Lee, L-E-E.
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Present.
18	THE CLERK: Seat four, Marlon (phonetic)
19	Laing.
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Here.
21	THE CLERK: L-A-I-N-G.
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: That's correct.
23	THE CLERK: That's seat four.
24	Seat five, Lorenzo Nolberto.
25	You have to say "here" or "present."

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1		PROSPECTIVE	JUROR: Present.
2		THE CLERK:	Lorenzo N-O-L-B-E-R-T-O.
3		THE COURT:	N-O-L
4		THE CLERK:	N-O-L-B-E-R-T-O.
5		Seat six Man	cco (phonetic) Phillips.
6		PROSPECTIVE	JUROR: Here.
7		THE CLERK:	P-H-I-L-I-P-S.
8		Seat seven,	Leslie Larson.
9		PROSPECTIVE	JUROR: Here.
10		THE CLERK:	L-A-R-S-O-N.
11		Seat eight,	Jawan (phonetic) Lamont.
12		PROSPECTIVE	JUROR: Present.
13		THE CLERK:	L-A-M-O-N-T.
14		PROSPECTIVE	JUROR: Yes.
15		THE CLERK:	Seat nine, Jerlanie (phonetic)
16	Roberts.		
17		PROSPECTIVE	JUROR: Present.
18		THE CLERK:	R-O-B-E-R-T-S.
19		Seat ten, Re	enee Scott.
20		PROSPECTIVE	JUROR: Present.
21		THE CLERK:	S-C-O-T-T.
22		THE CLERK:	Seat eleven, Sarah (phonetic)
23	Harris.		
24		PROSPECTIVE	JUROR: Here.
25		THE CLERK:	H-A-R-I-S.

1	Seat twelve is Jerry (phonetic) Audige.
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Present.
3	THE CLERK: A-U-D-I-G-E.
4	THE COURT: Just do fourteen.
5	THE CLERK: Just to fourteen?
6	THE COURT: Yes.
7	THE CLERK: Seat thirteen, Salion (phonetic)
8	Seivwright.
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Seivwright.
10	THE CLERK: S-E-I-V-W-R-I-G-H-T.
11	And seat fourteen, Denise (phonetic) Chung.
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Present.
13	THE CLERK: C-H-U-N-G.
14	THE COURT: All right.
15	Mr. McFarlane, your neighborhood?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
17	THE COURT: What is your neighborhood? Where
18	do you live?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Oh, East New York.
20	THE COURT: Thank you.
21	Mr. McNair?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Bed-Stuy.
23	THE COURT: Mr. Lee?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Bay Ridge.
25	THE COURT: Ms. Laing?

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1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Canarsie.
2	THE COURT: Mr. Nolberto?
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Crown Heights.
4	THE COURT: Where?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Crown Heights.
6	THE COURT: Crown Heights.
7	Mr. Phillips?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Bed-Stuy.
9	THE COURT: Bed-Stuy.
10	Ms. Chung?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: East Flatbush.
12	THE COURT: East Flatbush.
13	Ms. Seivwright?
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Brooklyn.
15	THE COURT: What part of Brooklyn?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Church Avenue.
17	THE COURT: And where?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Linden.
19	THE COURT: Do you live in East Flatbush?
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: East Flatbush.
21	THE COURT: Okay.
22	How do you say it, Audige?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Audige.
24	THE COURT: Mr. Audige?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Brownsville.

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1	THE COURT: Ms. Harris?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Bed-Stuy.
3	THE COURT: Bed-Stuy.
4	Ms. Scott?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: East New York.
6	THE COURT: Ms. Roberts Mr. Roberts, I'm
7	sorry?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: East Flatbush.
9	THE COURT: East Flatbush, okay.
10	Mr. Lamont?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Canarsie.
12	THE COURT: Canarsie.
13	And Ms. Larson?
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Ditmas Park.
15	THE COURT: Ditmas, all right.
16	First row, any of you ladies and gentlemen
17	familiar with the crime scene area, 832 Bushwick Avenue?
18	Anyone?
19	Second row, anyone?
20	Mr. McFarlane, married, single, separated,
21	divorced?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Married.
23	THE COURT: Your occupation?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Nursing assistant.
25	THE COURT: A what?

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1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: A nursing assistant.
2	THE COURT: Nursing assistant, I'm sorry.
3	And your spouse, your wife?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Social worker.
5	THE COURT: City or private?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: City.
7	THE COURT: Okay.
8	Mr. McNair?
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Single.
10	THE COURT: Occupation?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Executive assistant.
12	THE COURT: Who do you work for?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Ann Taylor Corporation.
14	THE COURT: Ann Taylor?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
16	THE COURT: Mr. Lee?
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Single.
18	THE COURT: Occupation?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: System admin. Tech,
20	technician.
21	THE COURT: IT.
22	Ms. Laing?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Care manager, community
24	based.
25	THE COURT: I'm sorry.

1	Married, single?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Married.
3	THE COURT: You're married?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
5	THE COURT: Your occupation?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Care manager,
7	community-based organization in Brownsville.
8	THE COURT: You're a care manager, that is for
9	a not-for-profit organization?
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah.
11	THE COURT: And your spouse?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Retired.
13	THE COURT: What did he do before he retired?
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Well, he was a factory
15	supervisor.
16	THE COURT: I'm sorry?
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Factory supervisor.
18	THE COURT: Oh, factory supervisor.
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, sir.
20	THE COURT: Thank you.
21	Mr. Nolberto?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Single.
23	THE COURT: Your occupation?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Unemployed.
25	THE COURT: What did you do before you were

1	unemployed?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I used to work at a
3	restaurant.
4	THE COURT: Doing what?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Like dishwashing.
6	THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.
7	Mr. Phillips?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Single.
9	THE COURT: Occupation?
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: IT technician.
11	THE COURT: Ms. Chung?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Single.
13	Senior staff assistant.
14	THE COURT: For what? For whom?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: A hospital. Hospital.
16	THE COURT: Which hospital?
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Downstate Medical Center.
18	THE COURT: Thank you.
19	Ms. Seivwright?
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Married.
21	THE COURT: Occupation?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Chef.
23	THE COURT: Chef?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
25	THE COURT: And your spouse?
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1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Taxi driver.
2	THE COURT: Taxi driver.
3	You must eat good.
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My throat is bad.
5	THE COURT: Mr. Audige?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Single.
7	THE COURT: Occupation?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Track worker.
9	THE COURT: You work for MTA?
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Correct.
11	THE COURT: Ms. Harris?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Single.
13	THE COURT: Occupation?
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Licensed social worker.
15	THE COURT: Work for the City of New York?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I work for a program that
17	is funded by organizations and partially nonprofit
18	funded.
19	THE COURT: Okay.
20	Ms. Scott?
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Single.
22	THE COURT: Occupation?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm a student.
24	THE COURT: What are you studying?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Social work.
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THE COURT: Okay.
Ms. Roberts Mr. Roberts, I'm sorry.
PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Single.
THE COURT: Single?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
THE COURT: And your occupation?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm a teaching artist of
music.
THE COURT: Are you doing that now?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
THE COURT: What instrument do you teach?
What do you teach?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I teach how to play steel
band and drums.
THE COURT: Okay.
Do you teach at a specific site?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Well, it depends on the
school that employs me.
THE COURT: Okay.
It's like you're an independent contractor, is
that what you do? Are you certified by the Board of
Education or what?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I have not by the Board
PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I have not by the Board of Ed. I work underneath the Department of Health,

1	know in tandem with the Department of Health.
2	THE COURT: You go to different schools?
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah.
4	THE COURT: Mr. Lamont?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Single.
6	THE COURT: And occupation?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm a student.
8	THE COURT: What are you studying?
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Biology.
10	THE COURT: Ms. Larson?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Married.
12	THE COURT: Occupation?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Flight attendant.
14	THE COURT: What?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Flight attendant.
16	THE COURT: Flight attendant.
17	And your spouse?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Insurance agent.
19	THE COURT: All right.
20	Any of you in the first row, any of you ladies
21	and gentlemen ever served on a jury before?
22	Second row, anyone?
23	All right.
24	First row, any of you ladies and gentlemen
25	ever been the victim of a crime, or someone close to

1	you? Could have been a very serious crime, murder,
2	rape, whatever it might be, or even a simple chain
3	snatch?
4	Ever been the victim of a crime, anyone, or
5	someone close to you?
6	That is Mr. Phillips?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
8	THE COURT: What is it?
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I was hit by a car.
10	THE COURT: It was a hit and run?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It was kind of like not
12	hit and run.
13	THE COURT: Was there an arrest made?
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
15	THE COURT: And why
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I was crossing. I was
17	crossing.
18	THE COURT: Why did they arrest the person who
19	hit you?
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Because he hit me and he
21	ran. Basically, he was driving on the opposite side of
22	the street so
23	THE COURT: Reckless driving?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
25	THE COURT: Okay.

1	Who else?
2	First row, anyone?
3	Mr. McNair?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Mugging in Harlem.
5	THE COURT: You were robbed in Harlem?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Uh-huh.
7	THE COURT: Was there a weapon involved?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: A knife.
9	THE COURT: How long ago?
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Five years ago.
11	THE COURT: Did you report it to the police?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
13	THE COURT: Was the perpetrator or
14	perpetrators ever apprehended?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Nope.
16	THE COURT: Anyone else, first row?
17	Second row?
18	Ms. Seivwright?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My cousin.
20	THE COURT: What about your cousin?
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Somebody killed her in the
22	house.
23	THE COURT: He was murdered?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: She.
25	THE COURT: She was murdered?

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1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
2	THE COURT: It was a friend?
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My cousin.
4	THE COURT: Cousin?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
6	THE COURT: Sorry, I didn't hear that.
7	How long ago was that?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Six years now.
9	THE COURT: And they ever apprehend the person
10	or persons?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
12	THE COURT: Was a weapon involved?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Stabbed, knife.
14	THE COURT: Stabbed?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
16	THE COURT: Who else?
17	Ms. Harris?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Robbed.
19	THE COURT: Was a weapon involved?
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
21	THE COURT: What happened?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My phone was snatched out
23	of my hand while I was on it.
24	THE COURT: Your cellphone?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Uh-huh.
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1	THE COURT: Okay. Okay.
2	Who else?
3	Mr. Lamont?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Close friend was killed as
5	a result of fraternity hazing.
6	THE COURT: How did she die?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It was a he. It was
8	liquor hazing. They tied him to a chair and asked him
9	questions and every question he got wrong, he took a
10	shot, and he passed out.
11	THE COURT: Okay.
12	It was a fraternity?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
14	THE COURT: Okay.
15	Anyone else?
16	First row, any of you ladies and gentlemen
17	ever accused of or arrested or convicted of a crime or
18	someone close to you?
19	Anyone ever accused or convicted of a crime or
20	arrested, or someone close to you?
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Someone close to me.
22	THE COURT: Mr. McNair?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Friend of mine by the name
24	of Antonio
25	THE COURT: What happened?

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1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: He was convicted for drug
2	sales.
3	THE COURT: Of what?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Drug sales.
5	THE COURT: Okay.
6	Federal, state court?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It was in St. Louis. I
8	believe it was federal.
9	THE COURT: Anyone else, first row?
10	Second row?
11	Mr. Lamont?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Cousin, for assault.
13	THE COURT: Cousin was convicted of assault?
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
15	THE COURT: Did he go to jail?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
17	THE COURT: How long is he still in jail or
18	out of jail?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I think maybe four years.
20	THE COURT: What kind of weapon, or was there
21	a weapon?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I think it was with his
23	hands.
24	THE COURT: Anyone else?
25	Mr. Audige?
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1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes. Me, myself, as a
2	minor.
3	THE COURT: What were you arrested for?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Robbery.
5	THE COURT: How old were you at the time?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Seventeen.
7	THE COURT: What happened to the case?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It got sealed.
9	THE COURT: You got a YO, youthful offender?
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm not sure what it was.
11	I know they sealed it. When I got out of the military,
12	I had to come here and the case was reopened and
13	sealed.
14	THE COURT: So you got arrested at seventeen
15	for robbery?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Correct.
17	THE COURT: Was there a trial or did you plead
18	guilty?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I took a plea bargain.
20	THE COURT: What?
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I took a plea bargain.
22	THE COURT: You took a plea.
23	Was it a misdemeanor that you took?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, it was a felony.
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1	offender, which means you would be treated as a minor,
2	not as an adult?
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Correct.
4	THE COURT: You got a YO? That is what that
5	is, youthful offender.
6	That's sealed?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Correct.
8	THE COURT: Anyone else?
9	All right.
10	First row, any of you, ladies and gentlemen,
11	related to, friendly or interact with any law
12	enforcement agents or attorneys?
13	Ms. Chung?
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My nephew's a lieutenant.
15	THE COURT: Where?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: 73rd Precinct.
17	THE COURT: 70
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: 73rd Precinct.
19	THE COURT: He's a lieutenant, right?
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
21	THE COURT: Anybody else?
22	Mr. McNair?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My sister practices family
24	law in California. She's an attorney.
25	THE COURT: Okay.

1	Who else?
2	Mr. Lee?
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Brother-in-law's brother
4	is a retired lieutenant.
5	THE COURT: Your brother-in-law is a retired
6	lieutenant?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Brother-in-law's brother.
8	THE COURT: Brother-in-law's brother?
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah.
10	THE COURT: Is a retired lieutenant N.Y.P.D.,
11	okay.
12	Who else?
13	Anyone else, first row?
14	Second row?
15	Ms. Harris?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My uncle's a retired
17	police officer in Massachusetts.
18	THE COURT: Anyone else?
19	Mr. McFarlane, can you be fair and impartial
20	in this case?
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
22	THE COURT: Mr. McNair?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
24	THE COURT: Mr. Lee?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah.

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1	THE COURT: Ms. Laing?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
3	THE COURT: Mr. Nolberto?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah.
5	THE COURT: Mr. Phillips?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
7	THE COURT: Ms. Chung?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
9	THE COURT: Ms. Seivwright?
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
11	THE COURT: Mr. Audige?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
13	THE COURT: Ms. Harris?
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
15	THE COURT: Ms. Scott?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
17	THE COURT: Ms. Roberts Mr. Roberts?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
19	THE COURT: And Mr. Lamont?
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
21	THE COURT: And Ms. Larson?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
23	THE COURT: All right, it's almost the
24	luncheon hour so we are going to take a break for the
25	lunch hour. Please do not discuss the case amongst
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1	yourselves or with anyone else. Please do not visit the
2	place where the alleged crimes occurred.
3	Have no contact with any of the parties
4	involved in this matter. If you see us, ignore us.
5	Do not resort to utilizing any digital
6	electronic devices for the purpose of obtaining any
7	information about this case or talking to anybody about
8	this case.
9	Return here at two o'clock.
10	Do not enter until the Court Officers direct
11	you to so enter.
12	Take all your belongings. You will exit
13	first, then those in the audience will follow.
14	Have a very good lunch. You are being excused
15	for lunch.
16	(Whereupon, the panel of prospective jurors
17	exited the courtroom.)
18	THE COURT: All right, those in the audience,
19	same instructions and return at two o'clock outside.
20	Do not enter unless Court Officers direct you
21	to enter.
22	Take all your belongings.
23	Thank you.
24	COURT OFFICER: Judge, what would you like me
25	to tell the jurors in the room?

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1	THE COURT: They're excused till 2:15.
2	Okay, two o'clock.
3	(Whereupon, a lunch recess was held.)
4	* * *
5	AFTERNOON SESSION
6	* * *
7	THE CLERK: Case on trial continues. All
8	parties present. Defendant is present with her
9	attorney. We are missing Walensky.
10	(Whereupon, there was a brief pause in the
11	proceedings.)
12	THE COURT: Here he comes. Just get those who
13	are in the jury box first and then the rest.
14	COURT OFFICER: Jury panel entering.
15	(Whereupon, the panel of prospective jurors
16	entered the courtroom.)
17	THE COURT: Take your seats in the jury box,
18	please.
19	THE CLERK: Was anybody else seated in the
20	jury box that are seated in the audience?
21	THE COURT: Who's that, Phillips? Is it Ms.
22	Phillips?
23	See if she's outside.
24	MS. CHU: Marco Phillips.
25	THE COURT: A male, right, Mr. Phillips.

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1	(Whereupon, there was a brief pause in the
2	proceedings.)
3	THE COURT: There he is.
4	We'll proceed at this time.
5	Go ahead, Ms. Chu.
6	MS. CHU: Thank you.
7	Good afternoon, ladies and gentlemen.
8	Oh, oh, you guys had a big lunch, huh?
9	Good afternoon, ladies and gentlemen.
10	My name is Phyllis Chu and I am the attorney
11	who will be prosecuting this case should you be selected
12	as jurors.
13	Now, one of the things that the Judge said is
14	that ninety-three percent of the cases that he's ever
15	tried, most of it has evidence that comes in the form of
16	testimony. Now, you know what that means, right?
17	What does that mean, sir, testimony?
18	Can you accept that that's a form of evidence?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
20	MS. CHU: Anybody here?
21	Ms. Chung, how do you feel about that?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
23	MS. CHU: You okay with that?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
25	MS. CHU: What he said about C.S.I. and Law &

Voir Dire - People/Ms. Chu

Order, and they never show this jury selection part on those things and they have little commercials and it's tied up with a bow in an hour. If you want, you can watch a marathon for the whole day, right. This is not going to be it, okay.

You understand that the people that are going to come before you to talk are not actors, they are not paid, they don't have scripts?

Can you all understand that?

Now, how many, when you were selected, to just call your name to come up here, felt nervous?

No one was nervous?

Come on, you gotta be nervous.

Well, do you think that everybody shows how nervous they are in the same way?

Why not?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Different individuals, different people.

MS. CHU: Some people might cry when they are nervous, some people laugh when they are nervous.

Can you all accept and keep an open mind when you're listening to whoever testifies to see whether or not what they say makes sense first, before you make a determination as to whether or not they're telling the truth or not telling the truth? Can you

Voir Dire - People/Ms. Chu

1 all do that?

Now, if you're selected as a juror in this case, I can tell you that this case involved just two people, Mr. Wilson and the defendant, there were no other eyewitnesses or anybody else present at the time that the murder occurred and I wanted to let you know that the majority of the evidence you are going to hear, that goes -- that proves my case is going to actually come from what the defendant said to different people, all right.

Now, can any of you think of some things that would affect -- let me ask you this.

The first thing I want to say is, how many of you have ever had any interaction at all with police in the city here?

Pretty much everybody, right?

And I would imagine that the range of your experiences would go from either very bad to very good, right?

Would you all say that you kind of fell within that parameter?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.

MS. CHU: Now, do you think that if someone is speaking to the police about something that they're suspected of doing, or just speaking to the police in

Voir Dire - People/Ms. C	lhu
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general, that they might want to talk to the police? 1 you think that's a possibility? Yes? 2 3 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes. MS. CHU: You said yes or no? 4 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes and no. 5 They might tailor what they say for gains. 6 7 MS. CHU: You think when talking to the police 8 they would put things in a light that's most favorable to them? 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: 10 11 MS. CHU: That's possible? 12 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes. MS. CHU: Did you think there's a possibility 13 there might be some half truths, some whole truths and 14 mix it up? Do you think that's a possibility? 15 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: That is a possibility. 16 MS. CHU: Mr. Nolberto, too much lunch? 17 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I'm okay. 18 MS. CHU: Now, what I want to ask you, do you 19 think that the relationship that the person has to who 20 they're talking to makes a difference in determining 21 whether or not they're telling the truth? 22 Why do you think that? 23 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I am more likely to tell 24 the truth to someone that I know really close than 25

Voir Dire - People/Ms. Chu

1 someone --MS. CHU: Than like law enforcement? 2 3 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah. MS. CHU: Are you the kind of people, do you 4 think you guys are -- let me back up. 5 You ever -- whether or not you're telling the 6 7 truth, right, from the moment you get up to the moment 8 you to go sleep, you're interacting with different people, right? 9 Remember, the Judge says you take your life 10 11 experiences, you bring them with you. PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes. 12 13 MS. CHU: Now, how many of you think that you are able to, if you were given or selected as a juror in 14 15 this case, take a statement that was given by the defendant and compare it and contrast it to other 16 evidence that you are going to hear in this case to make 17 your own determination as to what parts she said that 18 19 might be true, what parts that might be false? So, you're going to have to do a little work 20 if you're selected as jurors. 21 Does everyone think they are up for that 22 23 challenge? 24 Yes? 25 Yes?

- Pe	ople/	Ms.	Chu
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	Voir Dire - People/Ms. Chu
1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
2	MS. CHU: Ms. Chung, you okay with that?
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It's difficult because I'm
4	not sure. I don't know how to put yourself to have
5	control of another person's thing. That's difficult for
6	me. So, it's I'm not sure.
7	MS. CHU: You're not sure if you can be a
8	juror in this case, is that what you're saying?
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: To keep going with the
10	evidence, to put your life experiences, because you're
11	not your life experience is not the same as the
12	defendant so what
13	MS. CHU: What I meant by life experiences is
14	that if someone tells you something, someone gets on the
15	stand and says I heard the defendant say this, and what
16	they say matches with other evidence that you are going
17	to hear in this case, can you say, you know what, that
18	was supported by other evidence so I know that part was
19	true?
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: If it's supported by other
21	evidence, then you have to take it at face value.
22	MS. CHU: You have to take it at face value?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Uh-huh.
24	MS. CHU: Do you think kind of every person

can do that, like kind of resolve what someone's saying,

25

Voir I	Dire		People/Ms.	Chu
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1 what might be true and what parts might be false? 2 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It -- I quess, yes. 3 MS. CHU: How about you, Ms. Seivwright, how 4 do you feel about that? 5 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: It all depends. MS. CHU: All depends on what they say, if it 6 7 makes sense with all the other evidence, then you can accept it, right? 8 Would you be able to do that? 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Depends what the person 10 says, if it's true or not. 11 MS. CHU: I don't understand what you mean. 12 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Depends on what the 13 14 witness says. 15 MS. CHU: If the witness tells you something and what you hear from another witness supports what 16 that person says that the defendant said, would you be 17 able to say, okay, I know that part's true, or you have 18 to pick apart what they say to see what is true or not 19 true? Can you do that? 20 21 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Maybe. MS. CHU: Maybe. 22 Are you the kind of person that says I'm not 23 so good at that? 24 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah. 25

Voir Dire - People/Ms. Chu

MS. CHU: You're more like that?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.

MS. CHU: Obviously there's no jury school, you guys don't go away for six weeks and learn to be perfect jurors. You guys use the same things that you use every day, that is what you need to use when you're here. There is no special ingredient. Who could be better a juror than another juror?

All you have to do is just keep an open mind.

Can you all promise me you can do that and not make a decision before the person testifies, about whether or not you believe them or not, just wait and hear what they say, see if it makes sense and kind of see the other evidence you are going to hear? Can you do that?

Now, the Judge told you that your job is to be the determiners of the facts, meaning you have to figure out what happened. He's in charge of the law, right.

Now, if the Judge tells you that the burden is always on me, are you going to promise me that you are going to hold me to my burden of proving what I have to prove beyond a reasonable doubt?

Can you all promise me that?

Now, on the flip side of that, there's certain

Voir Dire - People/Ms. Chu

things I don't have to prove, like I don't have to prove what the weather was like for that period of time, I don't have to tell you who won the lottery.

Are you all going to promise me that in addition to holding me to my proving what I have to prove, you will also not hold me to a burden of proving something that I don't have to prove?

Do you understand what I'm asking you?

Is everybody okay with doing the same thing?

The last thing I want to talk about has to do

with sympathy. We can't -- I'm sorry.

If you all would just look at the defendant. She's a young woman. Is there anyone here that thinks that you wouldn't be able set aside how she appears in your deliberations, in deciding what happened in this case?

Everybody okay with, you know -- I mean, somebody might say, you know what, she reminds me of my sister, she reminds me of my daughter, whatever, that is going to affect my ability to listen to the evidence in this case?

Yes, Ms. Seivwright?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.

MS. CHU: Would you have a problem with that? You would not be able to separate that?

Voir Dire - I	People/Ms.	Chu
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1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.
2	MS. CHU: How about you, Ms. Chung?
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, it's yes.
4	MS. CHU: Yes, you would be able to
5	separate that?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Uh-huh.
7	MS. CHU: How about you, Ms. Scott?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I will be able to.
9	MS. CHU: Ms. Seivwright, thank you for being
10	so honest.
11	When we get to really talking, do you feel as
12	though you might be like Ms. Seivwright, you know, what
13	I don't know, if I can separate that?
14	Everybody else is okay?
15	THE COURT: Thank you.
16	MS. CHU: Thank you.
17	THE COURT: Go ahead.
18	MR. WALENSKY: Anybody here think I have to
19	prove anything, that I have to prove that my client is
20	innocent?
21	Now, you understand, Mr. McFarlane, that this
22	isn't about guilt or innocence?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
24	MR. WALENSKY: Really, it's just about what
25	Ms. Chu had said, that she has the burden of proof, it's

Voir Dire - Defendant/Mr. Walensky
really only about her ability to prove her case beyond a
reasonable doubt.
Do you have any problems with that, Ms. Laing?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, sir.
MR. WALENSKY: Because if the People are
presenting their evidence, the Judge will tell you what
beyond a reasonable doubt is, what the criteria is. If
they haven't proven the case, you would have to say not
guilty, wouldn't you, Ms. Harris?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
MR. WALENSKY: And Ms. Chu touched upon
police. We all react differently. Has anyone been
stopped and frisked?
Okay, Mr. Phillips. You felt pretty helpless,
right?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Pretty much.
MR. WALENSKY: The police are holding all the
cards, so to peak?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Pretty much.
MR. WALENSKY: Did you feel nervous, like you
had to talk to them?
PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Not really. I mean, I
know like the procedures. So I got stopped a few times,
I know the procedures.
MR. WALENSKY: But you don't have to talk to

	Voir Dire - Defendant/Mr. Walensky
1	them if they ask you questions?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Sometimes. It depends.
3	MR. WALENSKY: Now, but they were essentially
4	controlling that entire situation, right?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Uh-huh.
6	MR. WALENSKY: You are not going to resist
7	because it would be foolish?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Exactly.
9	MR. WALENSKY: Now, people have we talk
10	about witnesses and being able to speak and listen and
11	evaluate a witness.
12	Now, Ms. Larson well, withdrawn.
13	Everybody
14	Anybody here know somebody who abuses drugs or
15	alcohol?
16	Okay, Ms. Harris. Now, that person might be
17	abusing I'm not asking who or anything that person
18	who abuses drugs or alcohol, they are not always lucid,
19	would you agree?
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Correct.
21	MR. WALENSKY: And the longer that somebody
22	abuses a substance, the less lucid they are about
23	everyday events?
24	MS. CHU: Objection.
25	THE COURT: Objection sustained.

	Voir Dire - Defendant/Mr. Walensky
1	MR. WALENSKY: In your experience.
2	MS. CHU: Objection.
3	THE COURT: Sustained.
4	MR. WALENSKY: All right.
5	THE COURT: Sustained.
6	MR. WALENSKY: Okay.
7	Now, there are you understand that in terms
8	of burden of proof, if I had to prove anything it would
9	change that burden. Do you understand that concept, Mr.
10	Lamont?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
12	MR. WALENSKY: And the reason is you know we
13	are
14	Where were you, Ms. Seivwright, three weeks
15	ago at 3:00 in the morning? Don't know, right?
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Don't remember.
17	MR. WALENSKY: Do you live alone?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah.
19	MR. WALENSKY: So someone says, well, where
20	were you, you'd say I was home, I was a asleep. Well,
	prove it.
21	
21	How can I prove it?
	How can I prove it? You understand? Somebody is saying you're
22	

Voir Dire - Defendant/Mr. Walensky

1	THE COURT: Let's get away from this. Don't
2	go off on the burden. Go on to something else, all
3	right.
4	MR. WALENSKY: Anyone who has a problem
5	sitting on a case because of the subject matter?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I probably would.
7	MR. WALENSKY: You would, okay.
8	Because of the nature?
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: This makes me really
10	uncomfortable.
11	THE COURT: It makes you uncomfortable, but
12	can you sit if you're chosen and be fair and impartial?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes, I can.
14	THE COURT: A lot of things make people
15	uncomfortable. That's life.
16	You understand that?
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yeah.
18	THE COURT: Proceed.
19	MR. WALENSKY: Essentially, Mr. Lee, if you're
20	chosen will you be able to look at the evidence and if
21	called for give a verdict of guilty?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.
23	MR. WALENSKY: If called for, to give a
24	verdict of not guilty? Do you understand?
25	It's not a matter of a feeling.

Voir Dire - Defendant/Mr. Walensky

Ms. Scott, you might say, gee, I think that the person is guilty but they haven't proven their case beyond a reasonable doubt, you'd have to say not guilty.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Yes.

MR. WALENSKY: They might not have proven the case, I have all kinds of questions, if they haven't proven their case beyond a reasonable doubt, you would have to say not guilty, wouldn't you?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No.

MR. WALENSKY: I am going to --

There are no bosses here. I ask you to take the time, if you're selected, that would be necessary. Is there anyone here who has a pressing schedule?

We all have things we have to do. What I am concerned about in the jury room, it's I can't sit here any more, whether it's an eleven to one for conviction or an eleven to one for acquittal, changing not because of someone convincing you but because of time factors. Is there anyone who wouldn't be able to sit on the jury with the total commitment necessary?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR: You mean the hours or from --

MR. WALENSKY: It could be days. It takes however long it takes, until the Judge --

Voir Dire - Defendant/Mr. Walensky

THE COURT: The fact is, ladies and 1 2 gentlemen --The question really is, if you have a 3 particular view of the evidence and a particular view of 4 guilt or non-guilt of the defendant, are you going to 5 change your opinion merely because of time 6 considerations? Are you going to say, oh, I gotta get 7 out of here, I gotta go somewhere, or are you going to 8 have those time constraints affect your judgment? 9 In other words, is that going to affect your 10 11 ability --PROSPECTIVE JUROR: My only thing is if -- I 12 take a class on Tuesday and Thursday from 6:00 to 9:30 13 14 at night. THE COURT: I forgot to tell you, we don't 15 have sequestration so you will not be kept overnight. 16 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Okay. 17 THE COURT: But if you're in a situation, like 18 the attorney said, where it's -- you're the lone person 19 20 holdout whether for quilt or non-guilt and you just change your mind because it's convenient or because it's 21 a time consideration, are you going to do that? 22 23 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No, no, no. THE COURT: All right, go ahead. 24

Anybody going to do that?

25

Voir Dire - Defendant/Mr. Walensky

MR. WALENSKY: Ms. Seivwright, you had some 1 question. Were you going to raise your hand about 2 3 something? 4 PROSPECTIVE JUROR: I think I don't feel 5 comfortable. THE COURT: You indicated that you are not 6 7 comfortable, right? PROSPECTIVE JUROR: No. 8 THE COURT: All right. Let's continue. 9 10 MR. WALENSKY: Thank you. I have no further questions. Thank you, 11 ladies and gentlemen. 12 THE COURT: Ladies and gentlemen, I am going 13 to ask you to step outside. Do not discuss the case 14 amongst yourselves or anyone else. Do not visit the 15 place or premise. You don't have to do that. Just step 16 outside and do not engage in any conversation. We'll 17 call you back in, in a few minutes. 18 (Whereupon, the panel of prospective jurors 19 exited the courtroom.) 20 THE COURT: All right, those ladies and 21 gentlemen in the audience, same instruction, we'll ask 22 you to vacate your seats and we'll call you back in a 23 few minutes. 24

Do not disappear.

25

1	(Whereupon, the panel of prospective jurors						
2	exited the courtroom.)						
3	THE COURT: All right, let's go.						
4	First two, cause?						
5	MS. CHU: No.						
6	THE COURT: Cause?						
7	MR. WALENSKY: No.						
8	THE COURT: All right.						
9	Perempt?						
10	MS. CHU: None.						
11	THE COURT: Perempt?						
12	MR. WALENSKY: No.						
13	THE CLERK: Kingsley McFarlane is juror number						
14	eleven.						
15	THE COURT: And McNair is number twelve, all						
16	right.						
17	All right.						
18	First alternate, Lee, cause?						
19	MS. CHU: No.						
20	THE COURT: Cause?						
21	MR. WALENSKY: No.						
22	THE COURT: Perempt?						
23	MS. CHU: No.						
24	THE COURT: Perempt?						
25	MR. WALENSKY: Yes.						

	Voir Dire
1	THE COURT: Perempt defense.
2	Laing, cause?
3	MS. CHU: No.
4	THE COURT: Cause?
5	MR. WALENSKY: No.
6	THE COURT: Perempt?
7	MS. CHU: No.
8	THE COURT: Perempt?
9	MR. WALENSKY: Yes.
10	THE COURT: Then you're out. I mean, you have
11	no further challenges except for
12	THE CLERK: You challenged Lee and Laing.
13	MR. WALENSKY: Yes.
14	THE COURT: Nolberto, cause?
15	MS. CHU: No.
16	THE COURT: Cause?
17	MR. WALENSKY: No.
18	THE COURT: Perempt?
19	MS. CHU: Yes.
20	THE COURT: That's it for the People.
21	MS. CHU: Sorry, can you just give me one
22	moment? My pen ran out of ink.
23	THE COURT: Phillips, cause?
24	MS. CHU: Phillips, no.
25	THE COURT: Cause?

	Voir Dire
1	MR. WALENSKY: No.
2	THE COURT: Perempt?
3	MS. CHU: No.
4	THE COURT: All right, that's alternate one.
5	All right, Larson, cause?
6	MS. CHU: No.
7	THE COURT: Cause?
8	MR. WALENSKY: No.
9	THE COURT: Perempt?
10	MS. CHU: No.
11	THE COURT: Perempt?
12	MR. WALENSKY: No.
13	THE COURT: All right, so she's alternate two.
14	I'll do one more.
15	Lamont, cause?
16	MR. WALENSKY: No.
17	THE COURT: Wait a minute.
18	People?
19	MS. CHU: No.
20	THE COURT: No, defense?
21	MR. WALENSKY: No.
22	THE COURT: Perempt?
23	MS. CHU: No.
24	THE COURT: Perempt?
25	MR. WALENSKY: Yes.

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1		THE COURT: Roberts, cause?	
2		MS. CHU: No.	
3		THE COURT: Cause?	
4		MR. WALENSKY: No.	
5		THE COURT: Perempt?	
6		MS. CHU: No.	
7		THE COURT: Cause?	
8		MR. WALENSKY: No.	
9		THE COURT: Roberts is selected.	
10		Alternate two three.	
11		MS. CHU: You want to do a fourth one, just	in
12	case?		
13		THE COURT: No.	
14		MS. CHU: We are going to have four days of	f.
15		THE COURT: You want a fourth one?	
16		MS. CHU: We're going to be out four days.	
17	Thursday,	Friday, Saturday, Sunday, Monday, five days	,
18	actually.		
19		THE COURT: Scott, cause? Cause, yes or no	,?
20		MR. WALENSKY: No.	
21		MS. CHU: No.	
22		THE COURT: Perempt?	
23		MS. CHU: I perempt her.	
24		THE COURT: Let's see.	
25		People, Harris, cause?	

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1	MS. CHU: No.
2	THE COURT: Cause?
3	MR. WALENSKY: No.
4	THE COURT: Perempt?
5	MS. CHU: No.
6	THE COURT: Perempt?
7	MR. WALENSKY: No.
8	THE COURT: That's alternate four.
9	All right, let's go.
10	MS. CHU: Thank you.
11	THE COURT: Get the panel, put them in the
12	front.
13	COURT OFFICER: All the jurors?
14	THE COURT: No, just the panel.
15	MR. WALENSKY: Before we open I would like to
16	use the restroom.
17	THE COURT: You don't have any witnesses
18	today?
19	MS. CHU: I do. I have a Crime Scene guy.
20	COURT OFFICER: Jury panel entering.
21	(Whereupon, the panel of prospective jurors
22	entered the courtroom.)
23	THE COURT: All right, let's go.
24	COURT OFFICER: We're missing one.
25	(Whereupon, there was a brief pause in the

Voir Dire

1	proceedings.)
2	COURT OFFICER: He went to the restroom.
3	THE COURT: All right, let's go.
4	THE CLERK: All right, ladies and gentlemen,
5	if you hear your name called that means you have been
6	selected to serve as a juror. If you do not hear your
7	name called, you're excused with the thanks of the
8	Court. Go back to the second floor, Central Jury, if
9	you don't hear your name called. If you hear your name
10	called, please say "here" or "present."
11	Juror number eleven will be Kingsley
12	McFarlane.
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Here.
14	THE CLERK: Juror number twelve, William
15	McNair.
16	You have to say "here" or "present."
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Here.
18	THE CLERK: Alternate one, Marco Phillips.
19	Alternate two, Leslie Larson.
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Here.
20 21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Here. THE CLERK: Alternate three, Jerlanie
21	THE CLERK: Alternate three, Jerlanie
21 22	THE CLERK: Alternate three, Jerlanie (phonetic) Roberts.

1	THE CLERK: The rest of you can go back to
2	Central Jury, second floor.
3	THE COURT: Line up the other jurors, please.
4	THE CLERK: Will the six of you rise and raise
5	your right hand.
6	Do each of you sincerely and solemnly swear or
7	affirm that you will try this case in a just and
8	impartial manner to the best of your judgment and you
9	will render a verdict according to the law and evidence?
10	Your response?
11	(Whereupon, the jurors responded.)
12	THE CLERK: Have a seat for right now.
13	The rest of the jurors can be excused.
14	COURT OFFICER: Down to two?
15	THE CLERK: Yes.
16	(Whereupon, there was a brief pause in the
17	proceedings.)
18	THE COURT: All right, have the jurors seated.
19	COURT OFFICER: One of them is using the
20	restroom.
21	THE COURT: Okay.
22	(Whereupon, there was a brief pause in the
23	proceedings.)
24	COURT OFFICER: Ready for the panel?
25	THE COURT: They're lined up?

	Proceeding
1	COURT OFFICER: Yes.
2	THE COURT: Bring them in.
3	COURT OFFICER: Jury entering.
4	(Whereupon, the Jury entered the courtroom.)
5	THE COURT: All right, the rest of the jurors,
6	fill the box.
7	Come on guys, let's go.
8	THE CLERK: Juror number eleven is Kingsley
9	McFarlane.
10	THE COURT: Come on up, sir. Come around.
11	THE CLERK: Juror number twelve, William
12	McNair.
13	Alternate number one, Marco Phillips.
14	Alternate two, Leslie Larson.
15	Alternate three, Jerlanie Roberts.
16	And alternate four, Sarah Harris.
17	THE COURT: Juror number one, your name?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Avelon Ramnath.
19	THE COURT: Ms. Ramnath, you are going to be
20	the foreperson of the jury. In other words, you will
21	have no greater powers or less powers than any other
22	juror except at the close of the case you will read the
23	verdict. You understand that's what your job will be,
24	okay?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR: Okay.

Proceeding

THE COURT: Okay. Very good.

All right, madam forelady, ladies and gentlemen of the jury, at this point I am required to instruct you generally concerning your basic functions, duties and conduct and to acquaint you in a general way with the trial procedure and certain rules which apply to every jury so that you will be better able to assess and weigh the evidence as it is presented and reach a proper verdict.

The trial commenced with the selection of the jury. The next step in the trial will be an opening statement by the People, represented by the Assistant District Attorney, during which she's required by law to indicate to you what she intends to prove by way of evidence to support the charges set forth against this defendant.

Following that, defense counsel, if he desires, may also make an opening statement, but what counsel for either party says in an opening statement is not evidence. You may consider the opening statement as merely a preview of what each side intends to show by way of evidence in the case.

After the opening statement or statements, the Assistant District Attorney will present a witness or witnesses who will be questioned by her. This is called

Proceeding

direct examination. After the Assistant District

Attorney completes her questions, defense counsel will

be given an opportunity to question the witness. This

is called cross-examination. After the People have

concluded the calling of their witnesses and

introduction of any exhibits which are admissible into

evidence, the defendant may offer evidence in his

defense.

After the defendant rests and People rest, the defendant may make a closing argument following which the People may make a closing argument, then I will charge you on the law, then you will retire to deliberate for purpose of reaching a verdict. That is a general outline of trial procedure.

For the most part, evidence consists of testimony of witnesses under oath and exhibits which are introduced into evidence. Questions in and of themselves are not evidence. Therefore, you cannot infer any facts from the mere asking of a question. It is the answer coupled with the question that constitutes evidence.

For example, if a witness was asked a question, do you own an automobile, and the witness answered no, you cannot and you may not infer from his answer that he in fact owns an automobile.

Proceeding

During the course of the trial either attorney, Assistant District Attorney or the defense counsel, may object to a question or an answer on the ground that somehow it is legally improper or inadmissible. If I sustain the objection, this means that I believe that the question and the answer is in some manner improper, therefore in the first instance the question may not be asked, in the second instance, if an answer has been given, I will say "strike it out," therefore the answer is no longer evidence in the case. If I overrule the objection, that means that the question is proper and I will permit it to be answered, or if already answered, I will permit the answer to stand as evidence in the case.

Please do not resent the fact that either attorney makes objections, this is their duty, and do not hold it against either attorney if I rule against them.

As I have explained to you in detail in my charge, as jurors in this case you are the sole judges of the facts and I am the sole judge of the law. You must accept the law as I give it to you without hesitation or reservation, even if you privately disagree with me.

You must keep an open mind, you must not speak

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Proceeding

or talk among yourselves or with anyone else on any subject connected with the trial.

You must not either offer nor express an opinion as to the guilt or non-guilt of the defendant until I finally give the case to you.

You must not read or listen to any account or discussion of the case in the event that it's reported in newspapers or other media.

Now, ladies and gentlemen, this admonition by the Court that you are not to discuss the case amongst yourselves or with anyone else is probably the most difficult to comply with because it's counterintuitive, it's counter to human nature. When people are thrown together for a short period of time, the natural thing is if they hear or see something, one turns to the other, did you hear that, did you see that, and they start talking about it. You are not to allowed to do that while the case is in progress. You are not allowed to do that when you leave here. You are not allowed to do that when you go home. And when you go home, it's probably going to be even more difficult because probably if you have somebody at home, they're going to be saying, oh, you are on a trial, what kind of case is You say, I can't tell you. Why? Because the Judge instructed us that we are not to discuss the matter till

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Proceeding

the matter is over. And the fact of the matter is, ladies and gentlemen, I'm sure whoever is at home will understand, you say this case is not going to be going for a very long period of time, in fact we're only meeting about three days this week, today and Tuesday and Wednesday, then a couple of days maybe next week, all right, after the holiday. So, you gotta be resolute, you say, listen, I will tell you all about it once it's over with, all right.

You must not visit or view the premises or places where the alleged crime was committed or any other premise or places involved in the case. Promptly report any incident within your knowledge involving any attempt by any person who seeks to improperly influence any member of the jury. Also, you are not to have any contact with any of the parties involved in this matter. You know, you come in the morning -- this, again, is counterintuitive because people who are thrown together for a period of time, they like to exchange normal civil amenities, good morning, how are you, nice day, blah, blah, you are on your way, right. Let's assume Ms. Ramnath comes in the morning and Ms. Chu is in the hallway and she wants to say hello and, well, the fact is that's not permitted. Although her intentions are very innocent, she just wants to be nice and friendly,

Proceeding

she is not allowed to do that. You're not allowed to even, when you pass me or anybody else involved here, go "hi," anything like that. Don't arch your eyebrow. You are not allowed to do that, all right. Because, in effect, it's a violation of a rule that we call the appearance of impropriety. You're not doing anything wrong, you're trying to be nice and you're not allowed to do that also, and until you are discharged from service, then you can speak to anybody you wish or you can have anybody you wish speak to you, and that will rest within your discretion, okay.

Another thing I'm always asked, if they may take notes. I am going to permit you to take notes. You will be provided with pens and a notebook so that you may take these notes. You are not required to take notes. Whether you choose to take notes, it's entirely up to you. Each individual must decide for yourselves whether taking notes assist you in refreshing your recollection of the proceedings. Now, some people may find it difficult to take notes and also pay attention to the trial. You should not feel any pressure to take notes because some fellow jurors may choose to do so. If you are note taking and you feel because of the note taking you will not be able to concentrate on the proceedings, then feel free not to take notes. If you

Proceeding

do decide to take notes, you must be careful not to let your note taking become a distraction from the proceedings.

You must bear in mind that notes are merely an aide to your memory, they are for your personal use alone, to help you refresh your recollection of the evidence, but they are not superior to any juror's independent recollection of what took place during the proceedings. Most importantly, they are not a substitute for the official record of the proceedings which is assembled by the Court Reporter, this young lady right here. If you remember what occurred during the proceedings is different than what you have written in your notes, you should request a readback of the transcript. If there is a difference between your notes and the official transcript of the proceedings, you must rely on the official transcript and not the notes.

This rules applies not only to evidence but also to any differences that might exist between your notes and the official record of my instructions on the principles of law that govern the case.

If you do not take notes, you should rely on your own recollection of the evidence and my instructions on the law and you must not be swayed by the fact that another juror may have notes indicating

Proceeding

1 that the evidence or the Court's charge on the law was different than you recall. 2 If there is a dispute about the evidence or 3 the Court's instructions, jurors can request a readback 4 of the transcript to resolve the dispute. You must 5 rely on the official transcript. The notebooks will be 6 7 collected during the lunch breaks and at the end of the day during the trial. The notes will be stored in 8 a secure place for safekeeping and no one will read 9 10 them. 11 All right, you may proceed with your opening. 12 THE CLERK: Judge. 13 (Whereupon, there was a brief pause in the 1.4 proceedings.) 15 THE COURT: Before we proceed, raise your hand 16 if you want the notebooks, we will distribute them and 17 the pens and pencils. (Whereupon, there was a brief pause in the 18 19 proceedings.) 20 THE COURT: If you don't have a pencil or pen, 21 we will go get you one. 22 (Whereupon, there was a brief pause in the 23 proceedings.) 24 THE COURT: Okay, you may proceed. MS. CHU: Thank you. 25

Opening - People/Ms. Chu

Good afternoon, ladies and gentlemen.

On January 3rd, 2012 the body of Anthony
Wilson was found dead inside of his apartment at 832
Bushwick Avenue. Through the course of this trial
you're going to learn how the evidence will lead you to
come to the same conclusion, beyond a reasonable doubt,
that it was Atara Wisdom who was responsible for his
intentional murder.

Now, the way this all gets started is that the police get called by Mr. Wilson's landlord, Donet Robinson, and Mr. Robinson tries to -- he hadn't seen the victim in a while, he gets the key that he has to the apartment, he goes inside -- this is January 3rd. When he enters, he finds Mr. Wilson on his bed, dead, naked, there's a wreck in the house, the apartment is ransacked, it's got blood smears on the floor, there's clothing on the floor, there's feces on the floor.

So, he immediately calls 911 and the police arrive.

Now, you are going to learn that Police
Officers Marsden and Ortiz, they come from the 83rd
Precinct, they get called by the 911 operator to go to
the location to check it out. When they get there,
they confirm that Mr. Wilson is definitely in need of
assistance, they call for an ambulance and an ambulance
confirms that he's dead and has been dead for sometime.

Opening - People/Ms. Chu

Now, the officers, Marsden and Ortiz, they continue to secure the scene. What this means, they tried and preserve the apartment as close to how it was when they initially got there, so they don't let anybody go in and out.

Basically it's a studio apartment, there's a bed in there, there's a TV, there's a kitchen area, then there's a bathroom. It's a very small apartment. It's about nineteen by fifteen, and that encompasses everything.

So, what you will learn is that Detective
Markoski, along with his partner, are assigned from the
Crime Scene Unit. When they first arrive, they'd seen
that everything has been secured by officers from the
83rd Precinct, they recover some of the clothing that
was on the floor inside the apartment next to where the
body was, they take photographs, they take measurements,
they actually take swabs of blood that's found
throughout the apartment and they arrange to have that
sent for testing.

Now, in the meantime, Mr. Wilson's body was taken to the morgue. He's pronounced by EMS people, he's taken to the Medical Examiner's Office where Frede Frederic, who used to be with the Medical Examiner's Office, she's since retired, she actually conducted an

Opening - People/Ms. Chu

autopsy on Mr. Wilson's body. What she finds is that he has seven stab wounds to his body. He's got six in the front of him and one in the back, and the ones that really did the most damage, because there is — there was one to the right chest that was maybe a half inch, the one in the back went in about two inches but it didn't puncture any of the major organs. Mr. Wilson's body, what you're going to learn, is that the five wounds that were on the left side of Mr. Wilson's body all went in about a depth of five to six inches. What it did was, all of those stab wounds, they perforated one of the parts of his heart, they also perforated his left lung, and that's what the cause of death was for Mr. Wilson.

And they found various evidences that the body had already started to decompose, had been there for some time and that there was partial mummification of parts of the body, and also there were like maggots and stuff in the body, that shows how far along the decomposition had taken place.

Now, from Detective Geoffrey Hernandez, he was the assigned detective who was in charge of that investigation, and he along with Detective Christopher Scandole from Brooklyn North Homicide, began to investigate to try to figure out what happened to Mr.

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Opening - People/Ms. Chu

Wilson. So one of the people that they spoke to was a person by the name of Matthew Shepard. And you are going to learn that Matthew Shepard knew the victim but he also knew the defendant, and he knew that she had been staying with the victim. When he got a phone call from her around -- he didn't remember exactly the time, it was a couple of weeks before, he wasn't really sure of the time, but a couple of weeks before he actually --I'm sorry -- they found the body of Mr. Wilson. And he said that sometime around Thanksgiving he had actually met her and he had explained he was interested in her, if she could get away from the guy, from Tony, who's the victim, he was interested in dating her. And what happens is she calls him early in the morning and she says, I'm in a -- I have a problem, I'm in a situation, and she tells him, can I meet you.

And so he agrees to meet her and he meets her in Bushwick. When he meets her, she has four big bags with her.

What are you, like a homeless lady, he goes? What happened? You with Anthony?

And she was like I was paying him rent and he wanted to have sex with me and I wasn't having that so I poked him.

What you'll learn, in street terms that means

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Opening - People/Ms. Chu

she stabbed him. And Mr. Shepard goes, well, you can't stay with me but you can hang out in my house until you get -- somebody gets you, and he said that is all he talked about with her, he didn't want to have any further conversations. That was the last time that he had seen her.

Now, Mr. Shepard had been spoken to around the time that Mr. Wilson's body was recovered. Now, from Mr. Shepard they find out what Mr. Wilson's cellphone number was. They begin to get phone records for that number. What you'll learn, and you're actually going to hear from a representative from Sprint Nextel who will give you and show you, these are the records that are kept there, it shows you all the call details. What they learned from those call details is that on November 29th, 2011, at approximately 12:37 A.M. Anthony Wilson's number calls 911. And you're going to actually hear that 911 call that was made by Mr. Wilson. What he said was, I got this girl in my house, I don't know what's wrong with her, she's acting crazy and I want her out.

You are going to actually hear the final words that were said by Mr. Wilson presumably before he is murdered by the defendant.

In the meantime, the blood samples that had

Opening - People/Ms. Chu

been sent to the lab from -- remember, Detective

Markoski gets the swabs from throughout the apartment

and sends them to the lab and has them tested. You are

going to learn from Sarah Philipps, who's a criminalist

at the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner, in their

DNA department, that she had tested those samples and

she found some of the samples belonged to Mr. Wilson but

two of the samples that came from the bathroom belonged

to a female unknown donor. And what happened was

they're able to get take an unknown sample, they label

it, they term it female donor A. They have an unknown

sample, they can't figure out who it is, they upload it

into the system and when they get that back it comes

back with a DNA hit to Atara Wisdom.

So, they begin to look for her, and in July 2012 -- this is now -- if the 911 call was November 29th, 2011, we are talking about more than six months later, July of 2012, they locate Ms. Atara Wisdom at a homeless shelter and they bring her back to the 83rd Precinct for questioning.

Now, what you're going to learn is by now Detective Geoffrey Hernandez, who was with the 83rd Precinct, he's now with Brooklyn North Homicide, so his case has gotten transferred to a new detective by the name of Deborah Batanjani and they -- they bring the

Opening - People/Ms. Chu

defendant back to the precinct, they read her Miranda rights. After she agrees to speak with them, what she told the detectives is that she had needed a place to stay and had moved in. Wisdom's doctor's office was over on Broadway and he met over there, he would give her money, and when he used crack, when he smoked, he would become a different person.

She said one night when she was sleeping she woke up, he was touching her under her shirt and she told him it's not like that and that's not why she was there. She got into an argument and she had left.

She then tells the detectives, then around Thanksgiving they got into another argument, it got very heated and loud, so she left and went to her sister's house for a couple of days. She tells the detectives she spoke with the victim on the phone a couple of times and had gone back to the apartment to get clothes because she had an interview set up for the following day.

She said when she arrived he was acting okay, like how he was when she first met him, and later that night she was on the couch getting her clothes and he tells her, oh, I am going to get some -- excuse the word -- pussy tonight.

And she said, oh, well, then let me get out

Opening - People/Ms. Chu

the way.

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She tries to get her stuff and get out. he does, she says he stands in front of the exit of his apartment and says, nah, nah, you're not going, and he takes -- she says he takes something like a pink belt and wrapped his hand. He doesn't do anything with the She then picks up a knife. She says she puts it belt. under her sweater. When he punches her in the face when she stood up, he pulls the sweater up and starts punching her on the shoulder and back, and over her head, he started to push her head down to the floor. She said she thought if it hits the floor, she's going to be dead, so she takes out the knife and she stabbed at him, then she ran into the bathroom, she saw she had a big knot to her head, her shoulder was all bruised, she got her stuff together and in a duffle bag and went to Ebony's house. That's the statement she initially gives to the detectives.

After this she takes the statement -- the detectives actually write what it is she said to them and they read it to her, she then looks at it to make sure it's accurate, then she signs it and the detective signs.

You're actually going to see the written statement that was written by the detective.

Opening - People/Ms. Chu

The detective then arranges to have a lineup with Atara Wisdom and contacts Mr. Shepard to come to the precinct, and when Mr. Shepard views the lineup, he identifies the defendant in position number two as the person he knew as Renee. Now, he didn't know -- actually, he said her name Renee. He identifies Atara Wisdom as the same woman who called him early in the morning and met with him and told him she poked Anthony because he wanted sex and rent.

Now, the defendant was then asked if she wants to talk to the District Attorney's Office, which she agrees to do. You are going to hear A.D.A. Ed Purce then responds to the precinct, he actually speaks to her. You are going to see on video the conversation that was had between the defendant, Atara Wisdom, and A.D.A. Ed Purce. And in essence she says something along the same lines that she told the detective, now she is not mentioning Ebony, now there was a Tiffany that she had stayed with, she told Tiffany what had happened to her.

Now, she also tells the detectives that some time after she stabbed him, when she came out of the bathroom she saw him lying on the bed, she picked up his phone, his keys and his wallet when she left because she was using his phone and called someone but she was in a

Opening - People/Ms. Chu

fog, she doesn't remember who it was she called.

She walked around for a while, she threw out his keys, she kept his wallet but didn't use anything in it and she had gone to Tiffany's house on Rutland and East 93rd, stayed there for a couple of days and then she kept using his phone but then threw it out, and she said his benefits card, the Welfare benefits card, she denied ever using it.

You are going to actually hear from the Welfare, I guess it's Human Resources Administration responsible for Welfare benefits cards, there actually is activity on Mr. Wilson's benefit card after the date of November 29th, 2011 and it shows consistent areas with where the defendant used to use her benefits card.

Now, that is what the case is all about, ladies and gentlemen. You are going to hear from detectives and officers who responded and investigated this case. You are going to hear from the ME, or the ME who's going to tell you what the injuries were to Mr. Wilson and show what his cause of death was. You're going to hear from the crime scene detectives that process the scene, see pictures of the actual apartment, and after you hear all this evidence, I am going to come back here before you and show you how the evidence

Opening - Defendant/Mr. Walensky

proves that the defendant, Atara Wisdom, intentionally killed Anthony Wilson sometime between November 29th, 2011 and the day he was found, January 3rd, 2012, and I'm going to ask you to return a verdict of guilty based upon that evidence.

Thank you.

THE COURT: Mr. Walensky.

MR. WALENSKY: Thank you, your Honor.

Good afternoon, ladies and gentlemen.

The Grand Jury of the County of Kings by this indictment accuses the defendant of the crime of murder in the second degree committed as follows: The defendant, which would be Atara Wisdom, on or about November 29th, 2011, in the County of Kings, with intent to cause the death of Anthony Wilson, caused the death of Anthony Wilson by means of stabbing him thereby inflicting various wounds and injuries upon Anthony Wilson and thereafter, and on or about November 29th, 2011, Anthony Wilson died of the wounds and injuries.

Ms. Chu has just made a promise to you that she will prove that charge.

I have to use a litary here, because as the Judge told you, what we say here isn't evidence. She has recited what she plans to try to prove.

Opening - Defendant/Mr. Walensky

I submit to you that the evidence will show People have a theory here, they're trying to fit it to the fact that Anthony Wilson is dead.

Now, Anthony Wilson was not a bad man. I will show that he had problems with drugs, alcohol, generally pretty decent, but that when he got drunk or smoked crack, and he smoked crack, that he would change, as some people do, would become abusive, he would become forward, he would become somewhat other than the Anthony Wilson that was sober Anthony Wilson.

You will discover, at the time of his death Mr. Wilson had an alcohol content of above .2 in his system. He was intoxicated almost three times over the legal limit of intoxication.

The evidence will also show that he had residue of cocaine, that is, the byproduct of cocaine in his system at the time of his death. The expert will tell you that, in fact, when someone dies, your body ceases metabolizing the substance. At the time of his actual death that's what he had, and I submit to you, the evidence will show that he did not immediately die. You are going to see crime scene photos and you will have to make up your mind, and what I submit to you, it's not going to really show you exactly what happened, it's not going to show you when he died, so that when

Opening - Defendant/Mr. Walensky

this assault upon Ms. Wisdom happened, he was that much drunker and that much more stoned.

Now, Ms. Wisdom -- the evidence will show that Ms. Wisdom was not his girlfriend, she would stay there, she paid him money, sometimes one hundred bucks here, a hundred bucks there.

She had recently become, quote, unquote, homeless, but that she had actually had lost another place recently, and she would sleep on -- you're going to hear a statement it was a couch, but it was more like a recliner, almost a futon that folded down.

She was not having sex with Anthony Wilson.

The evidence will show that in fact he previously had tried to have sex with her but he hadn't been particularly forceful, it's like get away from me or, come on, knock it off, Tony, because he was known as Tony and people in the neighborhood who knew Atara as Renee. And he would knock it off. But this night he said, I'm going to get me some pussy and he was pretty drunk and he was pretty stoned, and when she wanted to leave -- you will see a diagram of the apartment, if you can call it that, really a room without a window in it, and the entrance -- the exit was blocked. And when he wrapped a belt around his hand and Atara got nervous and took out a knife, not holding it in -- but the testimony

Opening - Defendant/Mr. Walensky

will show she had a sweater kind of like with big pockets -- the name escapes me, eludes me at the present time -- but she put it in the pocket of the sweater, not holding it here, not hidden in the folds, and that when she got up -- you're going to see a diagram, and as she's walking toward her stuff, she had a duffle bag, she had clothing because she was going to leave the next morning for a job interview, he punched her in the head and she started going down. And I submit to you, when she said if I went down I was dead, it wasn't literally thinking he was going to murder her, she was dead because if she went on the ground he'd be able to get on top of her and rape her. That is really what "I was dead" means. We have to look at things within the context.

MS. CHU: Objection, your Honor.

THE COURT: Sustained.

MR. WALENSKY: I submit to you, look at the evidence, and what you're going to hear are circumstances that can be looked at two or -- two or three different versions of the fact.

Now, when this occurred, she fought Mr. Wilson and you're going to see there aren't defensive wounds on his hand as though she was coming at him with a knife and swatting at him and there's something on his arms or

Opening - Defendant/Mr. Walensky

hands. What you're going to see are straight-on wounds. I submit to you, the reason for this is because he was on top of her, she took her knife and she started to just stab him.

Now, the Judge at the end of the trial will tell you what is justified, and I submit that when you hear the charge of justification, when the Judge gives that to you, you will find that you will have to acquit Atara Wisdom.

But getting back to what had happened, there are no defensive wounds. She is stabbing him, he let's her go, she gets up, runs into the bathroom and locks herself in.

The evidence will show she said that he was at least partially clothed, had his pants on, but you will see --

MS. CHU: Objection. That's not -- he is making argument to the jury.

 $$\operatorname{MR}.$$ WALENSKY: The evidence will show that he was partially clothed.

THE COURT: It's okay.

MR. WALENSKY: And that when the police come in, his landlord comes in and the police come in and secure the scene, he is on the bed naked.

The evidence will show there's blood and feces

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Opening - Defendant/Mr. Walensky

on the floor next to the bed. You will see photos of this. There is blood in the bathroom in the sink, there's some blood spatter. The evidence will show that -- and Ms. Wilson (phonetic) left the apartment saying that he was on the bed when she left.

I submit to you, the evidence, the physical evidence you are going to see will show that Anthony Wilson wasn't dead when she left that apartment. She left, she scooped everything off the dresser, not just his stuff, her stuff, just basically the telephones and, you know, a wallet and her own stuff, just like scooping something right off, everything left. And she was very upset.

The evidence will show that in fact Tony, Mr. Wilson, didn't lay on that bed and die when she left. You will see from the physical evidence that there is blood all around and that he took his clothing off. He emptied himself, because at that point he was dying, that's where the feces and the blood, I submit to you, we will show, came on the floor, and he collapsed naked on the bed. He was trying to help himself and reach for things and then he collapsed and died.

The evidence is also going to show that Atara was very upset. She called Matthew Shepard.

Now, he wasn't a close friend or a buddy.

Opening - Defendant/Mr. Walensky

You'll hear that they'd met perhaps twice before. 1 when she calls, Matthew Shepard will say when she called 2 3 she sounded upset, wanted to see him. The evidence will show that Matthew Shepard saw her and when she saw him 4 5 and met her in the early morning hours she told him what happened, he tried to rape me, he tried to --6 7 MS. CHU: Objection. 8 MR. WALENSKY: -- have sex with me. 9 MS. CHU: Objection. 10 THE COURT: Excuse me. 11 I'll overrule it. 12 MR. WALENSKY: The evidence will show, right, she said I am paying him rent, he tried to have sex with 13 me, I poked him, in the shorthand kind of thing. 14 I submit to you that she ultimately makes a 15 16 statement saying in terms of the shorthand, the man was 17 trying to rape her. 18 THE COURT: Sustained. MR. WALENSKY: And --19 THE COURT: This is not the summation. 20 I understand. 21 MR. WALENSKY: 22 THE COURT: This is the evidence. MR. WALENSKY: This is what the evidence will 23 24 show, your Honor.

Show what?

THE COURT:

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Opening - Defendant/Mr. Walensky

MR. WALENSKY: It will show that she in fact said that she -- that the decedent tried to rape her. That's what she said to the police.

THE COURT: Go ahead.

MR. WALENSKY: But regarding Matthew Shepard, she asked Matthew Shepard -- she told him what happened, come back with me, she wanted to go back there because she didn't know, but she didn't want to go back alone. And he said, no, no, I'm not. With that -- and Matthew Shepard's basically going to tell you he was essentially seeing if he can have sex with Atara right at that point and he didn't want to go back, and he left and that was pretty much it.

So that Atara went to this, the -- her friend's, she was in a bad state, she was upset, she went to a friend's house, left -- was there for a while, left Mr. Wilson's wallet there.

You'll find there is one store in the area -
I mean, if the benefit card is used, it could be used by
her, by someone else, but the evidence -- it's not just
the evidence -- the indictment doesn't contain any sort
of charge for larceny, robbery, anything like that.
This is -- she is just charged with one count of
intentionally wanting to murder Tony Wilson.

The evidence will show that she did not intend

Opening - Defendant/Mr. Walensky

to murder Anthony Wilson.

Ladies and gentlemen, you are going to have a difficult task. Look at the evidence, look at the witnesses. What the evidence will show is there are no eyewitnesses to this. The evidence will show that it is circumstantial evidence and the evidence will also show that it is circumstance by which several different theories of what happened can be applied, and at the end the evidence will show that you will not have an answer as to what actually happened. No amount of wishing and hoping can make that. So, I ask you to take this task very seriously and at the end of this endeavor come back with a not guilty verdict.

Thank you.

THE COURT: Come on up, please.

(Whereupon, a sidebar conference was held off the record.)

(Whereupon, subsequent trial testimony was stenographically recorded and transcribed separately.)

1	SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK
1	COUNTY OF KINGS: CRIMINAL TERM: PART 2
2	THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK,
3	Indictment No.: -against- 6615/2012
4	(Trial) ATARA WISDOM,
5	Defendant.
6	X
7	Supreme Courthouse
8	320 Jay Street Brooklyn, New York 11201
9	June 30, 2014
10	BEFORE:
11	THE HONORABLE ALBERT TOMEI, JUSTICE
12	(And a Jury)
13	APPEARANCES:
14	HON. KENNETH P. THOMPSON, ESQ.
15	District Attorney - Kings County 350 Jay Street
16	Brooklyn, New York 11201 BY: PHYLLIS CHU, ESQ.
17	Assistant District Attorney
18	DAVID WALENSKY, ESQ.
19	Attorney for Defendant 910 Stuart Avenue
20	Mamaroneck, New York BY: DAVID WALENSKY, ESQ.
21	- and - JOSHUA POVILL, ESQ.
22	00011011 1011111, 1021
23	
24	MARLIN CASSIDY
25	Senior Court Reporter

	Det. Markoski - People - Direct/Ms. Chu
1	(Whereupon, the following took place in open
2	court:)
3	THE COURT: All right, call your first witness
4	please.
5	MS. CHU: The People call Detective Stephen
6	Markoski.
7	(Whereupon, there was a brief pause in the
8	proceedings.)
9	COURT OFFICER: Witness entering.
10	(Whereupon, Detective Stephen Markoski entered
11	the courtroom and took the witness stand.)
12	THE CLERK: Raise your right hand.
13	Do you solemnly swear or affirm the testimony
14	that you're about to give will be the truth, the whole
15	truth and nothing but the truth, so help you God?
16	THE WITNESS: Yes, I do.
17	THE CLERK: Can you state your name for the
18	record?
19	THE WITNESS: Detective Stephen Markoski.
20	THE CLERK: Spell your first and last name.
21	THE WITNESS: S-T-E-P-H-E-N, M-A-R-K-O-S-K-I.
22	THE CLERK: Give your shield number.
23	THE WITNESS: 66842.
24	THE CLERK: And your command?
25	THE WITNESS: Crime Scene Unit, New York City

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Det. Markoski - People - Direct/Ms. Chu
         Police Department.
 1
                               Thank you.
                   THE CLERK:
 2
 3
                   THE COURT: You may have a seat.
                   Pull your chair up to the microphone. Place
 4
         your lips close to the microphone when responding to any
 5
 6
         question.
 7
                   Proceed.
 8
                   MS. CHU:
                             Thank you.
                         M A R K O S K I, Detective, Shield No.
 9
    STEPHEN
10
              66842, Crime Scene Unit, New York City Police
11
              Department, called as a witness by and on behalf of
12
              the People of the State of New York, after having
13
              been first duly sworn, was examined and testified
14
              as follows:
15
    DIRECT EXAMINATION
16
    BY MS. CHU:
              Good afternoon, Detective.
17
              Good afternoon.
18
         Α
19
              How long have you been with the New York City
         Q
20
    Police Department?
21
              Twenty-two years.
22
              You said you're currently assigned to the Crime
23
    Scene Unit. Can you tell me how long you have been with
24
    them?
25
              I have been with the Crime Scene Unit for six
```

Case 1:20-cv-02196-KAM Document 5-3 Filed 11/12/20 Page 322 of 359 PageID #: 1164 Det. Markoski - People - Direct/Ms. Chu 1 years. Can you tell us about your career with the N.Y.P.D. 2 starting from when you got out of the Academy? 3 After the Academy I was assigned to the 84th Α 4 Precinct in downtown Brooklyn for twelve years. After that I 5 went to Brooklyn North Evidence Collection for four years and 6 the last six years with Crime Scene Unit. 7 Did you receive special training to become a member 8 Q of the Evidence Collection Team as well as the Crime Scene 9 Unit? 10 Most of the training that I received was on-the-job 11 training, such as photography, fingerprints, DNA extraction, 12 13 sketching. Now, what does the Crime Scene Unit do? What are 14 your duties and responsibilities as a member of that unit? The Crime Scene Unit's responsibility is to assist 16 A 17 the precinct detective squads in gathering evidence to assist them in their investigations. 18 What type of crimes are you responsible to respond 19 Q to as a member of the Crime Scene Unit? 20 Any major crime in the City of New York, such as 21 homicides, police involved shootings, rapes, sexual crimes. 22

Now I want to direct your attention to January 3rd,

2012. Were you working as a crime scene detective on that

23

24

25

date?

t

```
Det. Markoski - People - Direct/Ms. Chu
1
              Yes, I was.
              Can you tell the members of the jury what your
2
 3
    hours were?
              That day I believe I was working 7:00 in the
 4
         Α
    morning till 3:00 in the afternoon.
 5
              Were you assigned to a partner?
 6
7
         Α
              Yes, I was.
              Who was that?
8
         0
              Detective Streichert.
 9
         Α
              Now, on that date did you respond to 832 Bushwick
10
    Avenue here in Brooklyn?
11
12
              I did.
         Α
              Can you tell me approximately what time you
13
14
    arrived?
15
                   THE WITNESS: Do you mind if I look at my
         notes, Judge?
16
17
                   THE COURT: No, go ahead.
              We arrived at 2:42 in the afternoon.
18
         Α
19
         Q
              Okay.
              When you arrived, were there other police personnel
20
21
    present?
                   THE COURT: What date was this, January what?
22
                   MS. CHU: January 3rd.
23
24
                   THE COURT: What time did you arrive?
                    THE WITNESS: 2:42 P.M.
25
```

Det. Markoski - People - Direct/Ms. Chu 1 Now, when were you notified about this case? Q 2 Α Two o'clock P.M. 3 Q Okay. 4 And were police personnel present when you arrived? A Yes. 5 And can you tell me, was a crime scene established? 6 Q 7 Α It was. What does that mean, to have a crime scene 8 Q 9 established? 10 Α Crime scene established means you place -- the location where the crime occurred was roped off with crime 11 scene tape and there was patrol there safeguarding the crime 12 scene to prevent anybody from entering. 13 14 Okay. Q Can you tell me, once you arrived, what did you 15 16 do? First thing I did was I conferred with the precinct 17 detective, Hernandez, from the 83rd Precinct, find out the 18 information that he knew at that time and conferred with him 19 20 as to what kind of evidence he had and what he wanted 21 processed. 22 Q Okay. Did you then do something called a walkthrough? 23 I did. Α 24 25 0 What is that?

Det. Markoski - People - Direct/Ms. Chu

A Basically, it's to walk through the scene with the detective, have him pointing out things that he's found out about the investigation up until that point, and like I said, he will dictate to me what he wants processed as far as the crime scene.

Q Can you tell me, how did the scene appear when you arrived?

A The scene was in disarray. It was a cold apartment and it was bloody, and there was a deceased gentleman on a bed.

Q Can you tell me, what was the condition of the -- I'm sorry, withdrawn.

Did you take photographs of the scene?

- A I did.
- Q Did you also take measurements?
- 16 A I did.

1

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24

- 17 Q What is the purpose for measurements?
- A The measurement is just to give an idea of how big
 the crime scene was, the apartment.
 - Q Did you do a sketch of the actual crime scene?
- 21 A Yes, I did.
 - Q For what purpose is that?
 - A It's to give a layout, a general layout for court purposes, to show what the crime scene looked like as far as an overhead view.

Det. Markoski - People - Direct/Ms. Chu

- Q You said you also took photos of the scene. Did you take photos of the actual victim?
 - A I did.

1

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- Q Did you have occasion to examine the body of the victim with the medical-legal investigator?
 - A Yes, I did.
 - Q What was the state of the body?
- A The body was in a state of advanced decomposition, the skin was peeling off, there were maggots throughout most of the body.
- Q Now, can you tell me, could you see any obvious injuries on the victim's body when you were there?
- A I was with the medical examiner and he's trained in that type of thing more than I am, I'm led by his lead, and we saw some injuries, but because of the advanced state of the decomposition he could not make any determination what injuries were at that time.
- Q Okay.
 - Now, was there any sign of forced entry into the apartment itself?
 - A Not that I saw.
 - Q What kind of apartment was this?
- A It was a ground floor apartment, extremely small.

 24 Basically, I guess you would call it a studio.
- 25 Q Okay.

(

```
Det. Markoski - People - Direct/Ms. Chu
              There was a place to sleep, a bathroom and a
 1
 2
    kitchen?
 3
              That's about it, yeah.
         Α
              Okay.
 4
         0
              Now, what type of evidence did you begin to collect
 5
    from the scene?
 6
 7
              Well, when we first arrived, we weren't sure if a
         Α
    crime had occurred. The evidence that we took was just stuff
 8
    that would be sent to the Property Clerk for possibly future
    recall. So, it was basically some clothing, some soiled
10
    clothing, and what appeared to be possible traces of blood at
11
12
    various points of the apartment.
13
              Did you take what are known as DNA samples from the
14
    areas where you saw blood in the apartment?
15
              Yes.
         Α
              Can you tell me, did you -- I'm sorry, withdrawn.
16
         Q
17
                   MS. CHU: At this time, your Honor, if I can
         have this deemed marked People's Number 1 for
18
         identification.
19
                    (Whereupon, the exhibit was shown to counsel.)
20
                    (Whereupon, the exhibit was shown to the
21
22
         witness.)
23
              Detective Markoski, do you see what is being shown
         Q
    to you as People's 1 for identification?
24
25
              Yes, I do.
         Α
```

10 Det. Markoski - People - Direct/Ms. Chu What do you recognize -- I'm sorry. 1 Q 2 Do you recognize what is deemed marked People's 1 3 for identification? Α Yes. 4 5 What do you recognize that to be? Q That is a sketch I prepared on January 3rd, 2012, 6 A 7 of the -- an overhead view of the crime scene at 832 Bushwick. 8 Is this diagram to scale? 9 Q No, it's not. Α 10 What does that mean, that it's not to scale? 11 Q It means that the -- obviously this picture right 12 Α here is not the identical size of the apartment, it's just to 13 give an illustration about what it looked like. 14 15 Where things are in relation to others? Q 16 Α Exactly. 17 Did you make any markings on this with regards to the evidence that you recovered in this case? 18 Yes, I did. 19 Α MS. CHU: Now, at this time I'd like to offer 20 21 into evidence as -- I'm sorry. 22 Is this diagram a fair and accurate depiction of the scene and the evidence that you recovered as you 23 processed it on January 3rd, 2012? 24

25

A

Yes, it is.

```
Det. Markoski - People - Direct/Ms. Chu
                   MS. CHU: At this time, your Honor, I would
1
         offer it into evidence as People's 1.
2
                   THE COURT: Any objection?
 3
                   MR. WALENSKY:
                                  No.
 4
                   THE COURT: In evidence.
 5
                   (Whereupon, the diagram was marked as People's
 6
         Exhibit 1 in evidence.)
7
              Now, Detective, how many things did you recover
8
         0
9
    from this apartment?
              I recovered eleven pieces of evidence.
10
         Α
11
         Q
              Okay.
12
              Can you tell us what they were?
13
         Α
              Yes.
14
                   THE WITNESS: May I refer to my notes again,
15
         Judge?
                   THE COURT: Go ahead.
16
                   What are you referring to?
17
                   THE WITNESS: Excuse me?
18
                   THE COURT: What are you referring to?
19
                   THE WITNESS: These are my scene photos that I
20
         took on the day of the crime.
21
                   THE COURT: Okay, go ahead.
22
              Okay. The first piece of evidence I recovered was
23
         Α
24
    a black sock with possible bloodstains.
                   THE COURT: A black sock?
25
```

```
Det. Markoski - People - Direct/Ms. Chu
                   THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.
 1
                   THE COURT: Okay.
 2
              The second piece of evidence was a pair of blue
 3
    jeans with a black belt.
 4
                   THE COURT: Go ahead.
 5
              Third piece was a brown long-sleeved shirt with
 6
    possible bloodstains.
 7
                   THE COURT: Brown long-sleeved shirt?
 8
                   THE WITNESS: Yeah.
 9
              The jeans also had possible bloodstains, I'm sorry.
10
              Fourth piece was a white towel with possible
11
12
    bloodstains.
13
                   THE COURT: Go ahead.
14
              Number five and six were prescription pill bottles.
15
                   THE COURT: Prescription...
16
                   THE WITNESS: From the drugstore, the pill
17
         bottles, the brown ones.
                   THE COURT: Oh, pill bottles.
18
19
                   THE WITNESS: Yeah.
              Number seven was a washcloth with possible
20
         Α
21
   bloodstains.
              And numbers eight through eleven were swabs of
22
   possible blood.
24
              Where were those swabs taken from?
              Number eight was taken from a nightstand on the
25
```

```
Det. Markoski - People - Direct/Ms. Chu
    west side of the bed.
 1
              Number nine was taken from a kitchen cabinet.
 2
              Number ten was taken inside the tub in the
 3
 4
    bathroom.
              And number eleven was taken from the eastern
 5
    bathroom wall.
 6
              Now, did you indicate -- I'm sorry.
 7
         0
              Did you label any of these items with any specific
 8
 9
    label?
              Yes, each item was labeled one through eleven, with
10
11
    my initials in front of each number.
12
         Q
              So your initials are what?
13
         Α
              S-M.
              Each of those pieces of items of evidence that you
14
15
    just mentioned were SM1, SM2?
              Through eleven, yes.
16
         Α
              Now, can you tell me, on the diagram that you
17
    looked at, People's 1 in evidence, does it depict the areas
18
19
    where you recovered each of those pieces of evidence, SM1
20
    through 11?
21
         A
              Yes, it does.
22
                   MS. CHU: At this time, your Honor, if I can
23
         just have it posted.
24
                   THE COURT: Post it.
25
                    (Whereupon, the exhibit was posted.)
```

```
Det. Markoski - People - Direct/Ms. Chu
                   THE COURT:
                               Put it up higher.
 1
              Detective, --
2
         Q
                   MS. CHU: Your Honor, may the witness step
 3
         down?
 4
                   THE COURT:
                               You may step down.
 5
              Walk us through, Detective, if you may.
 6
         Q
                   THE COURT: Go to the area where the Officer
 7
         is, okay. Proceed.
 8
                    (Whereupon, the witness stepped down from the
 9
         witness stand and approached the exhibit.)
10
              Just walk us through this scene that you have the
11
    diagram for.
12
                     This is the front door (indicating), the
13
              Sure.
    front entrance door, the only door in the whole apartment
14
    entering and exiting.
15
16
              This is where the body was (indicating).
17
                   THE COURT: Just move back a little.
                   Go ahead.
18
              Go ahead.
19
         Q
              This is where the victim's body was, it's on top of
20
    the bed here (indicating).
21
              This is the living area, right here (indicating),
22
    basically this whole area, with the kitchen located right
23
    here (indicating). And then through this doorway here
24
25
    (indicating) is the bathroom.
```

Det. Markoski - People - Direct/Ms. Chu

Over here is the legend which tells you SM Number 1 was the sock, each piece of evidence, number 2 right here (indicating) is the blue jeans, number 3 is the brown shirt, number 4, is the towel. Number 4 is here (indicating).

Number 5 and 6 are under the bed, the pill bottles.

Number 7 is the washcloth, which we found right here (indicating) in the bathroom sink.

And numbers 8 through 11 were swabs of possible blood, which were -- let's see, number 8 is here (indicating) on the end table, number 9 is the kitchen cabinet, number 10 is in the tub, and number 11 is on the wall of the bathroom.

Q Now, as a detective from Crime Scene would you be able to determine when that blood got on these articles that you took swabs from?

A No.

Q Now you can have seat.

(Whereupon, the witness resumed the witness stand.)

Q What did you do with the actual pieces of evidence?

A I packaged -- well, I initially photographed them, I measured them, as to where they were recovered, I then packaged them and then I hand delivered them to a police officer from the 83rd Precinct, Police Officer

```
Det. Markoski - People - Direct/Ms. Chu
    Ortiz -- I'm sorry, Police Officer Carlin -- for vouchering
 1
 2
    purposes.
                   THE COURT: Police officer who?
 3
                   THE WITNESS: Carlin.
 4
                   MS. CHU: Christian Carlin.
 5
                   THE COURT: Okay.
 6
 7
         Q
              Now, did you --
 8
              How did you package each of the items?
              Each of the items of clothing, any type of clothing
 9
10
    has to be packaged in paper, and the swabs are packaged in, I
11
    guess we can say it's like a tube, it's a secure tube that is
12
    taped up so it can be sent for DNA testing.
              Is that like a plastic tube?
13
14
              Plastic, yeah.
         Α
15
              Now, did you process the scene at all for latent
         0
    prints?
16
17
         Α
              No.
18
              Now, I want to show --
         Q
              You said you had taken photos of the scene?
19
20
              Yes.
         Α
                   MS. CHU: Your Honor, I have People's -- I'd
21
22
         like these deemed People's 1 through 41.
23
                   THE CLERK:
                                Two.
                              Two through 41 for identification.
24
                   MS. CHU:
                   THE COURT: Two to 41?
25
```

```
Det. Markoski - People - Direct/Ms. Chu
                   MS. CHU: Yes.
 1
                   MR. WALENSKY: I have no objection, your
 2
 3
         Honor, to them being entered into evidence.
                   THE COURT: All right. You are offering them
 4
         into evidence?
 5
 6
                   MS. CHU: Yes.
 7
                   THE COURT: They're in evidence.
8
                    (Whereupon, the photographs were marked as
 9
         People's Exhibits 2 through 41 in evidence.)
10
                   MR. WALENSKY: Your Honor, if I can have --
                   THE COURT: Bring down the screen.
11
                    (Whereupon, an exhibit was displayed.)
12
13
              Detective, can you just tell us, looking at
14
    People's 2 in evidence, what is this a photograph of?
15
         Α
              That's a photograph of the Crime Scene Unit
    envelope, that is the cover sheet.
16
17
         0
              Okay.
18
              And did you prepare this?
19
              I did.
         Α
20
         Q
              Is this your handwriting?
21
              It is.
         Α
22
              Thank you.
         Q
                    (Whereupon, the exhibit was displayed.)
23
              People's 3 in evidence, what are we looking at
24
         Q
25
   here?
```

```
18
               Det. Markoski - People - Direct/Ms. Chu
 1
         Α
              That's the entrance door to the apartment.
 2
         Q
              Okay.
 3
              Looking at People's 4 in evidence.
                    (Whereupon, the exhibit was displayed.)
 4
 5
         0
              What is this?
              It's the same apartment door, just a closer view
 6
 7
    into the kitchen.
              Where would the kitchen be, if you were looking at
 8
         Q
    this photograph?
 9
10
         Α
              Straight ahead.
11
         0
              Straight ahead?
12
         Α
              Uh-huh.
13
         Q
              Take a look at People's 5 in evidence.
14
              (Whereupon, the exhibit was displayed.)
15
         Α
              That's from the doorway towards the kitchen.
16
              Can you tell me, I see there's some things on the
         Q
17
    floor.
            What was that?
              It appeared to be blood and it appeared to be human
18
19
    feces on the floor, also looked like someone tried to wipe it
20
    with some sort of piece of cloth of some sort.
21
              People's Number 6.
         0
22
                    (Whereupon, the exhibit was displayed.)
23
              What is this a picture of?
         Q
24
              That's from the kitchen into the living area.
                                                                I'm
25
    sorry.
            That is from the living area into the kitchen.
```

```
Det. Markoski - People - Direct/Ms. Chu
1
    sorry.
              So where would the front door be in this
2
 3
    photograph?
              To the right of the photo.
 4
         Α
 5
              So this door right here (indicating) is the front
         Q
 6
    door?
7
              Yes, it is.
         Α
              Taking a look at People's 7 in evidence.
8
         Q
                    (Whereupon, the exhibit was displayed.)
9
              What is this a picture of?
10
         Q
              That's just an opposite view of the previous photo.
11
         Α
12
    It shows the victim laying on the bed.
              Do you see the entrance door to this apartment in
13
    the photograph?
14
15
              I think you can see a little bit of it on the
   bottom left.
16
              This is it here (indicating)?
17
         Q
18
         Α
              Yes.
              If you could, which way would you turn to get this
19
   view if you're --
20
              If you walk into the apartment, you'd have to look
21
22
    to your left.
                   THE COURT: He's facedown or face up in that
23
24
         picture?
25
                   THE WITNESS: I believe he's face up.
```

```
Det. Markoski - People - Direct/Ms. Chu
              Okay.
 1
         Q
              That was People's 7, right.
 2
 3
              Taking a look at People's 8 in evidence.
                    (Whereupon, the exhibit was displayed.)
 4
              What is this a picture of?
 5
         Q
              That's the floor of the living area between the
 6
 7
    kitchen and the living area, I should say, and on the left
 8
    side is the blue jeans that I vouchered.
 9
              Okay.
         Q
10
              You had mentioned there was feces that was smeared
11
    on the floor. Do you see that in this picture?
12
         A
              Yes, it's more toward the end of the photo.
13
              Right next to this shirt here (indicating)?
14
         Α
              Yes.
15
              Or this article of clothing?
16
         Α
              Yes.
17
              Now, would the kitchen be --
              Do you see the cabinets of the kitchen in that
18
    photograph?
19
20
              I believe they are to the top, top right.
21
              So this right here (indicating)?
22
              Yes.
         Α
23
              That would be where the kitchen cabinets are?
         0
24
              Yes.
         Α
25
              Thank you.
         Q
```

```
Det. Markoski - People - Direct/Ms. Chu
              Taking a look at People's 9 in evidence.
 1
                   (Whereupon, the exhibit was displayed.)
 2
 3
              What is this a picture of?
         Q
              That is a photo of the victim laying on the bed in
         Α
 4
    a northbound photo. The kitchen would be on the left-hand
 5
    side and the front door on the left top portion.
 6
 7
                   THE COURT: He is facedown, isn't he?
                   THE WITNESS: I believe that's face up.
 8
         was badly decomposed.
 9
10
         Q
              Okay.
11
              Taking a look at People's 10 in evidence.
12
                   (Whereupon, the exhibit was displayed.)
              That's another view of the victim from the left
13
         Α
    side of the bed. That's kind of from the doorway area
14
    towards the victim.
15
16
              Okay.
         Q
              At this point, had you touched the victim at all?
17
18
              Not yet, no.
         Α
              Taking a look at People's 11 in evidence, can you
19
20
    tell me, what is this a picture of?
              It's a close-up photo of his chest. The right-hand
21
22
    portion of the picture would be his neck.
              You were unable to make a determination based upon
23
         Q
    the decomposition as to whether or not he had any injuries or
24
25
    fresh injuries?
```

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```
Det. Markoski - People - Direct/Ms. Chu
          It's usually the medical examiner's call but we
     Α
didn't make a determination at that time, no.
     Q
          Okay.
          Taking a look at People's 12 in evidence.
               (Whereupon, the exhibit was displayed.)
          That is a photo of the bathroom from the living
     A
area.
     Q
          Okay.
          Where would the bed be if I were standing here
taking this picture?
     Α
          It would be to your right.
     Q
          To the right of me?
     Α
          Yes.
          Taking a look at People's 13 in evidence.
     Q
               (Whereupon, the exhibit was displayed.)
     Α
          Just an opposite view of the previous photograph.
It's the bathroom looking out into the living area.
          And this item right here, can you see
(indicating)?
          No, not really.
     A
               MS. CHU: That doesn't make it any better,
     okay.
          Taking a look at People's 14 in evidence, what is
     Q
this a picture of?
          That's the bathroom floor.
```

```
Det. Markoski - People - Direct/Ms. Chu
              And this area to the right top of the photograph,
 1
 2
    what is that (indicating)?
 3
              That would be the tub.
         Α
              The tub?
 4
         0
 5
              Yeah.
         Α
 6
         Q
              Where would the toilet be in relation to the tub?
 7
         Α
              Same side as the tub, just a little bit down in the
 8
    photograph.
 9
              So off the picture?
10
         Α
              Right.
11
              So on like the -- right on the bottom left?
         Q
              Correct.
12
         Α
              Taking a look at People's 15 in evidence, what is
13
14
    this a picture of?
15
                    (Whereupon, the exhibit was displayed.)
16
              That's a photo of the sink with the washcloth in
         Α
17
    the basin.
18
         Q
              Okay.
19
              Taking a look at People's 16 in evidence.
                    (Whereupon, the exhibit was displayed.)
20
21
              That's a view of the bathroom wall with the
22
    possible bloodstains.
23
              If you can just -- there's --
24
              There should be a remote control right in front.
25
    If you push the red button, you will see it's a laser
```

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24
               Det. Markoski - People - Direct/Ms. Chu
1
    pointer.
              Right here (indicating).
 2
         Α
 3
                   THE COURT: Possible what stains?
                   THE WITNESS:
                                  Blood.
 4
              So they were on the wall? There are speckles on
 5
 6
    the tile?
 7
         Α
              Yes.
              Okay.
 8
         Q
              Taking a look at People's 17 in evidence.
 9
                    (Whereupon, the exhibit was displayed.)
10
11
              That's also some possible bloodstains that were
         Α
    located on the bathroom wall.
12
13
              Where --
         0
              Which wall would this be closest to in the
14
15
    bathroom?
              That would be the wall closest to the toilet.
16
17
    That's the toilet on the bottom of the photo. It would be
    the right-hand side of the toilet. If you were sitting on
18
19
    the toilet, it would be the right-hand side right wall.
20
              So if you're sitting on the toilet, this bloodstain
21
    (indicating) would be on your right-hand side?
22
         Α
              Correct.
              Okay.
23
         0
              Taking a look at People's 18.
24
                    (Whereupon, the exhibit was displayed.)
25
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Det. Markoski - People - Direct/Ms. Chu
          That would be possible bloodstains on the wall from
    Α
the bathroom near the doorway.
          So that would be on the left side of the toilet, if
you're sitting down?
          That -- yes, I believe so.
          So that's -- I'm sorry.
          This right here (indicating) on the photograph, is
that the tub?
          Yes, it is. It's hard to see.
          That is the tub and that is the left side of the
toilet wall, yes.
     Q
          Taking a look at People's 18 in evidence.
               (Whereupon, the exhibit was displayed.)
               THE COURT: I thought you did 18.
               MR. WALENSKY: That was 18. This is 19.
               MS. CHU: Nineteen, I'm sorry.
          What is this a picture of?
          That's a photograph of the end table to, I guess
you'd say, the left side of the bed. If you were looking
from the bottom of the bed, that would be to the left
side.
               THE COURT: What are those stains?
               THE WITNESS: We took a swab thinking it might
     possibly be some bloodstains. It also appears it's like
     fecal matter as well.
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Det. Markoski - People - Direct/Ms. Chu
          This is where you had taken one of the samples from
     0
blood that you had mentioned earlier?
     Α
          Yes.
          Taking a look at People's 20 in evidence.
     Q
               (Whereupon, the exhibit was displayed.)
          Those markers indicate the pieces of evidence which
     Α
were recovered, if you're looking at the bed from the bottom,
the left side, and the same evidence which I previously
mentioned on the sketch.
          Who put those markers there?
     A
          I did.
          Did those correspond with the items of evidence
that you had recovered and processed?
          Yes, they do.
     A
          Can you walk us through? It's 1 through 6, right?
          Yes.
     A
               THE WITNESS: Judge, I am going to refer to my
     notes again.
               THE COURT: Go ahead.
          Number 1 is the sock.
     Α
          Number 2 is the blue jeans.
               THE COURT: Hold on.
     Α
          Sorry.
               THE COURT: Go ahead.
          Number 3 is the shirt.
     A
```

```
Det. Markoski - People - Direct/Ms. Chu
                    THE COURT: Brown shirt?
 1
 2
                    THE WITNESS: Yes.
 3
         Α
              Number 4 is the white towel.
              Numbers 5 and 6 are the pill bottles.
 4
 5
              Okay.
         Q
              Looking at People's 21 in evidence, what is this?
 6
 7
                    (Whereupon, the exhibit was displayed.)
 8
         Α
              Number 5 and 6 are depicting the pill bottles which
 9
    are located underneath the bed.
10
              And these smears that are on the floor, is that the
11
    fecal matter and blood that you had referred to earlier?
12
         Α
              It appeared to be a mixture, yes.
13
              Taking a look at People's 22.
         Q
                    (Whereupon, the exhibit was displayed.)
14
              What is this?
15
         Q
16
              It's a close-up view of number 1, which was the
         A
17
    sock.
18
         Q
              Okay.
              Taking a look at People's Number 23.
19
20
                    (Whereupon, the exhibit was displayed.)
21
         Α
              That is a close-up -- excuse me -- close-up view of
22
    the jeans.
23
              Now, were you able to determine what size the jeans
         Q
24
    were?
25
         Α
              I think so.
```

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Det. Markoski - People - Direct/Ms. Chu
              They were size 36, 32. Thirty-six waist, 32
 1
 2
    length.
              Taking a look at People's 24.
 3
         Q
                    (Whereupon, the exhibit was displayed.)
 4
              It is a close-up view of the brown shirt.
 5
         Α
              And that was what you had labeled SM3?
 6
         Q
 7
              Yes.
         Α
 8
         Q
              Taking a look at People's 25.
                    (Whereupon, the exhibit was displayed.)
 9
10
         A
              That's a close-up view of number 4, which is the
11
    towel, SM4.
12
         Q
              Okay.
              Taking a look at People's 26.
13
14
                    (Whereupon, the exhibit was displayed.)
15
              That's a close-up view of the washcloth in the
         A
    basin, which was SM7.
16
17
              Taking a look at People's Number 27.
18
                    (Whereupon, the exhibit was displayed.)
19
              That's the same photo as the previous photograph
         Α
    with a crime scene scale.
20
              What do you mean, a crime scene scale?
21
              It's six inches long and gives a general idea how
22
         Α
23
    long a piece of evidence was.
24
              So you can get perspective?
25
         Α
              Yes.
```

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Det. Markoski - People - Direct/Ms. Chu
              People's 28 in evidence.
 1
         Q
                    (Whereupon, the exhibit was displayed.)
 2
 3
              That's the two pill bottles that were recovered
         Α
    from under the bed, close-up view, with the scales.
 4
 5
         Q
              Okay.
 6
              People's 29.
 7
                    (Whereupon, the exhibit was displayed.)
 8
         Α
              That's number 5, close-up view of SM5 with a
 9
    scale.
10
         Q
              Okay.
11
              Number 6 -- I'm sorry.
12
              Number 30, I'm sorry.
13
                    (Whereupon, the exhibit was displayed.)
14
              Close-up view of number 6 with a scale.
         Α
15
              Taking a look at People's 31.
              That's the end table next to the bed where I
16
         Α
17
    recovered the swab. The scale indicates the area where I
18
    took the swab from.
19
              This blue marker right here (indicating)?
         Q
20
         Α
              Yes.
21
         Q
              Okay.
22
              People's 32.
23
                    (Whereupon, the exhibit was displayed.)
              That's just a close-up view of the previous
24
         Α
25
    photograph.
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Det. Markoski - People - Direct/Ms. Chu
 1
         Q
              Okay.
              People's 33 in evidence, what is this?
 2
 3
                    (Whereupon, the exhibit was displayed.)
              That is a view of the kitchen cabinets with the
         Α
 4
 5
    possible bloodstains on them.
              This would be in the kitchen area of the
 6
 7
    apartment?
 8
         Α
              Yes.
 9
         Q
              Okay.
              Now, can you tell me, what is People's 34?
10
11
                    (Whereupon, the exhibit was displayed.)
              That's the same photo as the previous photo.
                                                             The
12
         Α
13
    scale is depicting the area where I recovered the blood swab,
14
    the possible blood swab.
15
         Q
              Okay.
16
              People's 35.
                    (Whereupon, the exhibit was displayed.)
17
              Just a closer view of the previous photograph,
18
         Α
19
    SM9.
20
              Do you know what this is on the left-hand side
         Q
    (indicating)?
21
              At first we didn't but then I think we thought it
22
         Α
23
    might be just someone had thrown food around the apartment.
    It appeared to be some sort of tomato sauce or something like
24
25
    that.
```

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Det. Markoski - People - Direct/Ms. Chu
              Okay.
                      That was 35.
                                    Now we are on to 36.
1
         Q
                    (Whereupon, the exhibit was displayed.)
2
              That's the bathroom wall with the possible
 3
         Α
    bloodstains.
4
 5
              Exhibit 37.
         Q
                    (Whereupon, the exhibit was displayed.)
 6
              That's also a bathroom wall with the possible
7
         Α
    bloodstains.
8
              People's 38.
9
         Q
                    (Whereupon, the exhibit was displayed.)
10
              That's the bathroom wall with the possible
11
         Α
    bloodstains. The scale is depicting the area where the swab
12
13
    was recovered.
14
              So that's the actual sample that you took it from?
         Q
15
         Α
              Yes.
                    (Whereupon, the exhibit was displayed.)
16
17
              Taking a look at People's 39.
         Q
              That's a view of the tub.
18
         A
19
              Okay.
         Q
20
              Taking a look at 40.
                    (Whereupon, the exhibit was displayed.)
21
              That's a view of the tub with the scale indicating
22
         Α
23
    the area where the swab was recovered.
24
              Okay.
         Q
              And People's 41.
25
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Det. Markoski - People - Direct/Ms. Chu
                    (Whereupon, the exhibit was displayed.)
1
              Close-up view of the previous photograph, SM Number
 2
    10.
 3
 4
         Q
              Okay.
 5
              Thank you very much, Detective.
 6
                   MS. CHU: If I can have one moment, your
7
         Honor.
                    (Whereupon, there was a brief pause in the
8
 9
         proceedings.)
              How long were you at the scene?
10
              I was at the scene for about five-and-a-half hours.
11
12
              And you said that the apartment was cold when you
13
    got there.
                What did you mean by that?
14
              Well, it was -- it was January and it didn't appear
    that there was any heat in the apartment and I think the
15
16
    temperature that we took when we were there was 28 degrees.
17
    The medical examiner took that temperature while we were
    examining the body.
18
19
              The room temperature was 28 degrees?
              Yes.
20
         Α
                   MS. CHU: Thank you very much.
21
22
                   I have nothing further.
23
                   THE COURT: Cross.
24
    CROSS-EXAMINATION
    BY MR. WALENSKY:
25
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Det. Markoski - People - Cross/Mr. Walensky
          Detective, did anybody move the body while you were
    Q
there to take photos?
          Yes.
    Α
          Did you move it or did another officer?
          My partner and the medical examiner moved it while
    Α
I took the photographs.
          And the body actually was not north -- not north to
south on the bed, wasn't it on an angle or sideways?
          No, the body was in a north to south direction as
    A
you can see on the sketch here.
          Is that how the body was when you came in? That's
     Q
what I mean.
     Α
          Yes.
          Prior to moving?
     Α
          Yes.
          You weren't a witness to this crime, were you?
          No, sir.
          Did you take a swab of the blood spattering on the
doorway of the bathroom? There was some on the wall and then
some on the doorframe.
          The only swabs I took are the ones I testified to.
               MR. WALENSKY: Where are the pictures? Can I
     have the photos? Can I have 18, 16, 17 and 18?
               (Whereupon, the exhibits were handed to
     counsel.)
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Det. Markoski - People - Cross/Mr. Walensky
 1
                   THE COURT:
                               Lights.
                   (Whereupon, the exhibit was displayed.)
 2
              Did you take a swab from this area (indicating),
 3
    either the doorframe --
 4
                   THE COURT: It's not a doorframe.
                                                       It's -- I
 5
         don't know if -- what is your view of this?
 6
 7
                   THE WITNESS: To be honest with you, I am kind
         of having trouble recognizing that photograph.
 8
              I'd like you to take a look at the photograph
 9
    directly, then. I think it actually shows it better.
10
11
                   MS. CHU: What number was that?
                   MR. WALENSKY: This is, I believe, photo 18.
12
                   (Whereupon, the exhibit was handed to the
13
14
         witness.)
15
                   MS. CHU: I have the photograph number written
16
         small along the edge.
                   THE WITNESS: Okay.
17
              That is from the inside of the bathroom?
18
19
         Α
              Yes.
20
              Okay, that picture is depicting the possible
    bloodstains, they are to the left side of the wall -- I'm
21
22
    sorry -- left side of the toilet along the wall.
23
              That is the one you took bloodstains from, you took
24
    swabs?
              I took actually from the opposite side.
25
```

```
Det. Markoski - People - Cross/Mr. Walensky
 1
              You didn't take any swab from --
         Q
              From the left side of the toilet?
 2
         Α
 3
         Q
              Yeah.
              No, I took it from the right side of the toilet.
         Α
 4
              Can you show that photo to the jury over there?
 5
         Q
 6
                    THE COURT: Is that the right side?
 7
                    THE WITNESS: There was bloodstains on both
         sides of the toilet.
 8
                    THE COURT: Is this photo of the right side of
 9
10
         the toilet?
11
                    THE WITNESS: No, sir, that's the left.
12
                    THE COURT: Possible bloodstains from the left
13
         side of the toilet?
                   THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.
14
15
                    THE COURT: Wall, right?
16
                    THE WITNESS: Yes.
17
              Is the bathtub in here?
         Q
18
         Α
              Yes.
              And the toilet is here (indicating)?
19
         Q
20
                    (Whereupon, the exhibit was displayed.)
21
              That is a bucket.
         Α
22
         Q
              You can't see it?
23
         Α
              Yes.
              There were no --
24
         Q
              There is no swab there?
25
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Det. Markoski - People - Cross/Mr. Walensky
              No swabs were taken from these stains here
 1
 2
    (indicating), where my thumb is?
              No, I took it from the other side of the toilet.
 3
                   THE COURT: I don't understand.
 4
 5
                   Those little specks there?
                   THE WITNESS: Yes.
 6
 7
                   THE COURT: Are those possible bloodstains?
 8
                   THE WITNESS: Possible, yes.
 9
                   THE COURT: You took the photo of this? You
10
         took the photo of them?
                   THE WITNESS: Yes.
11
12
                   THE COURT: Were any possible bloodstains on
         the wooden frame?
13
                   THE WITNESS: On the wooden frame,
14
15
         possibility, yes.
                   THE COURT: Did you swab it?
16
                   THE WITNESS: No, sir. I swabbed the other
17
18
         side of the toilet.
                   THE COURT: Okay.
19
                   (Whereupon, the exhibit was displayed.)
20
              I'm pointing down here (indicating). This is the
21
    other side of the toilet, right, the right side? You took
22
23
    your swab from that side (indicating)?
24
         Α
              Yes.
              You didn't take it from what would be this side
25
         Q
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Det. Markoski - People - Cross/Mr. Walensky
    (indicating). I just want to get it clear.
 1
              All right, thank you.
 2
 3
              And after you --
              When was the last time prior to coming in today,
 4
    last time you reviewed this file?
 5
              I had a preparation with the District Attorney a
 6
 7
    couple of months ago.
              So you came in today and looked at your notes and
 8
         Q
    testified, right?
 9
10
         Α
              Yes, sir.
              And, really, your job is really collecting evidence
11
         Q
12
    and photographing or trying to preserve a scene?
13
              Correct.
         Α
14
                   MR. WALENSKY: Thank you.
15
                   I have no further questions.
                   THE COURT: You may step down. Thank you very
16
17
         much.
18
                   THE WITNESS: Thank you.
19
                    (Whereupon, Detective Markoski stepped down
         from the witness stand and exited the courtroom.)
20
21
                   THE COURT: Come on up.
22
                    (Whereupon, a sidebar conference was held off
23
         the record.)
24
                   THE COURT: Ladies and gentlemen, at this time
25
         we are going to adjourn for the evening.
```

Proceeding

Do not discuss the case amongst yourselves or with anyone else. Do not visit the place where the alleged crimes occurred. Have no contact with any of the parties involved in this matter, including the Court.

Again, do not resort to utilizing any digital or electronic device for the purpose of obtaining any information or contacting anyone about this case. That proscription against the use of your digital, electronic devices is based on the fact that the courtroom is the place to determine the truth of what occurred, in other words, and you do that or that's done in this setting because the attorneys have the opportunity to examine and question the witnesses. If you go outside of the courtroom to seek information about this matter, you will not have that examination, you will not have that ability to hear anything about the retrieval of that evidence or the value of that evidence, et cetera.

This is the testing ground, the courtroom, nowhere else, so that's why you're told not to use any outside sources.

All right.

So, we are going to adjourn till tomorrow ten o'clock. And again, have a very good evening. See you tomorrow at 10:00.

Proceeding

1	SERGEANT: Ladies and gentlemen, just leave
2	your booklets on the seat and the pens.
3	THE COURT: You have to be here at ten
4	o'clock.
5	What is the problem you have? You had your
6	hand up?
7	JUROR: How long do I advise my job I will be
8	away from work?
9	THE COURT: I just said that we are not going
10	to be meeting on Thursday and Friday and we'll be back
11	on Tuesday of next week, okay.
12	SERGEANT: Just put your juror number on the
13	booklet.
14	(Whereupon, the Jury exited the courtroom.)
15	THE COURT: Mr. Walensky, what do you have?
16	MR. WALENSKY: Yes, your Honor.
17	In my opening I made reference of the fact
18	that Ms. Wisdom wasn't charged with any larcenies, any
19	robberies. The Court it appeared the People had not
20	made a Molineux application.
21	THE COURT: That's true.
22	MR. WALENSKY: And the Court had indicated
23	that, sua sponte, they were going to give
24	THE COURT: I am not sua sponte. The truth
25	of the matter is, you know, I'm not sure I should give a

Proceeding

Molineux.

MR. WALENSKY: That was my --

THE COURT: A Molineux ruling.

MR. WALENSKY: I think it would be error because it's not for the Court to try the People's case, of course, and --

THE COURT: I am not trying the People's case.

All I'm saying is that it wasn't made, the Molineux application wasn't made, and I don't believe the reference to -- well, there's some question now as to the reference to the wallet being taken and benefits, Welfare benefits being utilized by the defendant; isn't that true?

MS. CHU: No, there is no allegation as to that. What happens, she in her own statement says, I take his Welfare card. She admits that in her statement to the police officers, that she took the card but she denies using it. So what I was planning on doing was submitting the EBT records for Mr. Wilson's card to show that after the date of November 29th, 2011 her phone use, her phone numbers and EBT where she frequented was being used.

THE COURT: Frequented? She goes to Welfare?

MS. CHU: To different places to use her EBT

card than the victim would go. So the victim --

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Proceeding

THE COURT: But the EBT card was used post? MS. CHU: I am not making an allegation that she was the one that did it. After he died, that EBT card was not used at his usual locations, it was now being used in areas where she used to frequent. MR. WALENSKY: It's prejudicial. It's the only stores in the neighborhood. She said she went to the woman's house and left the wallet and the woman very well --THE COURT: Then what I would suggest is that if you want me to give a curative charge to the jury, I will, regarding those items. If you will have one tomorrow, I'll look at it and I will indicate to the jury she's not being charged with any crime other than this crime and they are not to take into consideration that, the testimony regarding those items, all right, have no bearing on her guilt or innocence. All right, tomorrow. (Whereupon, the trial was adjourned to July 1, 2014.) ********** CERTIFIED TO BE A TRUE AND ACCURATE TRANSCRIPT OF THE ORIGINAL STENOGRAPHIC MINUTES TAKEN OF THIS PROCEEDING.

Senior Court Reporter